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Chevron 2020 Investor Presentation

February 2020

Cautionary statement

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELEVANT TO FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This presentation of Chevron Corporation contains forward-looking statements relating to Chevron's operations that are based on management's current expectations, estimates and projections about the petroleum, chemicals and other energy-related industries. Words or phrases such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "targets," "forecasts," "projects," "believes," "seeks," "schedules," "estimates," "positions," "pursues," "may," "could," "should," "will," "budgets," "outlook," "trends," "guidance," "focus," "on schedule," "on track," "is slated," "goals," "objectives," "strategies," "opportunities," "poised," and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the company's control and are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Unless legally required, Chevron undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are: changing crude oil and natural gas prices; changing refining, marketing and chemicals margins; the company's ability to realize anticipated cost savings and efficiencies associated with enterprise transformation initiatives; actions of competitors or regulators; timing of exploration expenses; timing of crude oil liftings; the competitiveness of alternate-energy sources or product substitutes; technological developments; the results of operations and financial condition of the company's suppliers, vendors, partners and equity affiliates, particularly during extended periods of low prices for crude oil and natural gas; the inability or failure of the company's joint-venture partners to fund their share of operations and development activities; the potential failure to achieve expected net production from existing and future crude oil and natural gas development projects; potential delays in the development, construction or start-up of planned projects; the potential disruption or interruption of the company's operations due to war, accidents, political events, civil unrest, severe weather, cyber threats and terrorist acts, crude oil production guotas or other actions that might be imposed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other producing countries, or other natural or human causes beyond the company's control; changing economic, regulatory and political environments in the various countries in which the company operates; general domestic and international economic and political conditions; the potential liability for remedial actions or assessments under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation; significant operational, investment or product changes required by existing or future environmental statutes and regulations, including international agreements and national or regional legislation and regulatory measures to limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions; the potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation; the company's future acquisitions or dispositions of assets or shares or the delay or failure of such transactions to close based on required closing conditions; the potential for gains and losses from asset dispositions or impairments; government-mandated sales, divestitures, recapitalizations, industry-specific taxes, tariffs, sanctions, changes in fiscal terms or restrictions on scope of company operations; foreign currency movements compared with the U.S. dollar; material reductions in corporate liquidity and access to debt markets; the effects of changed accounting rules under generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by rule-setting bodies; the company's ability to identify and mitigate the risks and hazards inherent in operating in the global energy industry; and the factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" on pages 18 through 21 of the company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Other unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this presentation could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements.

Certain terms, such as "unrisked resources," "unrisked resource base," "recoverable resources," and "oil in place," among others, may be used in this presentation to describe certain aspects of the company's portfolio and oil and gas properties beyond the proved reserves. For definitions of, and further information regarding, these and other terms, see the "Glossary of Energy and Financial Terms" on pages 54 through 55 of the company's 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report and available at chevron.com. As used in this presentation, the term "project" may describe new upstream development activity, including phases in a multiphase development, maintenance activities, certain existing assets, new investments in downstream and chemicals capacity, investment in emerging and sustainable energy activities, and certain other activities. All of these terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of the term "project" as it relates to any specific government law or regulation.

As used in this presentation, the term "Chevron" and such terms as "the company," "the corporation," "our," "we," "us," and "its" may refer to Chevron Corporation, one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries, or to all of them taken as a whole. All of these terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate companies, each of which manages its own affairs.



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Corporate overview

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MARA



Positioned to win in any environment

Advantaged portfolio delivers strong cash flow

Unmatched balance sheet and low breakeven

Disciplined, returns-driven capital allocation

Superior cash returns to shareholders

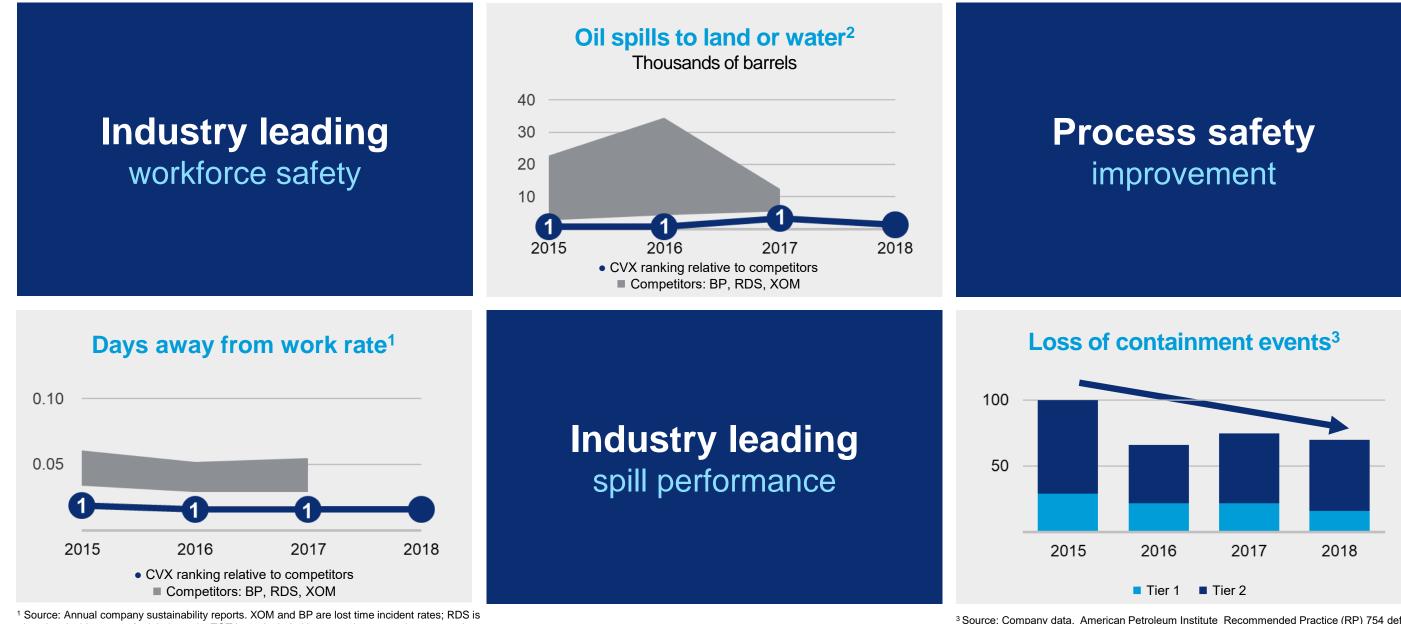
Chevron repositioned to deliver long-term value







Leading operational excellence

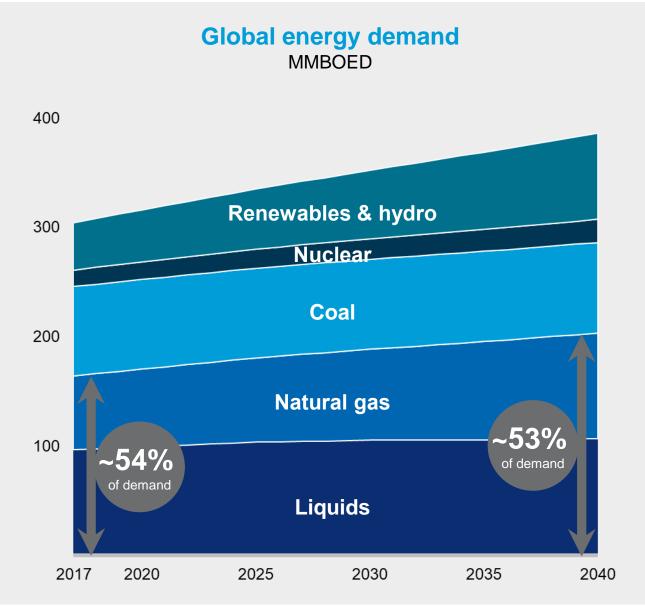


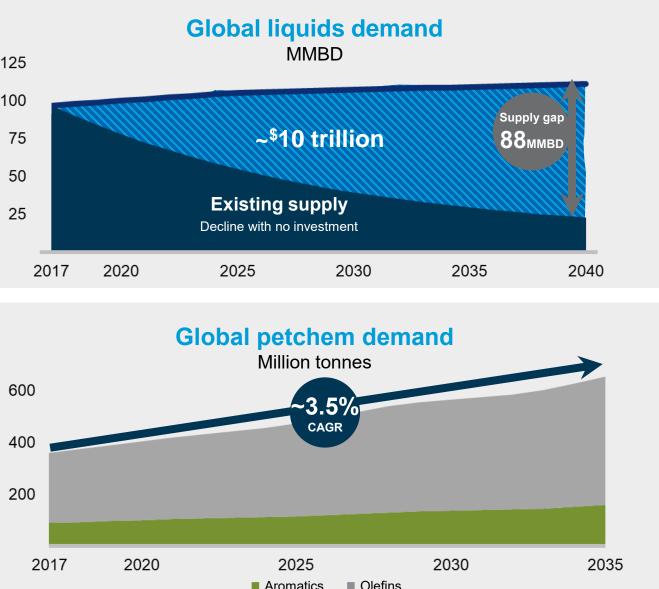
lost time incident rates for injuries only; TOT is not included in competitor range due to reporting differences.

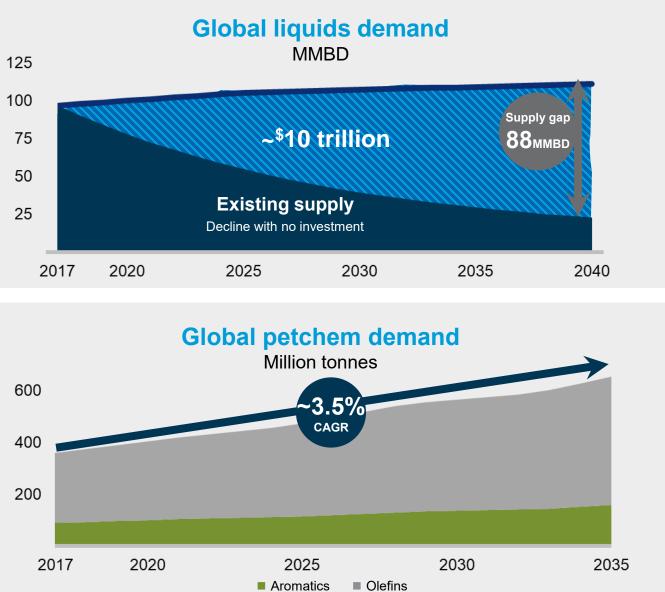
² Source: Annual company sustainability reports. Oil spills greater than one barrel (excluding secondary containment). Includes sabotage events. TOT is not included in competitor range due to reporting differences. When needed, units converted to thousand bbl.

³ Source: Company data. American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice (RP) 754 defines Tier 1 loss-of-primary-containment (LOPC) incident as an unplanned or uncontrolled release of any material, including non-toxic and nonflammable materials from a process that results in an injury, shelter in place or evacuation, fire, or material release that meets the thresholds as defined in RP 754. A Tier 2 process safety event is an LOPC with lesser consequence.

Growing demand for our products







Source: IEA New Policies Scenario, World Energy Outlook 2018

Source: Nexant, Inc. Medium Oil Scenario; Olefin demand data as of April / May 2018; Aromatics data as of Sep / Oct 2018

Source: IEA New Policies Scenario, World Energy Outlook 2018

Advantaged portfolio a key differentiator



Leading adjusted EPB \$14.451

7.4% production growth

Unit production cost ~^{\$10.50/BOE²}

Note: Actual numbers on the slide pertain to 2018.

¹ Adjusted Earnings Per Barrel (EPB) – See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures. Source: Public information presented on a consistent basis and Chevron estimates. Excludes special items.



Leading adjusted EPB \$2.661

Highest complexity refinery system (NCI: 12.7)

Growing petchem position with advantaged feedstock (>80% ethane)³

Nelson Complexity Index (NCI) source: Oil and Gas Journal ² Production costs per barrel sourced from Supplemental Information on Oil and Gas Producing Activities in Form 10-K, 20-F. Includes production expense, non-income taxes, and other income/expense. Excludes asset sales gains, LNG liquefaction, transportation and other non-oil & gas activities reported under the upstream segment. Includes affiliates. ³ Ethane feedstock percentage reflects CPChem worldwide ethylene production.



2019 Performance

Cash flow	Generated >\$27B in cash flow from operations
Capital budget	Executed \$20B organic C&E program
Production	Grew production 5.4%, excluding impact from asset sales
Asset sales	High-graded portfolio; before-tax asset sale proceeds of \$2.8B
Debt	Lowered net debt ratio to 13%
Dividends	Increased dividend by \$0.10/share (8.4%) in 1Q20
Share repurchases	Increased share repurchases to \$5B per year run-rate
FGP/WPMP execution	Announced ~25% cost increase



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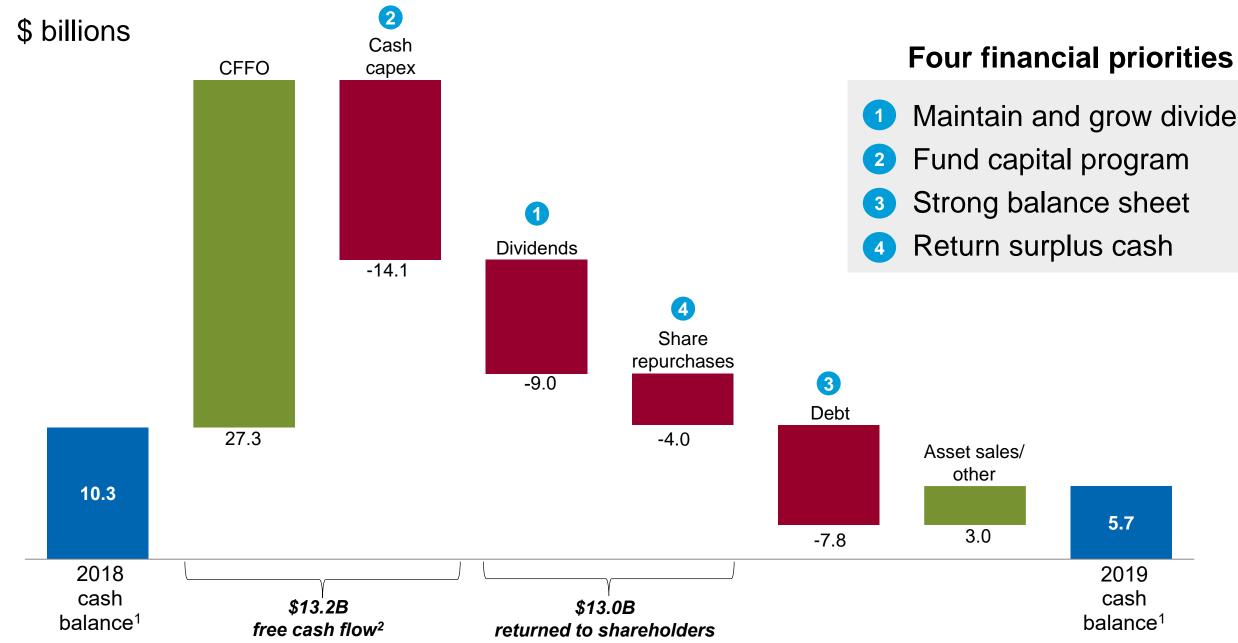
Financial highlights

	4Q19	2019	
Earnings	\$(6.6) billion	\$2.9 billion	
Earnings per diluted share	\$(3.51)	\$1.54	
Earnings / EPS (excluding special items and FX) ¹	\$2.8 billion / \$1.49	\$11.9 billion / \$6.27	
Cash flow from operations / excl. working capital ¹	\$5.7 billion / \$5.3 billion	\$27.3 billion / \$25.8 billion	
Total C&E / Organic C&E	\$6.0 billion / \$5.6 billion	\$21.0 billion / \$20.2 billion	
ROCE / ROCE (excluding special items and FX) ¹		2.0% / 6.9%	
Dividends paid	\$2.2 billion	\$9.0 billion	
Share repurchases	\$1.25 billion	\$4.0 billion	
Debt ratio / Net debt ratio ²		16% / 13%	
Reconciliation of special items, FX, and other non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix.		debt ratio is defined as debt less cash equivalents, mark osits divided by debt less cash equivalents, marketable	



securities and time deposits plus stockholders' equity.

Delivering on all four financial priorities 2019 vs. 2018



¹ Includes cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities, and time deposits. Excludes restricted cash.

² Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less cash capital expenditures.

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

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Maintain and grow dividend

5.7

2019 cash balance¹

Appendix: looking ahead

	1Q2020 outlook	Full-year 2020	
Upstream	Turnarounds: ~10 MBOED	Production growth (excl. asset sal TCO co-lending:	
Downstream	Refinery turnarounds: \$(100) - (200)MM A/T earnings		
Corporate	Dividend increase of \$0.10/share	Organic C&E: "Other" segment earnings: Distributions less affiliate income: B/T asset sales proceeds: Working capital: Share repurchases: <u>Sensitivities:</u> \$450MM cash flow per \$1 change \$400MM A/T earnings per \$1 char	



outlook

ales): 0 - 3% ~\$2B

> \$20B ~\$(2.5)B ~\$(2)B \$2 - 3B ~\$0 \$5B

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Upside leverage and downside resilience



Shareholder returns through the price cycle





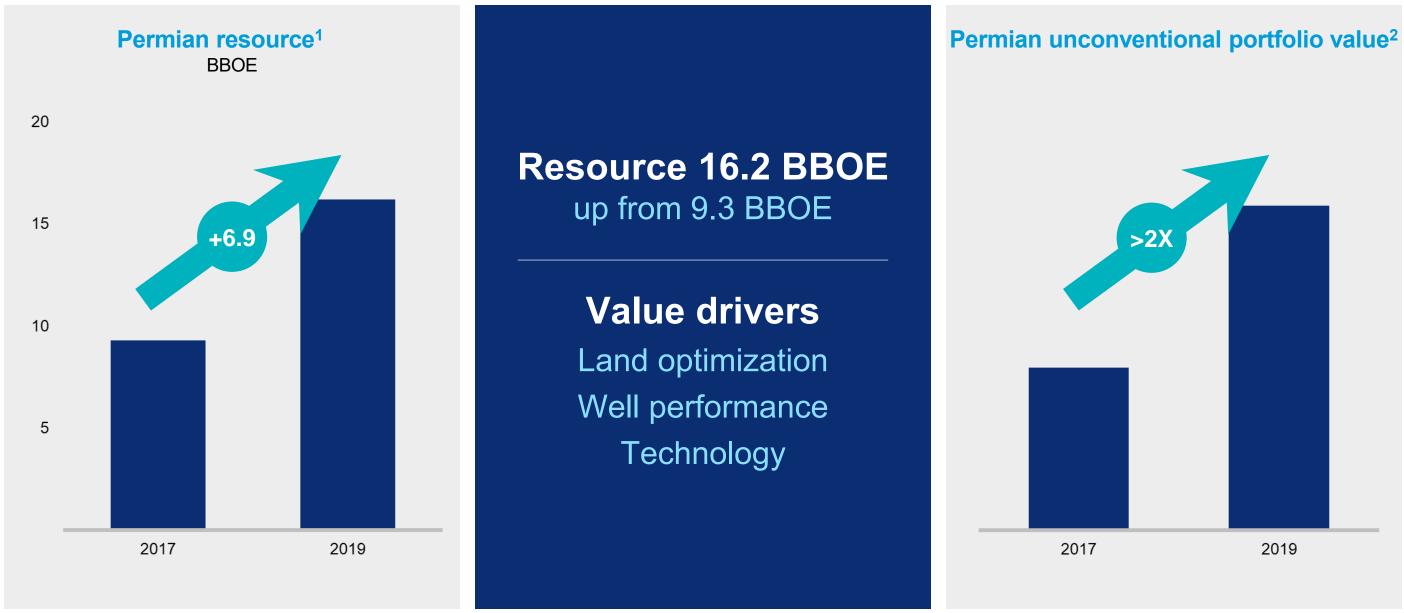
Strong reserves replacement





Source: Public information presented on a consistent basis and Chevron estimates.

Permian value has more than doubled

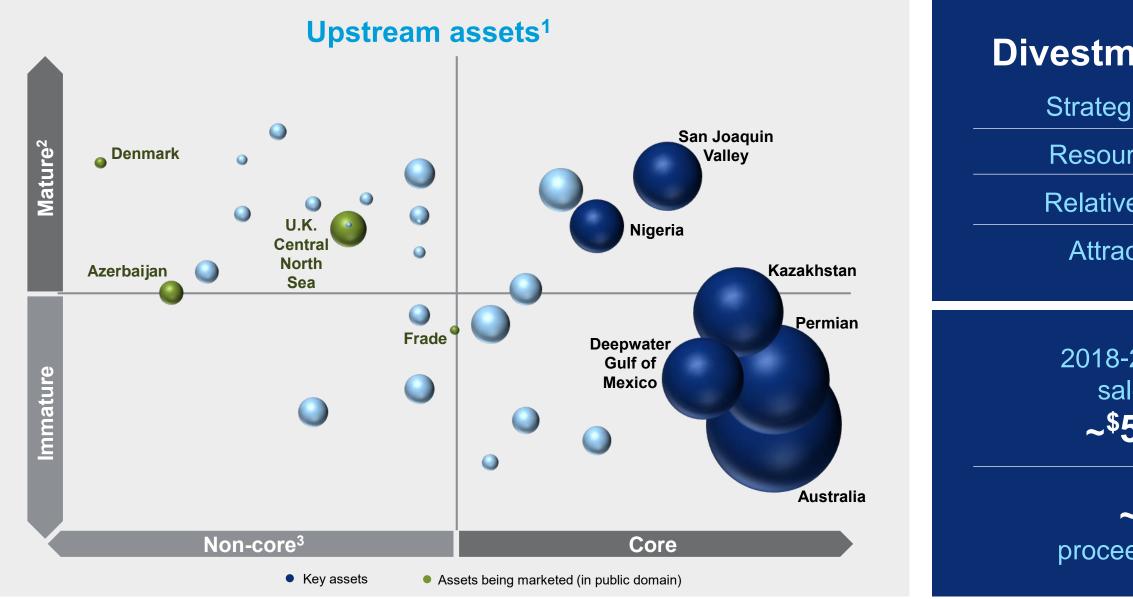


¹ Net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report. "Permian" resource refers to Permian Basin.

Value of portfolio determined using (assumptions for 2017 and 2019.

 $^{2}\,\mbox{Value}$ of portfolio determined using Chevron internal methodology and the same price

Portfolio high-grading continues



¹ Wood Mackenzie: Bubble Size - Remaining NPV10. The present value of approximated cash inflows minus outflows discounted using a yearly discount rate of 10%.



² Wood Mackenzie: Immature / Mature – Remaining Reserves / Total Recoverable Reserves. Total Recoverable less Production = Remaining Reserves. Wood Mackenzie then assigns ranking 1 (just discovered) to 20 (~95% produced) to each asset.

³ Wood Mackenzie: Non-core / Core – Low external activity / upside, announced sale, low remaining NPV, assigned ranking 1-10 and essential to Chevron strategy, external activity / upside potential, high remaining NPV, assigned ranking 10-20.

Divestment criteria

- Strategic alignment
- Resource potential
- Relative economics
 - Attractive value

2018-2020 asset sale target ~\$5-\$10B

~^{\$}2B proceeds in 2018

Best positioned for price uncertainty

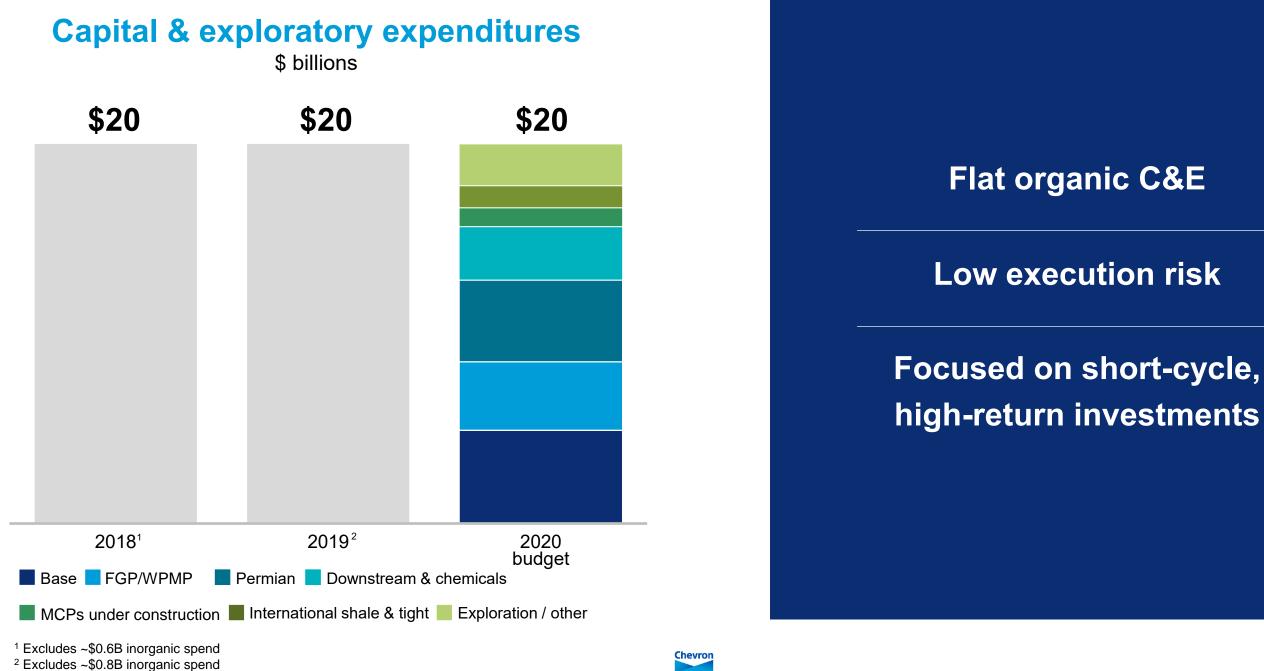


¹ As of 12/31/2018. Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and time deposits divided by debt less cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and time deposits plus stockholders' equity.



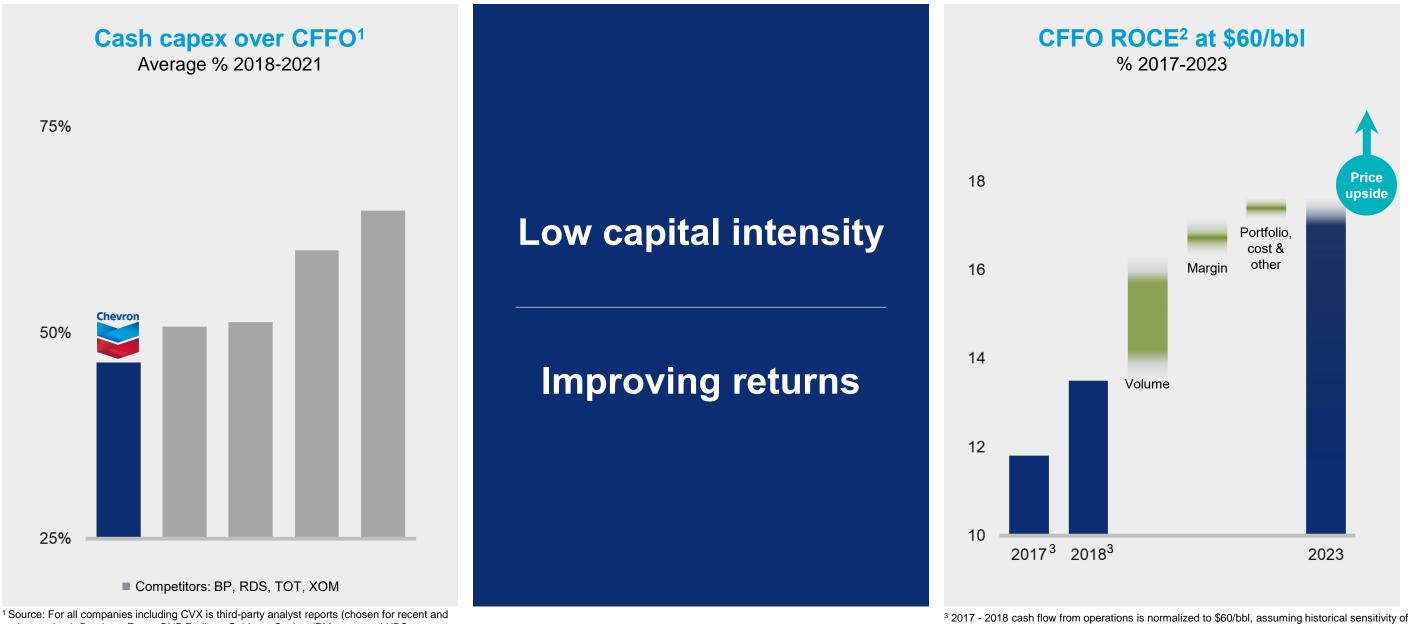
² Source: Wood Mackenzie Corporate Benchmarking Tool (Q4 2018) - reflects estimate of the Brent oil price required for a company to end a year with the same net-debt position as it started (cash flow neutral). Includes downstream cash flow, full corporate costs and distributions, buybacks, and exceptional items (asset sales, M&A, Macondo cash payments, other).

Disciplined and ratable C&E program



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Efficient capital deployment generates superior returns



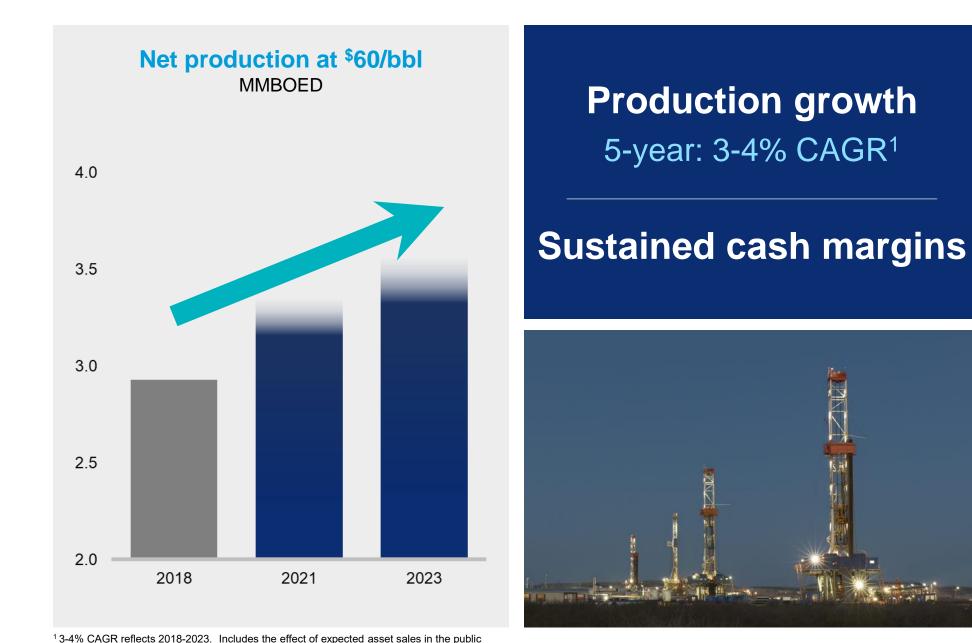
relevant data): Barclays, Exane BNP Paribas, Goldman Sachs, JPMorgan, and UBS. ² Source: Public information and Chevron internal estimates. "CFFO ROCE" is cash flow from operations return on capital employed; this metric is defined as cash generated from operations as a % of average annual capital employed. © 2019 Chevron Corporation



\$350MM cash flow impact per \$1/bbl change in Brent price for 2017 and \$450MM cash flow impact per \$1/bbl change in Brent price for 2018. Note: \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.



Growing upstream cash generation



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20

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2018 est

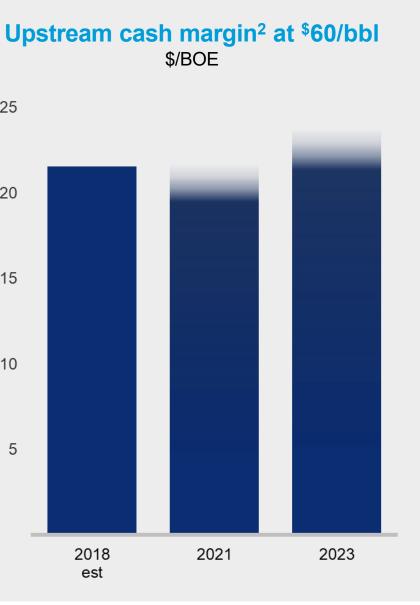
² Upstream cash margin is an operating measure. Estimated after-tax upstream cash flow from operations margin based on Chevron's internal analysis. 2018 cash flow from operations is normalized to \$60/bbl, assuming historical sensitivity of \$450MM cash flow impact per \$1/bbl change in Brent price.

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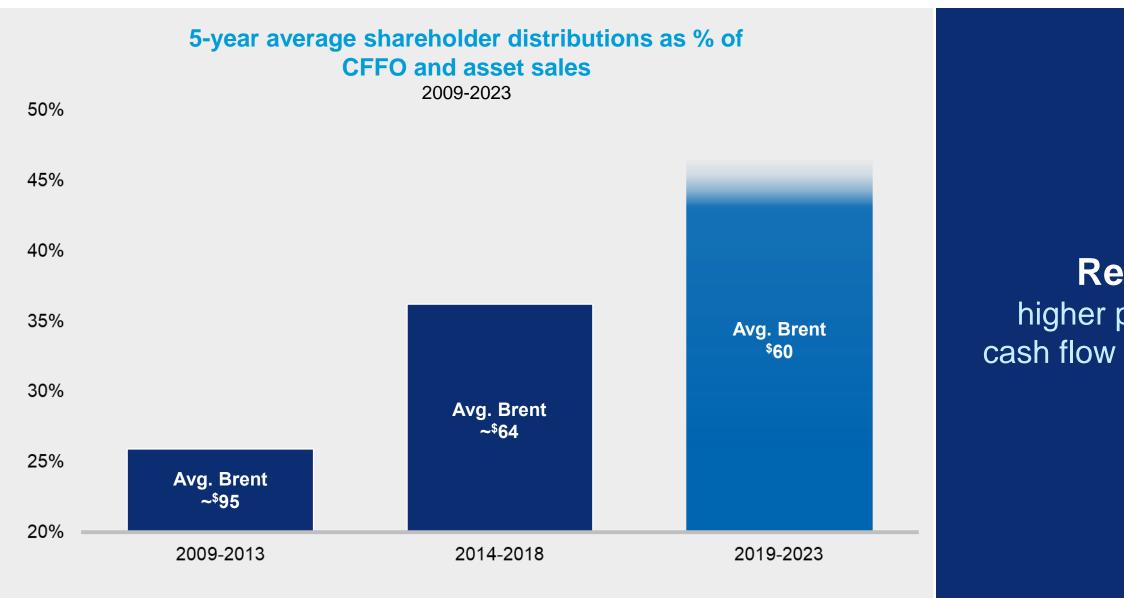
price forecast.

domain. Range factors: PZ and Venezuela, asset sales, other

Note: \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's



Returning more cash to shareholders

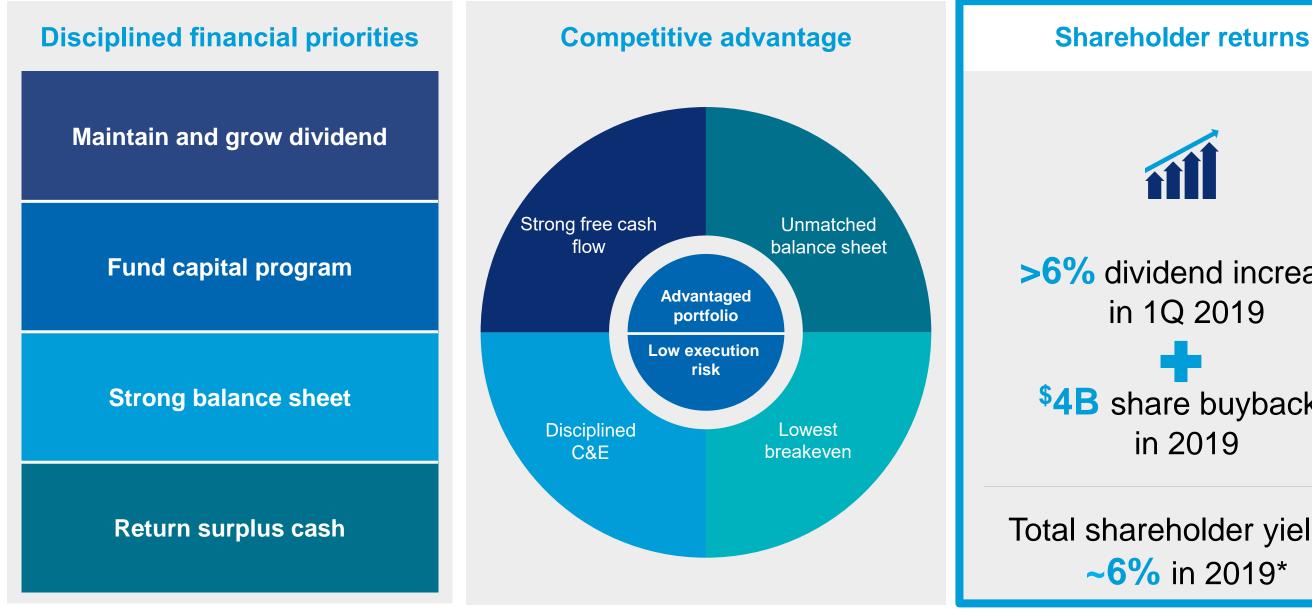


Note: \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.



Returning higher percentage of cash flow to shareholders

Chevron offers a winning value proposition







>6% dividend increase in 1Q 2019

^{\$}4B share buybacks in 2019

Total shareholder yield of ~6% in 2019*

share price forecast

* Total shareholder yield calculated as total dividend + buyback payments divided by market capitalization. Share price assumed in calculation is not necessarily indicative of Chevron's Chevron

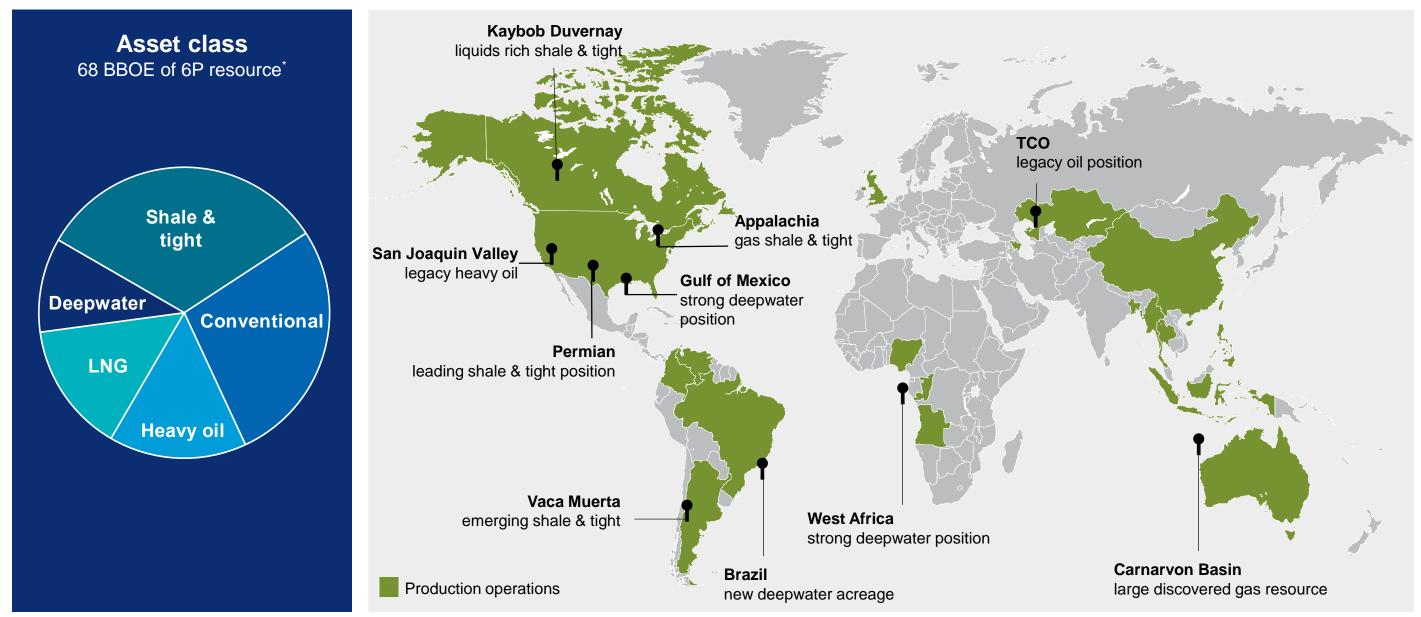
human energy^{*}

Upstream overview

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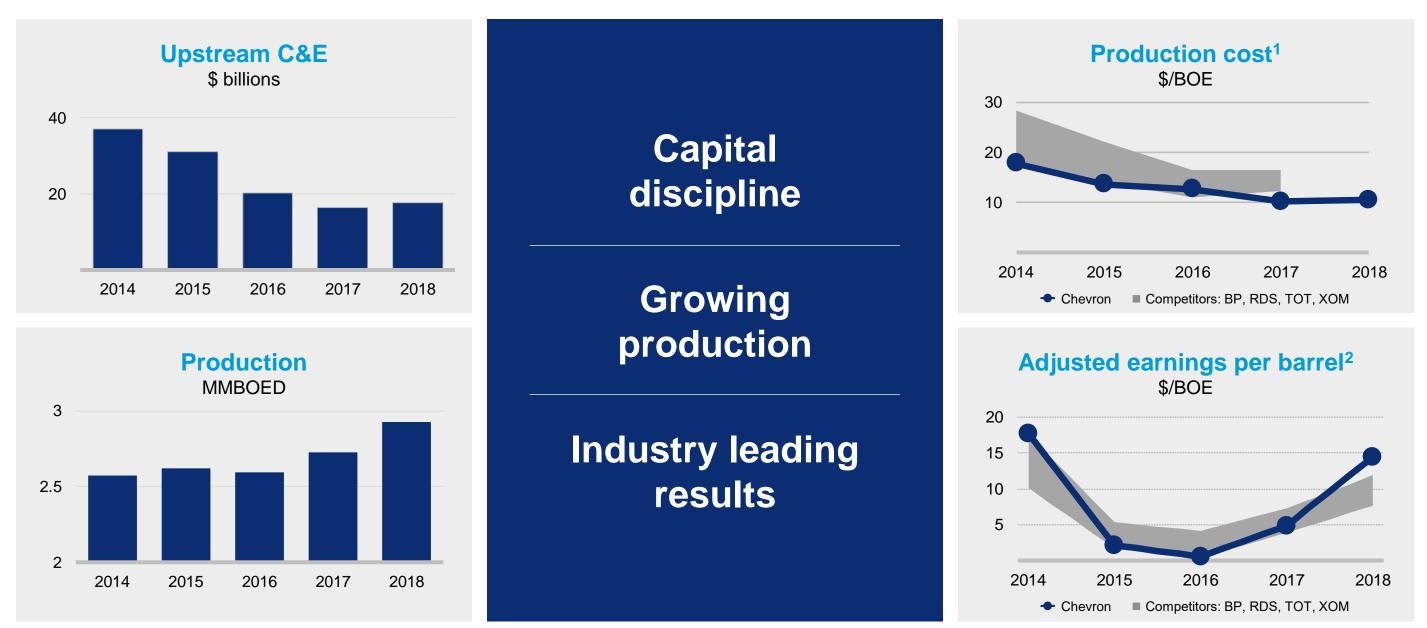
Diverse and advantaged portfolio



*2018 net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report.



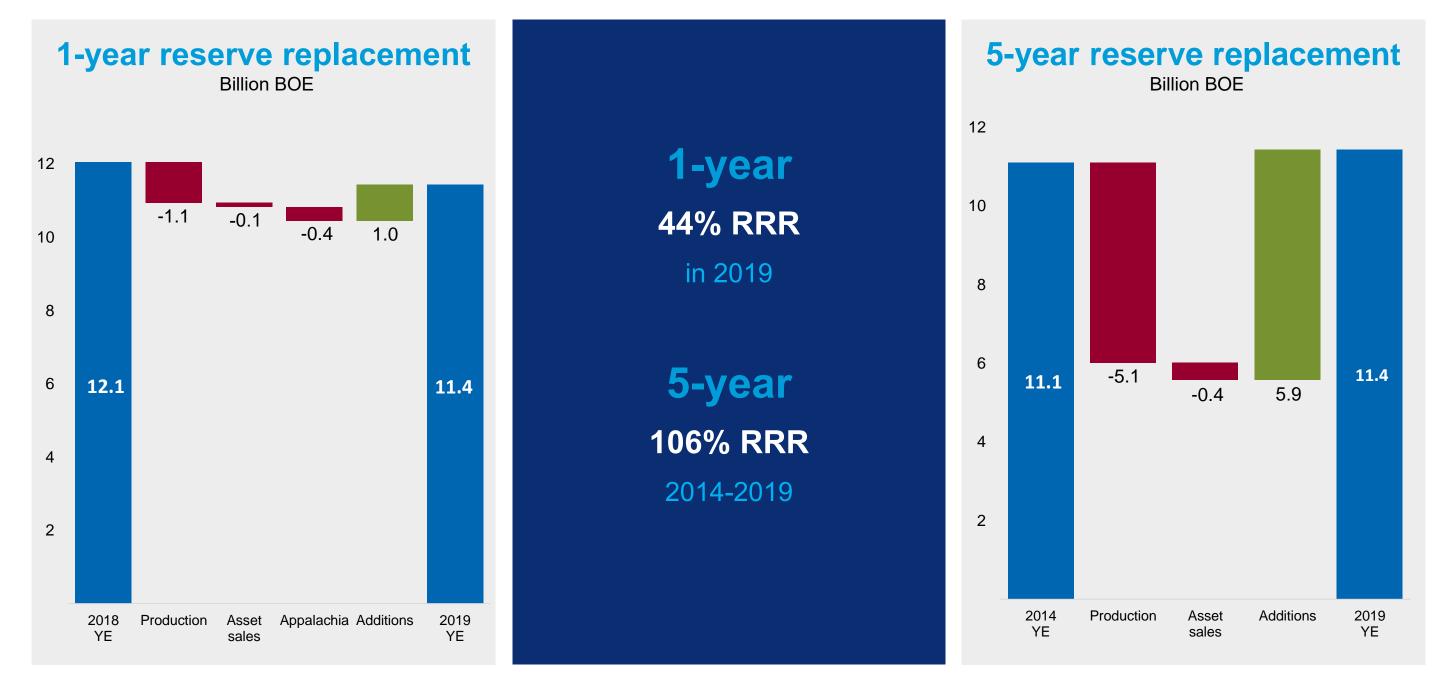
Industry leading performance



¹ Production costs per barrel sourced from Supplemental Information on Oil and Gas Producing Activities in Form 10-K, 20-F. Includes production expense, non-income taxes, and other income/expense. Excludes asset sales gains, LNG liquefaction, transportation and other nonoil & gas activities reported under the upstream segment. Includes affiliates ² Source: Public information presented on a consistent basis and Chevron estimates. Excludes special items. See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures. 3



Sustaining proven reserves

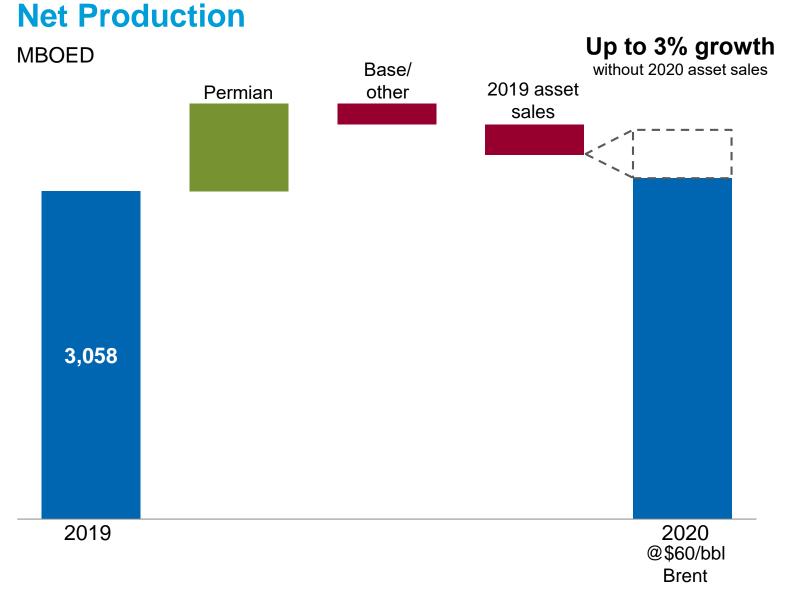


Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



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2020 Production outlook



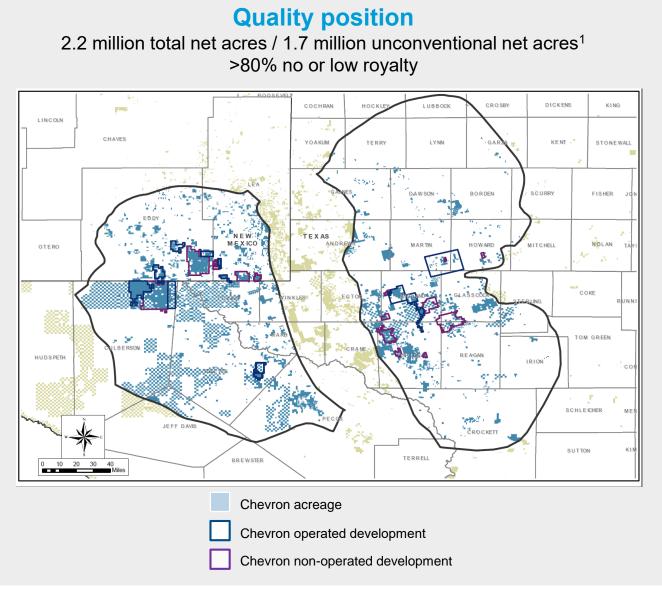
Note: \$60/bbl nominal Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.



2020 Uncertainties

PZ Venezuela **NOJV** activity levels **External events**

Permian...bigger resource, better value



¹Net acres are net mineral acres

Portfolio value increased >2X² since 2017

Resource increased ~5 BBOE³ in 2018

1,600 additional long laterals from 2017-2018 acreage transactions

> **Continuing to core-up** development areas

> > ² Portfolio value: Value of portfolio determined using Chevron internal methodology and the same price assumptions for 2017 and 2019. ³Net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report.



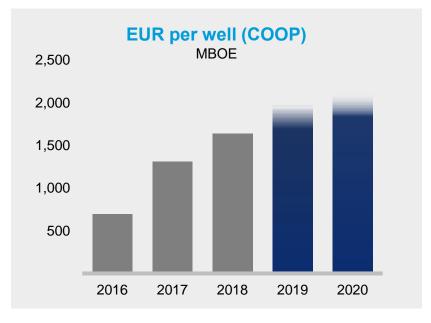
Driving value in the Permian

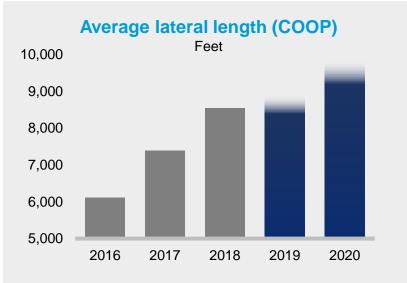


wells put on production during the year. Type curves represent the expected value cumulative production forecast for all wells completed in a given basin in a given year.

three-stream expected ultimate recovery (EUR) BOE. Operating costs are \$/BOE, net operating costs and net 3-stream production. Three-stream production refers to oil/condensate, dry gas, and NGL production.

Optimizing the Permian factory Capital efficient execution



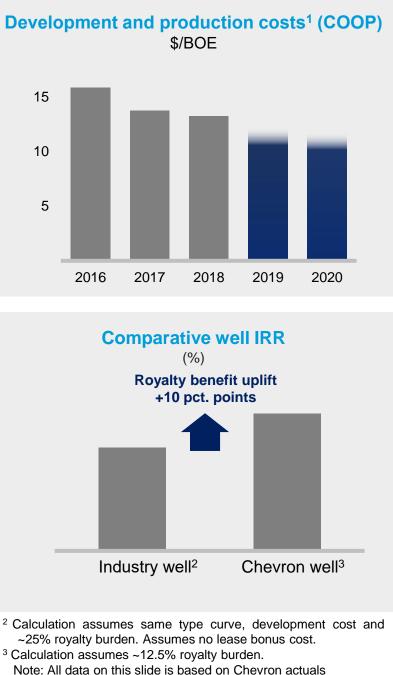




¹ 2016-2020 total costs per BOE are calculated as the sum of operating costs per BOE produced plus development costs per BOE expected ultimate recovery (EUR) for wells put on production 2016-2020. Development costs are \$/BOE, gross capital excluding G&A and gross three-stream EUR BOE. Operating costs are \$/BOE, net operating costs and net three-stream production. Three-stream production refers to oil/condensate, dry gas, and NGL production.

and Chevron outlook estimates.

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Strong Permian financial performance

Building a high-return business while growing free cash flow



All results are normalized to 2019 Security Analyst Meeting (SAM) prices.

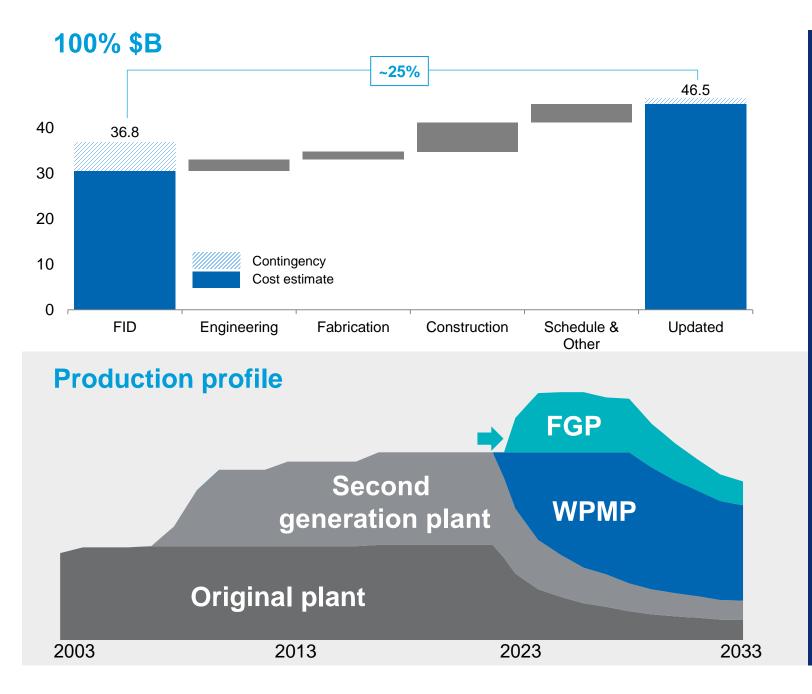
¹ Free cash flow is defined as estimated cash flow from operations less cash capital expenditures. ²Capital employed calculation is based on PP&E less estimated liabilities.







Updated FGP/WPMP cost & schedule



Cost estimate \$45.2 B

~25% cost increase

Primary drivers: engineering, quantities, unit rates & schedule

First oil from WPMP in late 2022 and FGP in mid-2023

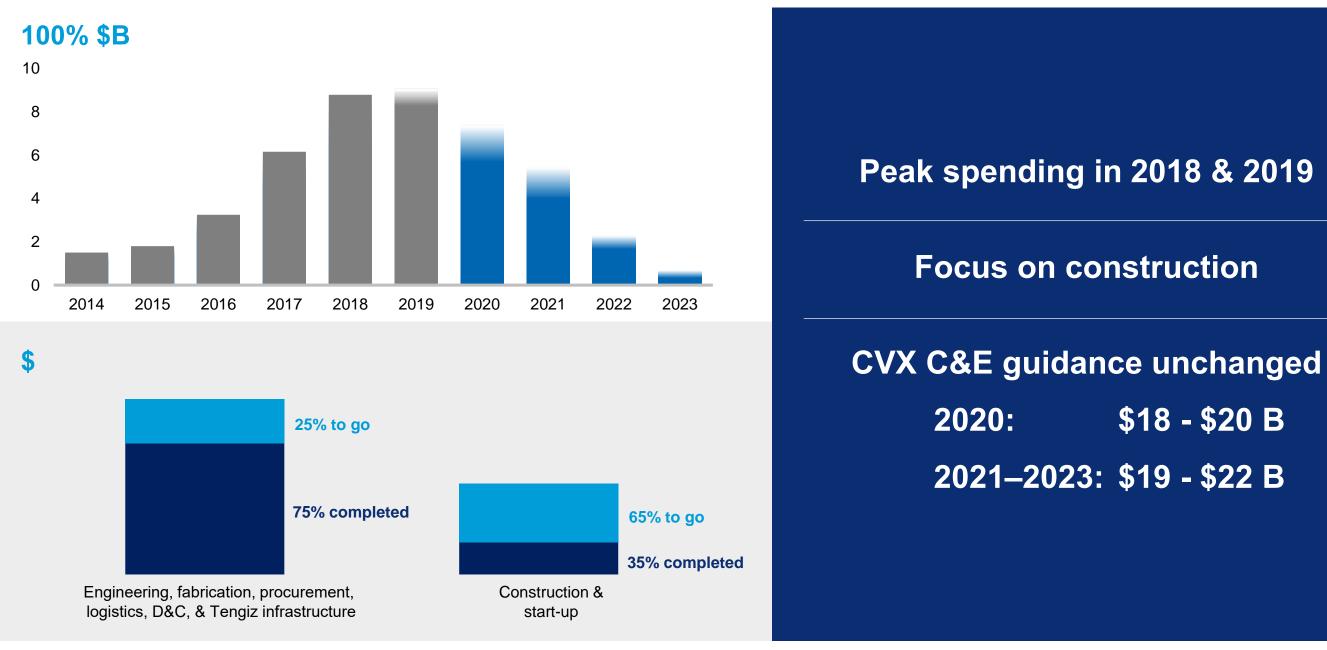
Note: CVX share of TCO is 50%.



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FGP/WPMP capital outlook



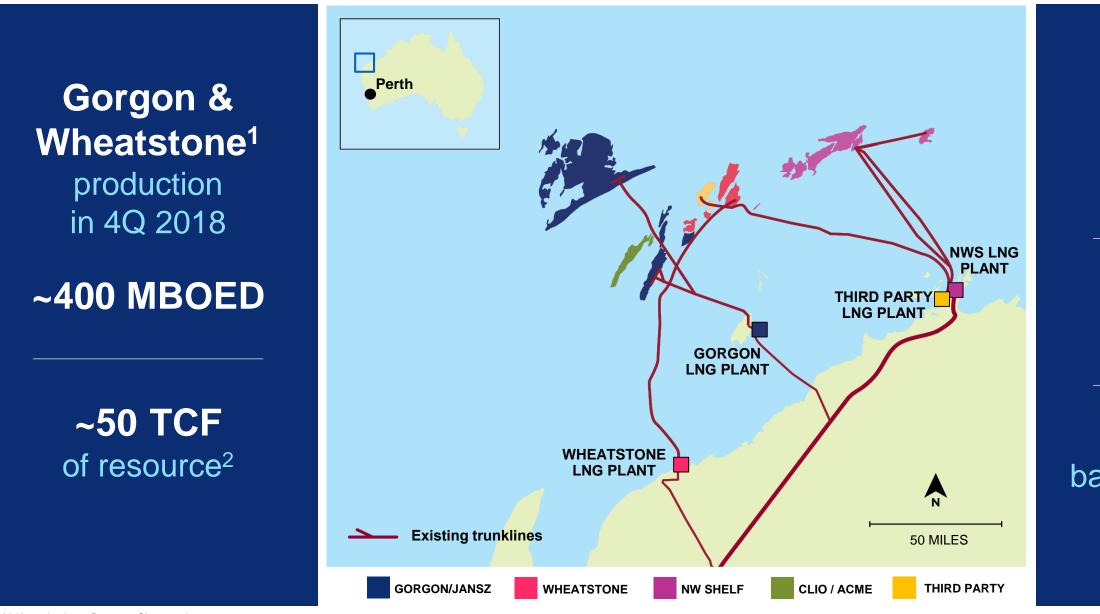
Note: CVX share of TCO is 50%.



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- \$18 \$20 B

Capital efficient resource monetization in Australia



¹4Q 2018 production reflects net Chevron share.

² 2018 net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report.

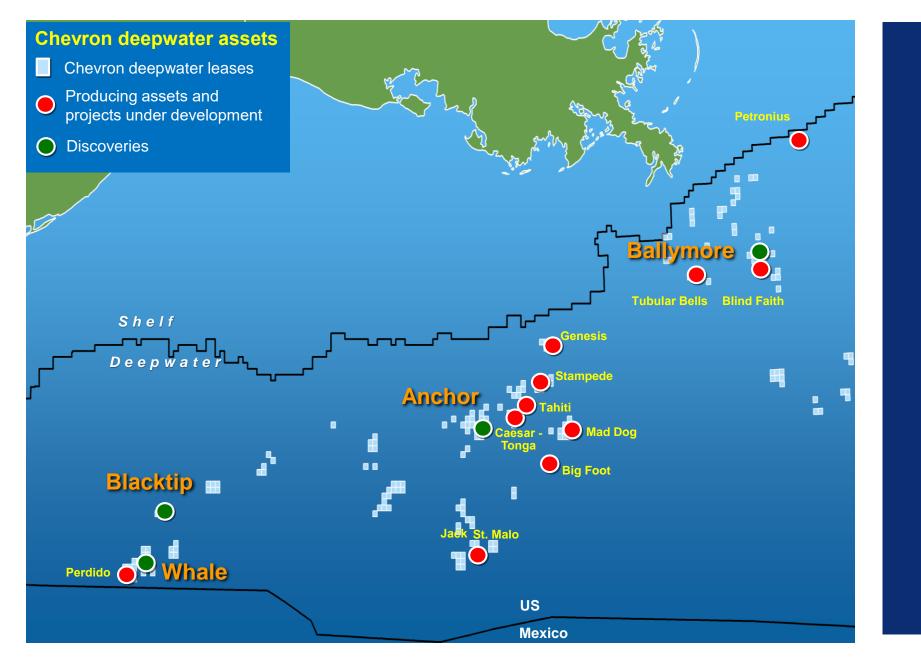


Maintain reliability

Increase capacity

Leverage basin infrastructure

Advancing our Gulf of Mexico deepwater portfolio **Attractive investment opportunities**



Exploration • Blacktip discovery

Appraisal • Whale & Ballymore

FEED

• Anchor

Under construction

• Mad Dog 2

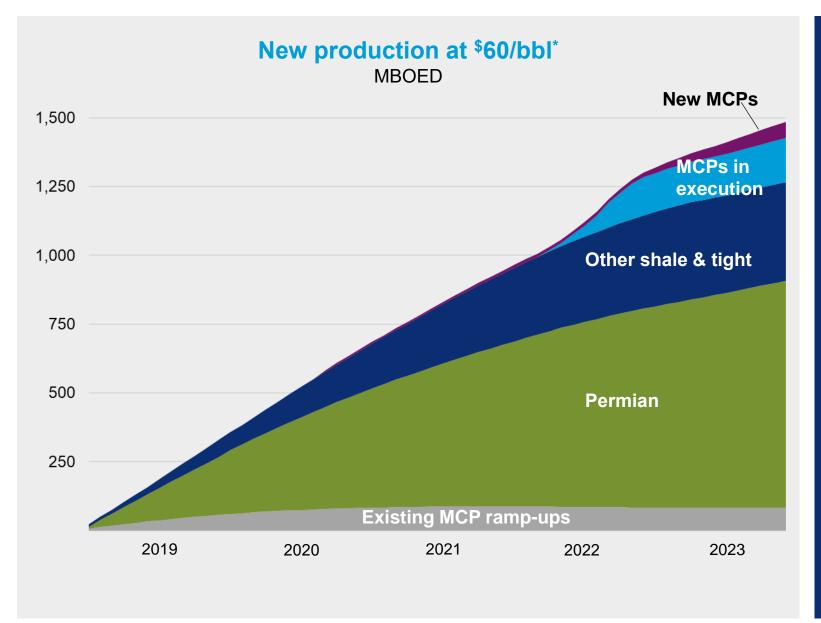
Ramping-up • Big Foot

Brownfield developments • Jack St. Malo & others





Positioned for organic growth with lower risk



Note: \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

~1.5 MMBOED by year-end 2023

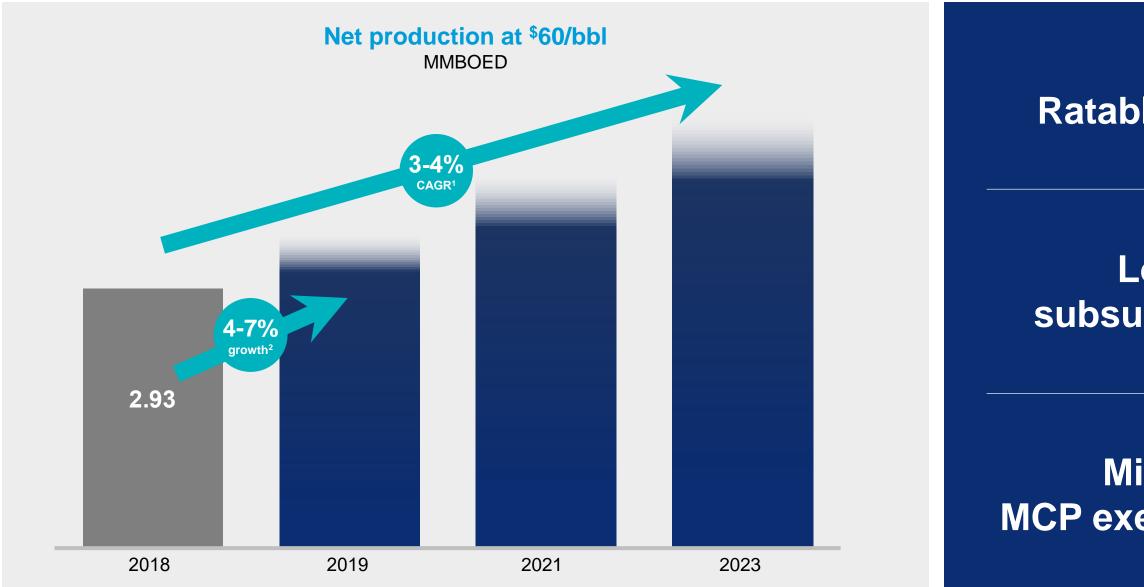
Primarily lower risk and short-cycle

^{*} Oil price assumption reflects Brent crude. Projected production reflects net Chevron share of production from new investments and does not include existing production and any changes to that existing production that may occur such as brownfield project investment, decline, asset sales and contract expiration. Other shale & tight includes: Vaca Muerta, Kaybob Duvernay, Appalachia, other. Existing MCP ramp-ups includes: Clair Ridge. Big Foot, Hebron, Stampede and Sonam. MCPs in execution includes: Mad Dog 2, FGP/WPMP. New MCPs includes: Anchor, Whale, Ballymore, other.



Five-year production guidance

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¹ 3-4% CAGR reflects 2018-2023. Includes the effect of expected asset sales in the public domain. Range factors: PZ and Venezuela, asset sales, and other.

² 4-7% reflects production growth 2018-2019. Excludes the effect of 2019 asset sales.

Note: \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

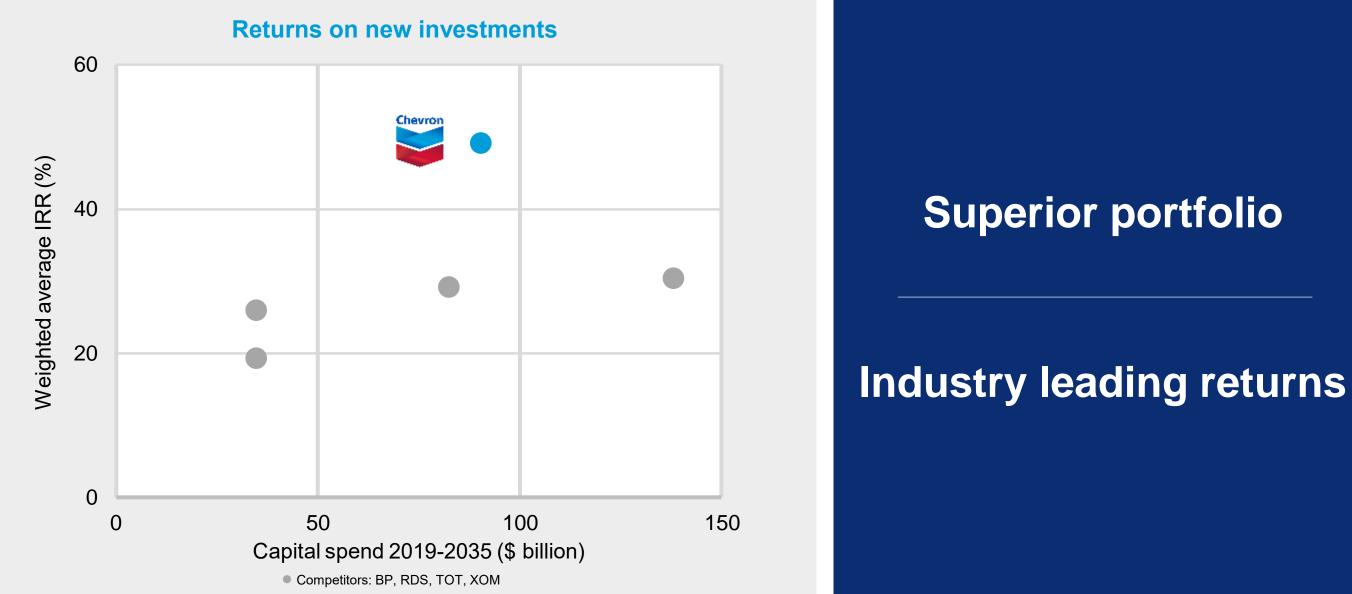
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Ratable growth

Lower subsurface risk

Minimal MCP execution risk

High return new investments



Source: Wood Mackenzie 4Q18 Corporate Benchmarking Tool. New investments comprises future wells in the U.S. lower 48 and fields which are under development and probable development. The metric does not include investment in fields which are already onstream and newfield developments that fall under tax ring fences which are already onstream.

Delivering results

Sustainable portfolio

Ratable C&E

Lower-risk, short-cycle production growth

Industry leading returns

Growing cash flow



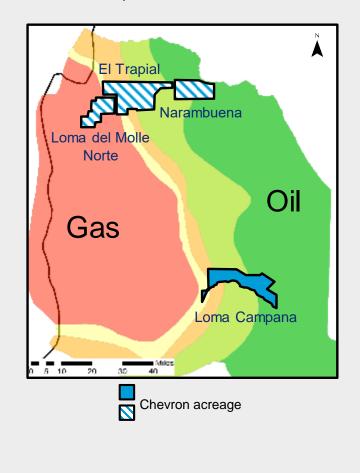


Upstream appendix Vaca Muerta / Kaybob Duvernay



Vaca Muerta

Quality position ~210,000 net acres¹



0.4 BBOE resource² in Loma Campana

Three prospective development areas with ~2 BBOE potential resource

60-70 horizontal wells planned in 2019

New development areas

³8/8ths expected ultimate recovery. ⁴ Development costs are \$/BOE, gross capital excluding G&A and gross three-stream expected ultimate recovery (EUR) BOE. ⁵ Gross well locations at breakeven <\$50/bbl Brent

¹ Net acres are net mineral acres.

² 2018 net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report.



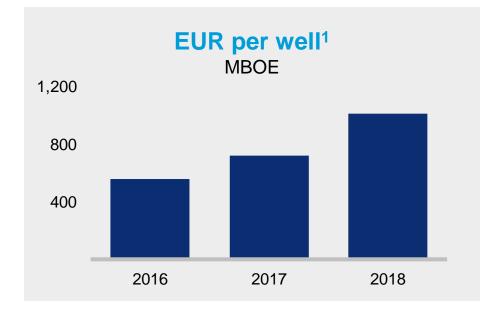
Loma Campana

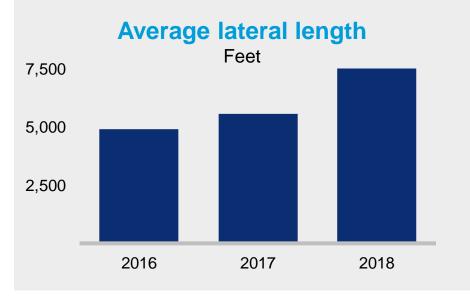
- 48,000 net acres¹
- EUR 1.0 MMBOE/well³
- Average well length 7,500 ft
- Development costs \$11/BOE⁴
- 500 potential well locations⁵

- 162,000 net acres
- Pilot programs in 2019

Potential for ~2,000 wells

Loma Campana performance – Vaca Muerta





Three shale and tight benches 20 15 Well EUR increased 80%² Well lateral length increased 50%² 10 Development cost decreased 45%^{2,3} 5 2019 focus on high density completions and improving frac efficiency 2016

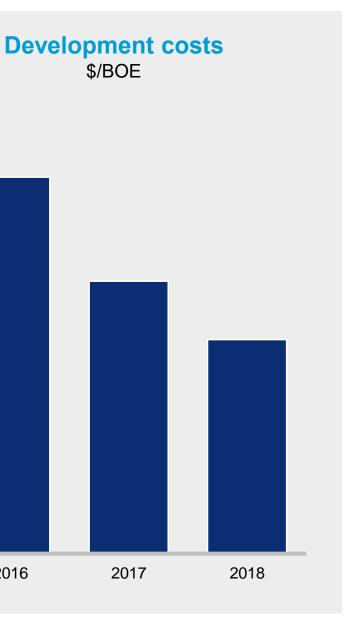
¹8/8ths expected ultimate recovery

² Well EUR, lateral length, and development cost changes reflect 2018 relative to 2016. EURs are average 8/8ths expected recoveries from wells drilled in year; lateral lengths are average drilled in year.

³ Development costs are \$/BOE, gross capital excluding G&A and gross three-stream expected ultimate recovery (EUR) BOE.

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El Trapial – Vaca Muerta

94,000 net acres¹

Legacy acreage from conventional field

Three shale and tight benches proven through exploration

Eight-well pilot

1,200 potential well locations²





¹ Net acres are net mineral acres.
 ² Gross well locations at breakeven <\$50/bbl Brent.

Narambuena – Vaca Muerta

25,000 net acres¹

Three shale and tight benches proven through exploration

Four-well pilot

600 potential well locations²

Adjacent to El Trapial



¹ Net acres are net mineral acres. ² Gross well locations at breakeven <\$50/bbl Brent.



Loma del Molle Norte – Vaca Muerta

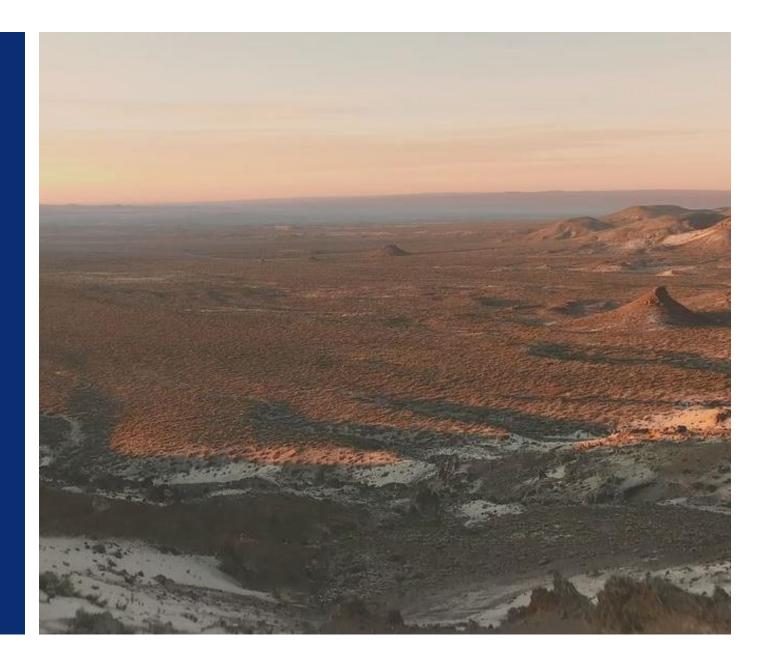
43,000 net acres¹

Acreage acquired in 2017

Exploration planned

150 potential well locations²

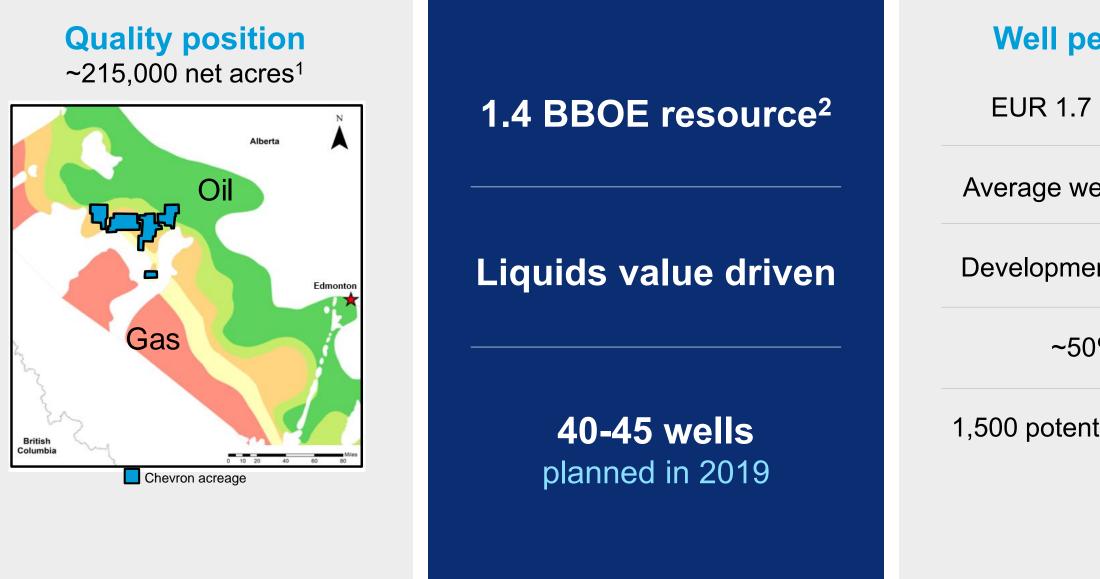
Adjacent to El Trapial



¹ Net acres are net mineral acres. ² Gross well locations at breakeven <\$50/bbl Brent.



Kaybob Duvernay



¹ Net acres are net mineral acres.

² 2018 net unrisked resource as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report.

Chevron

Well performance

EUR 1.7 MMBOE/well³

Average well length 8,300 ft

Development costs \$9/BOE⁴

~50% liquids

1,500 potential well locations⁵

 $^4\,\text{Development}$ costs are \$/BOE, gross capital excluding G&A and gross 3-stream expected

⁵ Gross well locations at breakeven <\$50/bbl WTI.

³8/8ths expected ultimate recovery.

ultimate recovery (EUR) BOE.

Kaybob Duvernay performance



¹8/8ths expected ultimate recovery.

² Net acres are net mineral acres.

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³ Well EUR, lateral length, and development cost changes reflect 2018 relative to 2016. EURs are average 8/8ths expected recoveries from wells drilled in year; lateral lengths are average drilled in year.

⁴ Development costs are \$/BOE, gross capital excluding G&A and gross three-stream expected ultimate recovery (EUR) BOE.

Kaybob Duvernay development

Began development drilling in 2018

Scalable based on market conditions

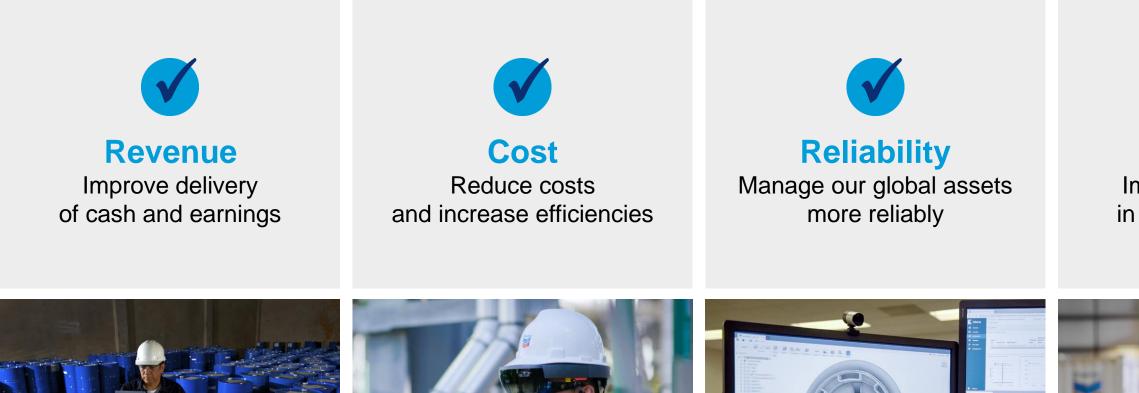
Flexible commercial infrastructure model

Local condensate market due to oil sands diluent demand





Digital innovation drives business value





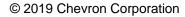
Business





Technology









Improve safeguards in high risk situations



Culture

Investing in a broader energy portfolio

Chevror

Future energy fund	GHG intensity reduction	Partnerships	
S.			
Seed funds for breakthrough technologies	Performance tied to compensation	Collaborative industry efforts; investment in technology	Lowe
EV charging station batteries Direct air capture of CO ₂ EV station network	2016-2023 Upstream oil net GHG emission intensity 5 – 10% Upstream natural gas net GHG emission intensity 2 – 5% Reduce flaring 25-30% Reduce methane emissions 20-25%	<section-header><section-header><section-header><text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header>	F Re Rene



Renewables



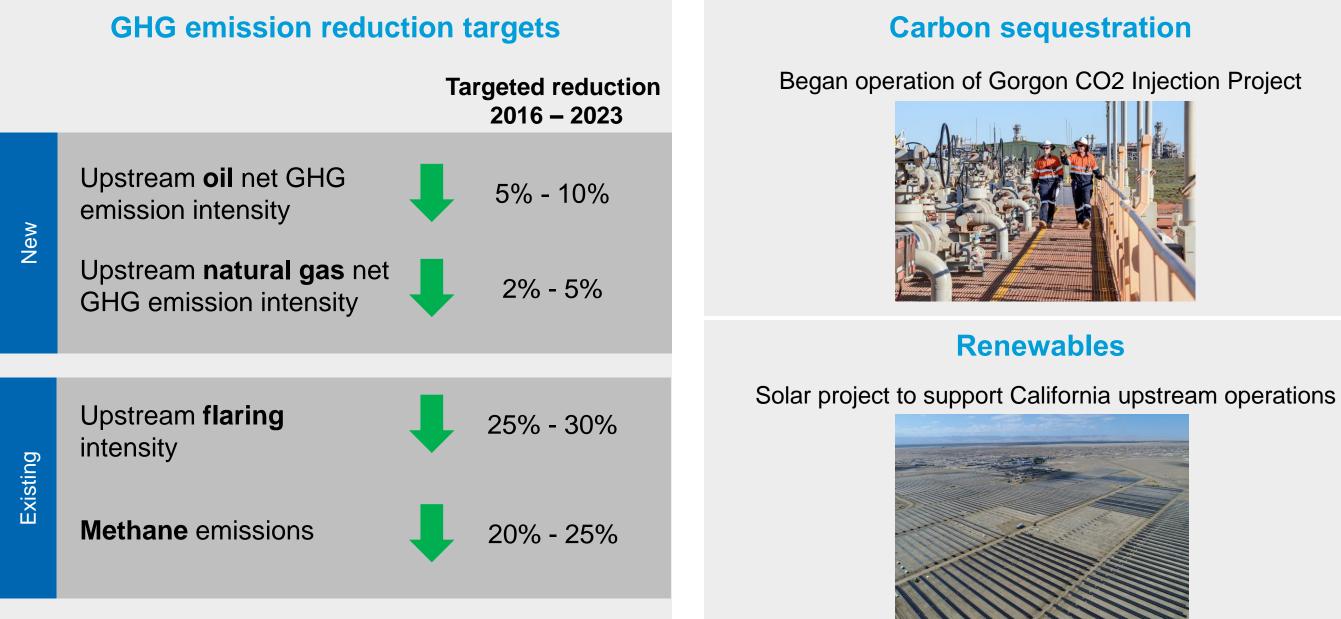
ering the carbon intensity of our operations

Renewable base oil

enewable diesel sales

ewable power purchase agreements

Lowering the carbon intensity





Results the right way





Human energy

vision

At the heart of The Chevron Way is our vision ... to be *the* global energy company most admired for it's people, partnership and performance.



The Chevron way

strategies

Our strategies guide our actions to deliver industry-leading results and superior shareholder value in any business environment.

values

Our company's foundation is built on our values, which distinguish us and guide our actions to deliver results



Chevron poised to deliver winning performance

Cash flow Advantaged **Production growth** portfolio with low execution risk expansion Grow 2018-2023 Updated C&E range of **Increased Permian** production at resources from 9.3 BBOE to \$19-\$22B **3-4% CAGR**³ 16.2 BBOE1 2021-2023⁵ Permian portfolio value CFFO ROCE improves Permian production increased >2X² >3% 900 MBOED in 2023⁴ 2018-2023

Note: Guidance pertains to 2019 unless otherwise indicated. Assumes average annual \$60/bbl Brent, 2019-2023. \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

¹ 2018 net unrisked resources as defined in the 2018 Supplement to the Annual Report. Increase relative to year-end 2016 net unrisked resources.

² Value of portfolio determined using Chevron internal methodology and the same price assumptions for 2017 and 2019.



³ 3-4% CAGR reflects 2018-2023. Includes the effect of expected asset sales in the public domain. Range factors: PZ and Venezuela, asset sales, other. ⁴ Permian production is Midland and Delaware Basin and reflects shale & tight production only. ⁵ 2019 cash generation – includes cash flow from operations, proceeds from asset sales, and other.



Return cash to shareholders

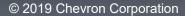
6% dividend increase

\$4B annual share buybacks



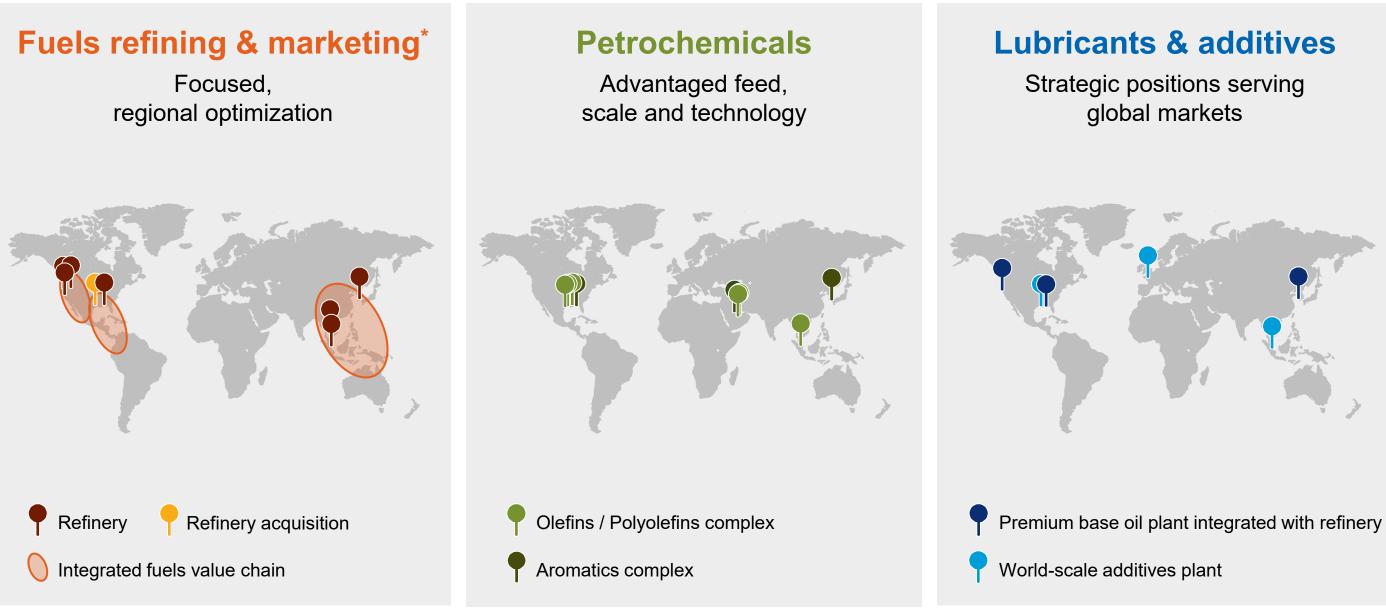
human energy[®]

Downstream & Chemicals





Downstream & chemicals portfolio



Pasadena, TX refinery acquisition expected close 1H19.



Strategy focused on leading returns

Sustain world-class operational excellence

Grow earnings across the value chain

Target investments

Lead the industry in returns





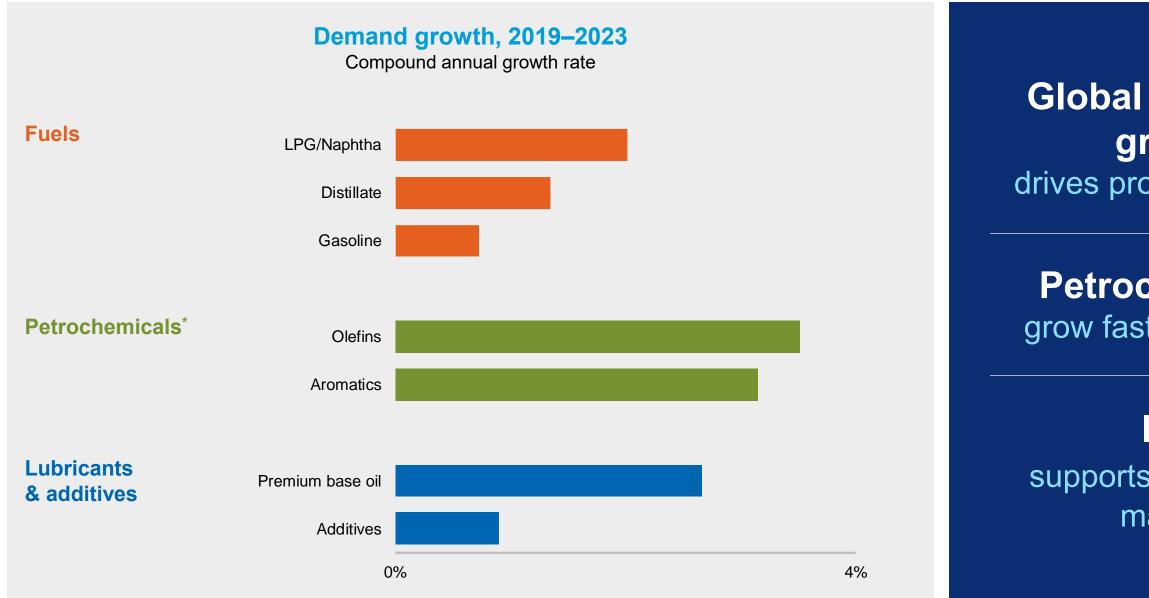
Strong financial performance



¹ See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.

² Total downstream, excluding petrochemicals.

Global product demand



Sources: Wood Mackenzie, NexantThinking [™] Petroleum and Petrochemicals Economics program, Klein & Company ^{*} Olefins includes ethylene, propylene and butadiene. Aromatics includes paraxylene and benzene.

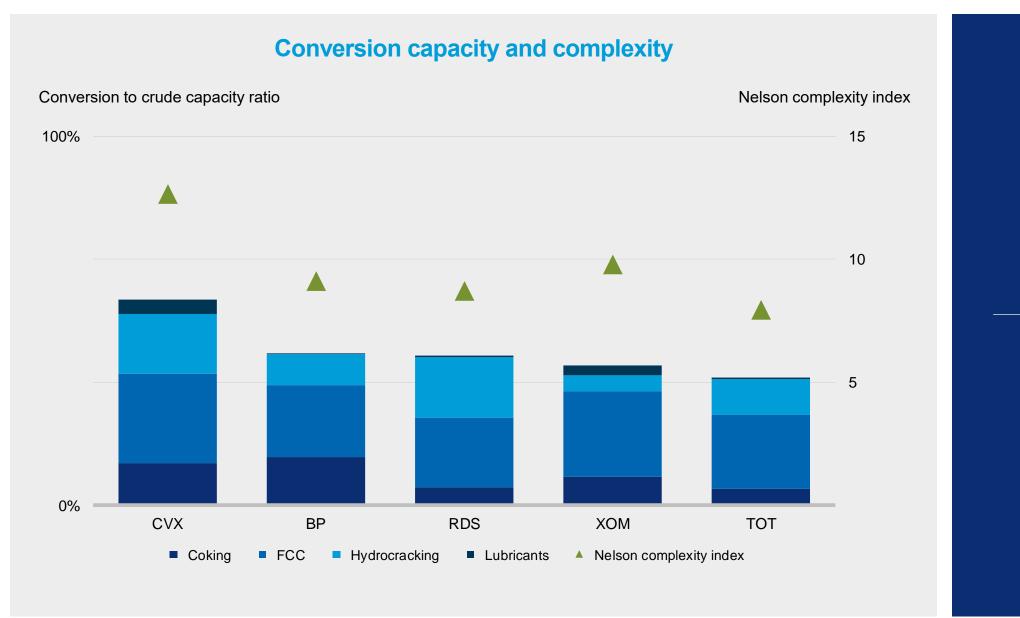


Global economic growth drives product demand

Petrochemicals grow faster than fuels

IMO supports light product margins

Well positioned for IMO 2020



Nelson Complexity Index (NCI) source: Oil and Gas Journal; Conversion to crude capacity source: IHS Markit.



Complex refiners advantaged

Highest Nelson complexity

© 2019 Chevron Corporation

Major capital projects

Evaluation / FEED

Chevron Phillips Chemical Co. USGC II

Chevron Phillips Chemical Co. Middle East growth

> Singapore Refining Co. Resid upgrading

Under construction

Salt Lake refinery ISOALKY[™] plant

Oronite China blending & shipping

> **GS** Caltex Olefins project









Commission / start-up

Richmond refinery Modernization

Pasadena refinery acquisition

Scope

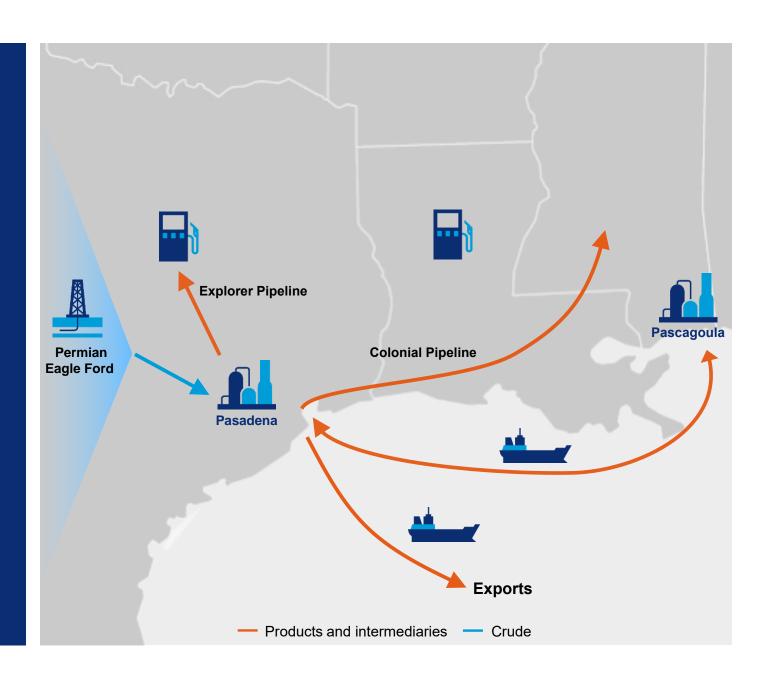
110 MBD Houston Ship Channel terminal 5.6 MM bbls storage tanks 143 acres vacant land

Strategic fit

Enables light crude processing Integrates and optimizes with Pascagoula Supplies equity fuels to Texas / Louisiana

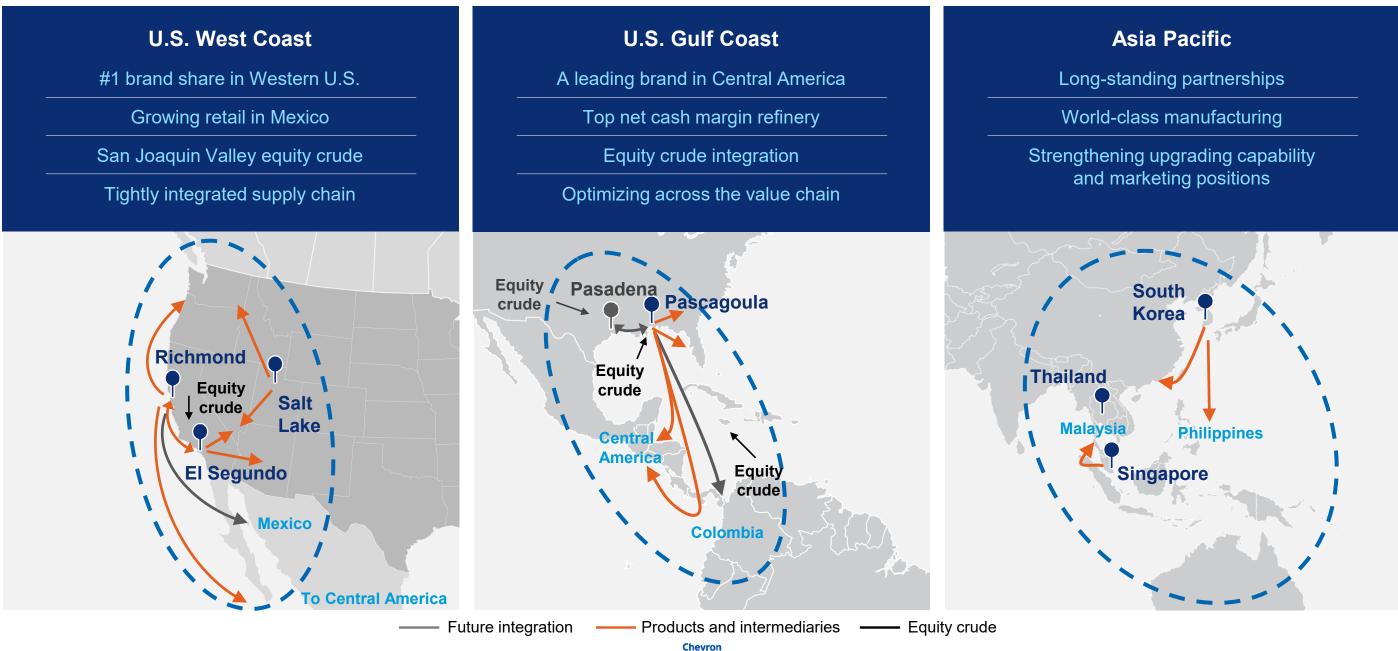
Transaction

\$350MM, plus working capital Closed 2Q19

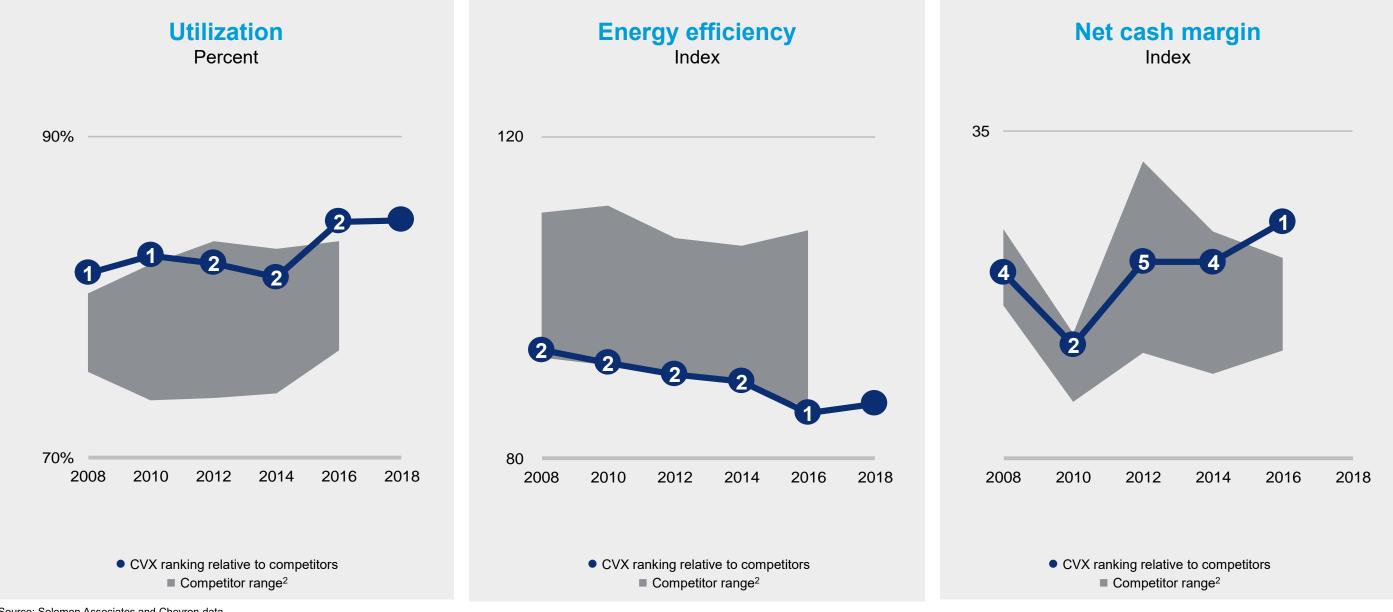




Integrated fuels value chains



Leading refinery performance¹



Chevro

Source: Solomon Associates and Chevron data.

¹ Includes operated and non-operated refineries.

² Average for top eight international refiners excluding CVX with facilities included in at least two of the three regional Solomon biennial surveys.

Fuels marketing initiatives

Americas

On track for ~400 branded sites in Mexico by 2020

Mexico terminals expected start-up 2020

Targeting additional ~75 ExtraMile convenience stores per year

Asia

Plan to grow by up to 300 branded sites in Southeast Asia by 2022

GS Caltex equity investment in car sharing company, Green Car







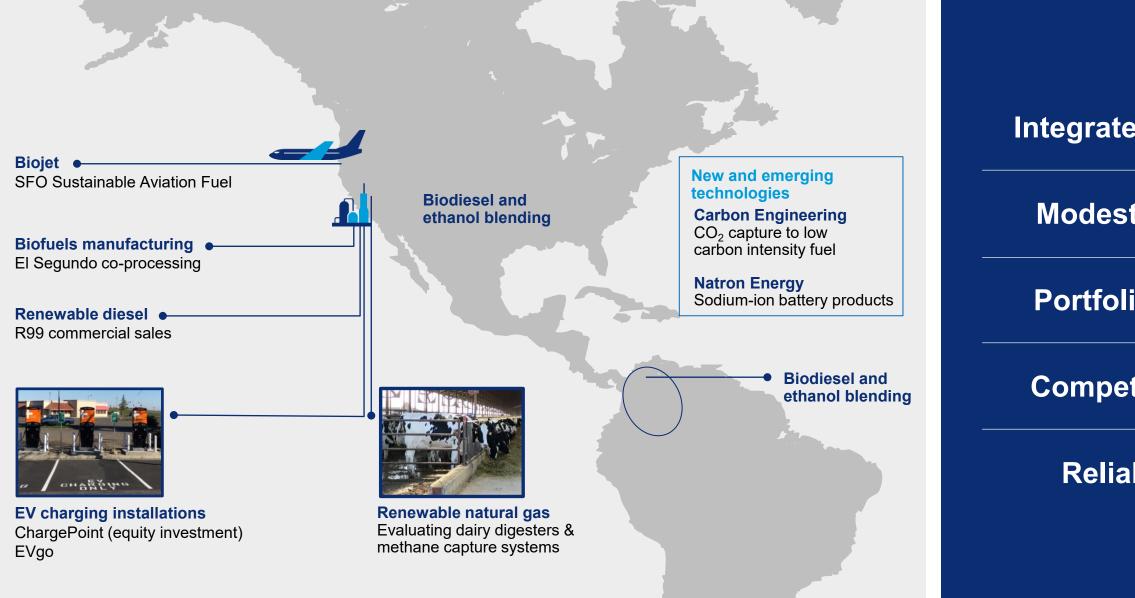


Mobile e-pay

PayPal and Honda partnerships in U.S.

CaltexGO – mobile pay in Southeast Asia

Renewable fuels





Integrated value chain

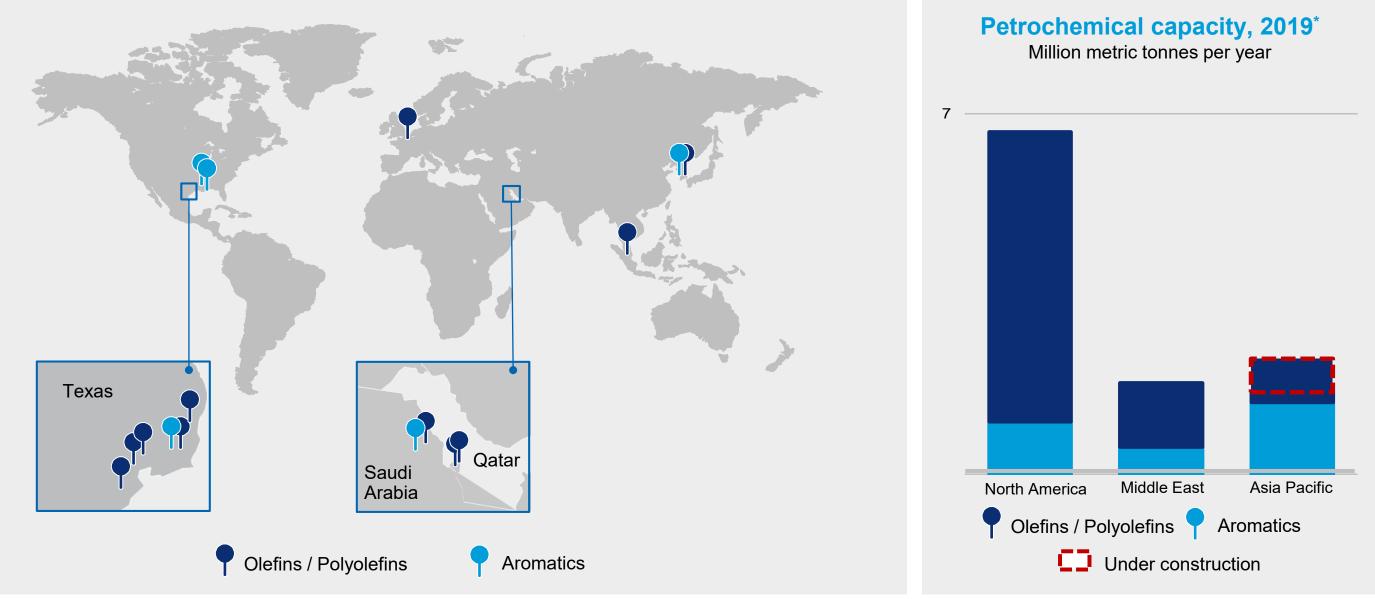
Modest investment

Portfolio of options

Competitive returns

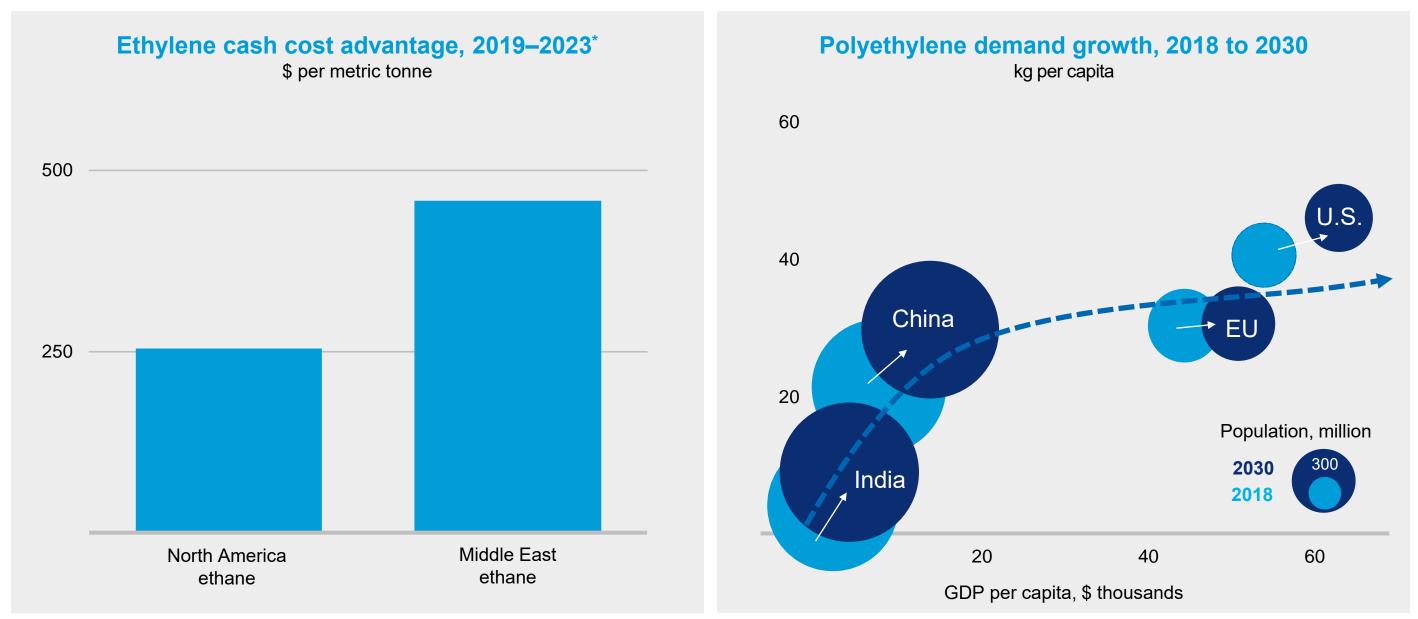
Reliable supply

Advantaged petrochemicals portfolio



Sources: Company data and 2018 Chevron Annual Report. * Chevron 50% share in Chevron Phillips Chemical and GS Caltex.

Strong petrochemical market fundamentals

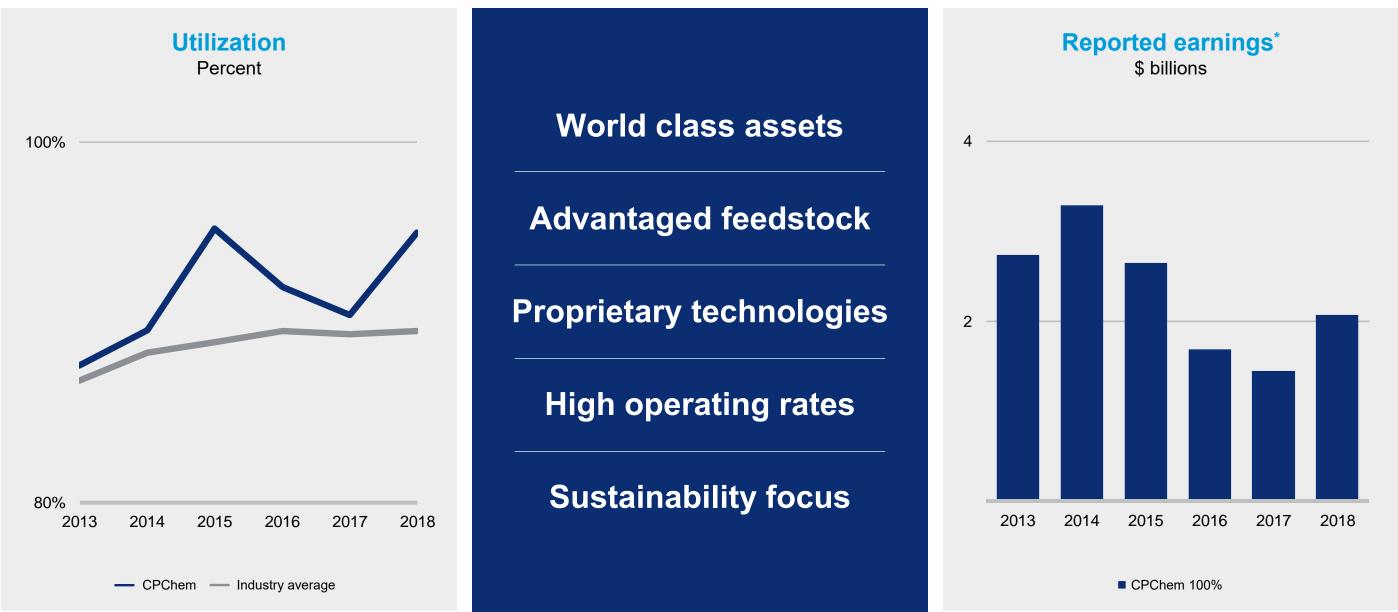


Sources: NexantThinking[™] Petroleum and Petrochemicals Economics program, Wood Mackenzie Chemicals * Asia Naphtha Cracker cash cost per metric tonne – North America / Middle East Cracker cash cost per metric tonne using Nexant medium oil price scenario.





Chevron Phillips Chemical performance





Lubricants and additives activities

Renewable base oil

Equity investment in Novvi LLC

Technology partnership

Plant-based renewable feedstock

High-performance synthetic base oil

Novvi plant capital investment, expected start-up 3Q19

Finished lubricants

Delo, 67% of first fill trucks in North America

Motorcycle oil products launched in Asia / Latin America

Taro Ultra to meet IMO 2020









Additives

Portfolio to address IMO 2020

Singapore capacity expansion for next gen automotive lubricants

Solutions for latest stationary gas engine designs





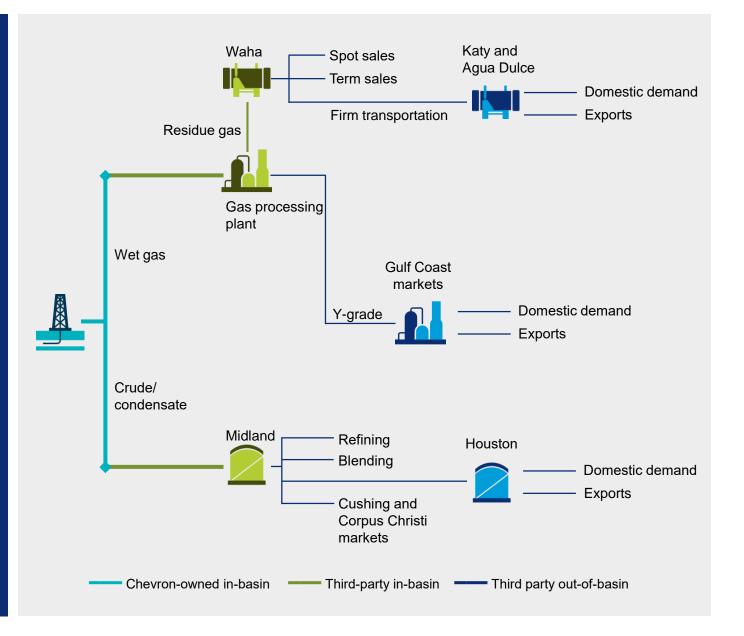
Permian value chain strategy

Maximize earnings for the enterprise

Advantaged commercial agreements with midstream service providers

Flow assurance for crude, gas, and NGLs to nearest liquid market

Global presence enables margin capture across geographies and commodities





Permian takeaway capacity Crude oil strategy

Sufficient transport capacity of operated + non-operated take-in-kind production through 2019

New industry capacity expected to eliminate Midland to U.S. Gulf Coast bottlenecks by late 2019

Firm dock capacity in Houston Ship Channel increases in 2019 to support growing production



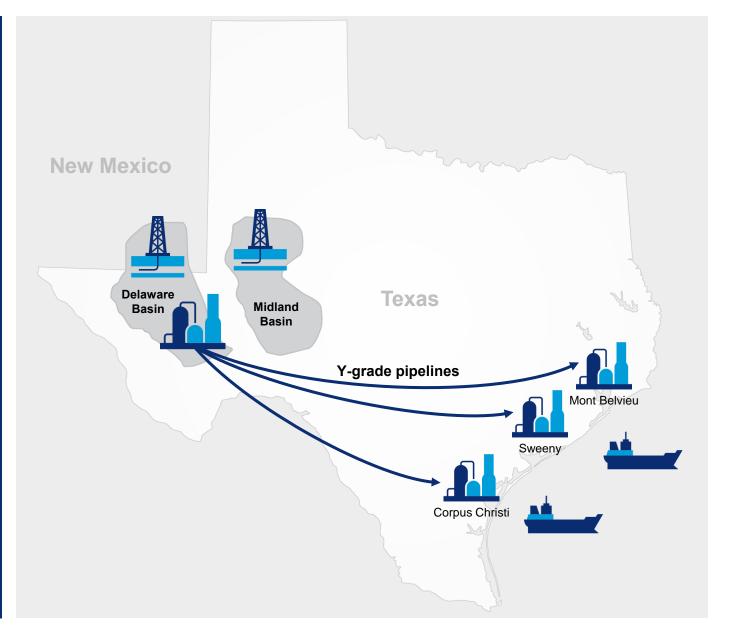


Permian takeaway capacity NGL strategy

Sufficient transportation and fractionation coverage for forecasted NGL equity production through 2019

Maximize physical connectivity and contractual flexibility to enable deliveries to multiple markets

Secure access to exports



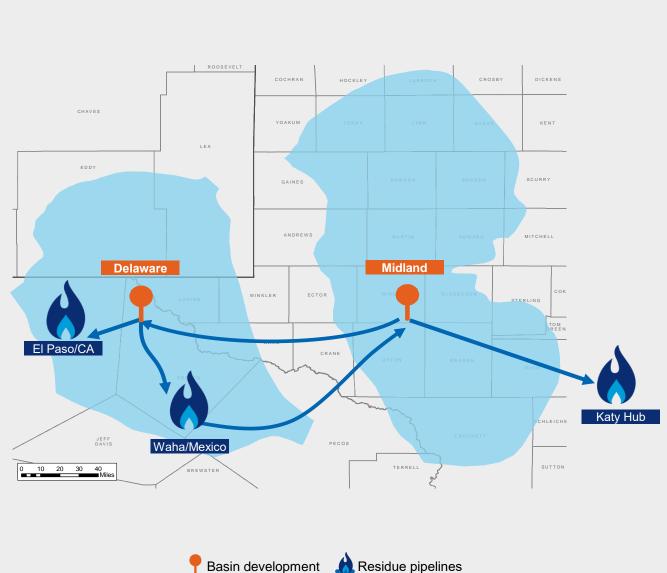


Permian takeaway capacity Natural gas strategy

100% firm plant processing & takeaway capacity to Waha

Sufficient takeaway capacity

for out-of-basin (Houston Ship Channel, Mexico, LNG)





Midstream plans for other unconventional plays

Argentina

Loma Campana

Infrastructure and market development still in early stages

Monitor development and assess risks of takeaway bottlenecks

Canada

Duvernay

Long-term agreements for gas processing, liquid transportation, and NGL fractionation

Access to multiple markets

Marcellus / Utica

100% transportation coverage for 2019 production

Focus on ensuring flow and maximizing netbacks while limiting high-cost and long-term transportation commitments











Appalachia

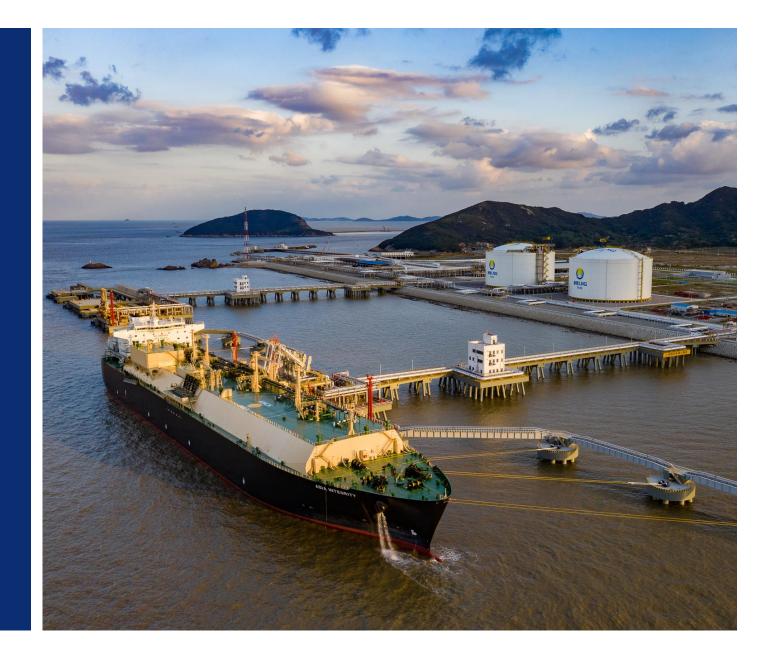
LNG value chain strategy

Focus on cost competitive opportunities

Reliable operations for enhanced cash generation

Leverage strong customer base in Asia Pacific marketplace

Optimized Shipping and Trading strategy



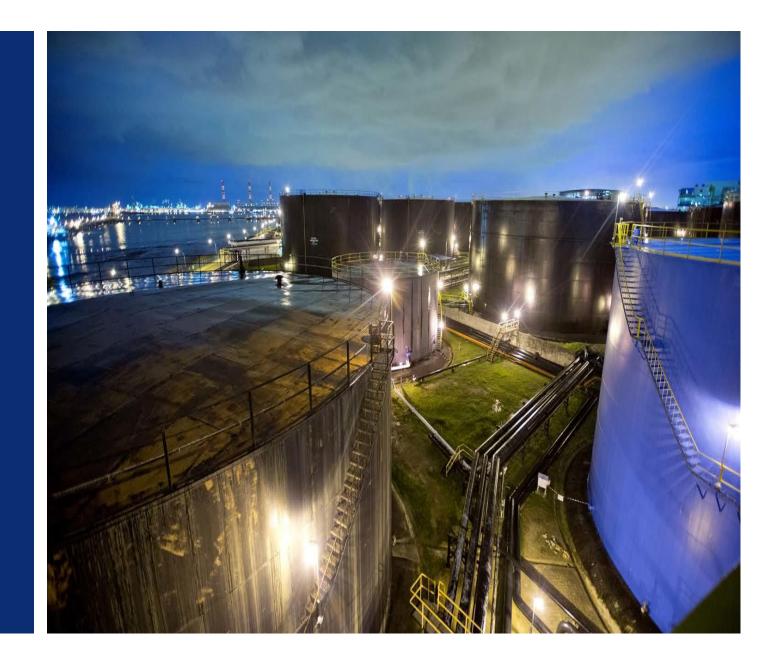


Supply & Trading strategy

Flow – Optimize – Trade

Focus on flow assurance and physical optimization

Leverage expertise to add value across the value chain





Upstream Major Capital Projects (1)

				Facility Desig	In Capacity ⁽²⁾		
Project	Location	Operator	WI %	Liquids MBPD	Gas MMCFPD	Current Phase	Startup ⁽³⁾
Clair Ridge	UK	Other	19.4	120	100	Production	2018
Big Foot	United States	Chevron	60.0	75	25	Production	2018
Stampede	United States	Other	25.0	80	40	Production	2018
Tahiti Vertical Expansion	United States	Chevron	58.0	Maintain	Capacity	Production	2018
Mad Dog 2	United States	Other	15.6	140	-	Construction	2021
Gorgon Stage 2	Australia	Chevron	47.3	Maintain	Capacity	Design	2022
TCO Future Growth Project	Kazakhstan	Affiliate	50.0	260 (4)	_	Construction	2022
TCO Wellhead Pressure Management Project	Kazakhstan	Affiliate	50.0	Maintain Capacity		Construction	2022
Kitimat LNG	Canada	Chevron	50.0	_	1,600	Design	2023+
Indonesia Deepwater Development - Gendalo – Gehem	Indonesia	Chevron	62.0	30	920	Design	2023+
Captain EOR Stage 2	UK	Chevron	85.0	Maintain	Capacity	Design	2023+
Anchor	United States	Chevron	61.3 / 55.0 ⁽⁵⁾	75	28	Design	2023+

(1) The projects in the table are considered the most significant in the development portfolio and have commenced production or are in the design or construction phase. Each project has an estimated project cost of more than \$500 million, Chevron share.

(2) Facility Design Capacity are 100% gross estimates.

(3) Start-up timing for non-operated projects per operator's estimate.

(4) Represents expected total daily production.

(5) Represents 61.3% interest in the northern unit blocks and 55% interest in the southern unit blocks.



Appendix: reconciliation of Chevron's adjusted earnings

TOTAL DOWNSTREAM

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Reported Earnings (\$MM)	\$4,336	\$7,601	\$3,435	\$5,214	\$3,798
Adjustment Items:					
Asset Dispositions	(960)	(1,710)	(490)	(675)	(350)
Other Special Items ¹	160		110	(1,160)	
Total Adjustment Items	(800)	(1,710)	(380)	(1,835)	(350)
Adjusted Earnings (\$MM) ²	\$3,536	\$5,891	\$3,055	\$3,379	\$3,448
Average Capital Employed (\$MM)	\$23,167	\$23,734	\$23,430	\$23,928	\$25,028
Adjusted ROCE ^{1,2,3}	15.3%	24.8%	13.0%	14.1%	13.8%

¹ Includes asset impairments & revaluations, certain non-recurring tax adjustments & environmental remediation provisions, severance accruals, and any other special items.

²Adjusted Earnings = Reported earnings less adjustments for asset dispositions and other special items, except foreign exchange.

³ Adjusted Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) = Adjusted Earnings divided by Average Capital Employed.



Appendix: reconciliation of Chevron's adjusted earnings

TOTAL DOWNSTREAM, EXCLUDING PETROCHEMICALS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Earnings (\$MM)	\$3,176	\$6,586	\$2,823	\$4,671	\$2,932
Adjustment Items:					
Asset Dispositions	(960)	(1,710)	(490)	(675)	(350)
Other Special Items ¹	160		110	(1,160)	
Total Adjustment Items	(800)	(1,710)	(380)	(1,835)	(350)
Adjusted Earnings (\$MM) ²	\$2,376	\$4,876	\$2,443	\$2,836	\$2,582
Volumes (MBD)	2,711	2,735	2,675	2,690	2,655
Earnings per Barrel	\$3.21	\$6.60	\$2.88	\$4.76	\$3.03
Adjusted Earnings per Barrel	\$2.40	\$4.88	\$2.50	\$2.89	\$2.66

¹ Includes asset impairments & revaluations, certain non-recurring tax adjustments & environmental remediation provisions, severance accruals, and any other special items. ²Adjusted Earnings = Reported earnings less adjustments for asset dispositions and other special items, except foreign exchange.



Appendix: reconciliation of Chevron's adjusted earnings

TOTAL UPSTREAM

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Earnings (\$MM)	\$16,893	\$(1,961)	\$(2,537)	\$8,150	\$13,316
Adjustment Items:					
Asset Dispositions	(1,780)	(310)	70	(760)	
Other Special Items ¹	950	4,180	2,915	(2,750)	1,590
Total Adjustment Items	(830)	3,870	2,985	(3,510)	1,590
Adjusted Earnings (\$MM) ²	\$16,063	\$1,909	\$448	\$4,640	\$14,906
Net Production Volume (MBOED) ³	2,484	2,539	2,513	2,634	2,827
Earnings per Barrel	\$18.63	\$(2.12)	\$(2.76)	\$8.48	\$12.90
Adjusted Earnings per Barrel	\$17.72	\$2.06	\$0.49	\$4.83	\$14.45

¹ Includes asset impairments & revaluations, certain non-recurring tax adjustments & environmental remediation provisions, severance accruals, and any other special items.

²Adjusted Earnings = Reported earnings less adjustments for asset dispositions and other special items, except foreign exchange.

³ Excludes own use fuel (natural gas consumed in operations).



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Reported earnings to earnings excluding special items and FX

	FY18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	FY19
Reported earnings (\$ millions)						
Upstream	13,316	3,123	3,483	2,704	(6,734)	2,576
Downstream	3,798	252	729	828	672	2,481
All Other	(2,290)	(726)	93	(952)	(548)	(2,133)
Total reported earnings	14,824	2,649	4,305	2,580	(6,610)	2,924
Diluted weighted avg. shares outstanding ('000)	1,914,107	1,900,748	1,902,977	1,893,928	1,872,317	1,895,126
Reported earnings per share	\$7.74	\$1.39	\$2.27	\$1.36	\$(3.51)	\$1.54
Special items (\$ millions)						
UPSTREAM						
Asset dispositions					1,200	1,200
Impairments and other*	(1,590)		180		(10,350)	(10,170)
Subtotal	(1,590)		180		(9,150)	(8,970)
DOWNSTREAM						
Asset dispositions	350					
Impairments and other*						
Subtotal	350					
ALL OTHER						
Impairments and other*			740	(430)		310
Subtotal			740	(430)		310
Total special items	(1,240)		920	(430)	(9,150)	(8,660)
Foreign exchange (\$ millions)						
Upstream	545	(168)	22	49	(226)	(323)
Downstream	71	31	(9)	27	(32)	17
All other	(5)		2	(2)	2	2
Total FX	611	(137)	15	74	(256)	(304)
Earnings excluding special items and FX (\$ millions)						
Upstream	14,361	3,291	3,281	2655	2,642	11,869
Downstream	3,377	221	738	801	704	2,464
All Other	(2,285)	(726)	(649)	(520)	(550)	(2,445)
Total earnings excluding special items and FX (\$ millions)	15,453	2,786	3,370	2,936	2,796	11,888
Earnings per share excluding special items and FX	\$8.07	\$1.47	\$1.77	\$1.55	\$1.49	\$6.27
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* Includes asset impairments, write-offs, tax items, Anadarko termination fee, and other special items.



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Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Cash flow from operations excluding working capital Free cash flow

\$ millions	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	FY 2019
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	5,057	8,783	7,817	5,656	27,313
Net Decrease (Increase) in Operating Working Capital	(1,210)	930	1,406	368	1,494
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	6,267	7,853	6,411	5,288	25,819
					FY 2019
Net cash provided by operating activities					27,313
Less: cash capital expenditures					14,116
Free Cash Flow					13,197

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.





Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures ROCE **ROCE excluding special items and FX**

\$ millions	FY 2019	\$ millions
Total reported earnings	2,924	Total earnings excluding special items and FX
Non-controlling interest	(79)	Non-controlling interest
Interest expense (A/T)	761	Interest expense (A/T)
ROCE earnings	3,606	ROCE earnings excluding special items and FX
Average capital employed*	181,148	Average capital employed
ROCE	2.0%	ROCE excluding special items and FX

* Capital employed is the sum of Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, total debt and noncontrolling interests. Average capital employed is computed by averaging the sum of capital employed at the beginning and the end of the year Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.





FY	201	9

11,888	
(79)	
761	
12,570	
181,148	
6.9%	

Overview of 4Q19 special items

Aft	er-tax earnii \$ billion		
	U.S. Upstream	Int'l Upstream	Total
Impairments & Write-offs	Appalachia \$(6.5) Big Foot \$(1.5) Other \$(0.1)	Kitimat \$(1.6) Other \$(0.6)	\$(10.4)
Asset dispositions		U.K. \$1.2	\$1.2
Total	\$(8.2)	\$(1.0)	\$(9.2)

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



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Appendix: overview of 4Q19 special items

\$ billions

	DD&A (B/T)	Deferred income tax	OPEX (B/T)	Exploration expense (B/T)
4Q reported	\$16.4	\$(3.0)	\$7.2	\$0.3
Impairments & Write-offs	\$12.2	\$(2.8)	\$0.3	\$0.0
Asset dispositions				
4Q reported excluding special items	\$4.2	\$(0.2)	\$6.9	\$0.3





