

Chevron 2023 Investor Presentation

October 30, 2023

Cautionary statement

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELEVANT TO FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

The statements and images in this presentation are forward-looking statements relating to Chevron's operations and energy transition plans that are based on management's current expectations, estimates and projections about the petroleum, chemicals and other energy-related industries. Words or phrases such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "forecasts," "forecasts," "forecasts," "projects," "believes," "approaches," "schedules," "estimates," "positions," "pursues," "progress," "may," "can," "could," "should," "will," "budgets," "outlook," "trends," "guidance," "focus," "on track," "goals," "objectives," "strategies," "opportunities," "poised," "potential," "ambitions," "aspires" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the company's control and are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Unless legally required, Chevron undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are: changing crude oil and natural gas prices and demand for the company's products, and production curtailments due to market conditions; crude oil production quotas or other actions that might be imposed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other producing countries; technological advancements; changes to government policies in the countries in which the company operates; public health crises, such as pandemics (including coronavirus (COVID-19)) and epidemics, and any related government policies and actions; disruptions in the company's global supply chain, including supply chain constraints and escalation of the cost of goods and services; changing economic, regulatory and political environments in the various countries in which the company operates; general domestic and international economic, market and political conditions, including the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the war between Israel and Hamas and the global response to these hostilities; changing refining, marketing and chemicals margins; actions of competitors or regulators; timing of exploration expenses; timing of crude oil liftings; the competitiveness of alternate-energy sources or product substitutes; development of large carbon capture and offset markets; the results of operations and financial condition of the company's suppliers, vendors, partners and equity affiliates; the inability or failure to achieve expected net production from existing and future crude oil and natural gas development projects; potential delays in the development, construction or start-up of planned projects; the potential disruption or interruption of the company's operations due to war (including the war between Israel and Hamas and related military operations), accidents, political events, civil unrest, severe weather, cyber threats, terrorist acts, or other natural or human causes beyond the company's control; the potential liability for remedial actions or assessments under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation; significant operational, investment or product changes undertaken or required by existing or future environmental statutes and regulations, including international agreements and national or regional legislation and regulatory measures to limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions; the potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation; the ability to successfully integrate the operations of the company and PDC Energy, Inc. and achieve the anticipated benefits from the transaction, including the expected incremental annual free cash flow; the risk that Hess Corporation (Hess) stockholders do not approve the potential transaction, and the risk that regulatory approvals are not obtained or are obtained subject to conditions that are not anticipated by the company and Hess; potential delays in consummating the potential transaction, including as a result of regulatory approvals; the company's ability to integrate Hess' operations in a successful manner and in the expected time period; the possibility that any of the anticipated benefits and projected synergies of the potential transaction will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period; the company's future acquisitions or dispositions of assets or shares or the delay or failure of such transactions to close based on required closing conditions; the potential for gains and losses from asset dispositions or impairments; government mandated sales, divestitures, recapitalizations, taxes and tax audits, tariffs, sanctions, changes in fiscal terms or restrictions on scope of company operations; foreign currency movements compared with the U.S. dollar; higher inflation and related impacts; material reductions in corporate liquidity and access to debt markets; the receipt of required Board authorizations to implement capital allocation strategies, including future stock repurchase programs and dividend payments; the effects of changed accounting rules under generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by rule-setting bodies; the company's ability to identify and mitigate the risks and hazards inherent in operating in the global energy industry; and the factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" on pages 20 through 26 of the company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Other unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this presentation could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements.

As used in this presentation, the term "Chevron" and such terms as "the company," "the corporation," "our," "we," "us" and "its" may refer to Chevron Corporation, one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries, or to all of them taken as a whole. All of these terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate companies, each of which manages its own affairs.

Terms such as "resources" may be used in this presentation to describe certain aspects of Chevron's portfolio and oil and gas properties beyond the proved reserves. For definitions of, and further information regarding, this and other terms, see the "Glossary of Energy and Financial Terms" on pages 27 through 28 of Chevron's 2022 Supplement to the Annual Report available at chevron.com.

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the Third Quarter 2023 Transcript posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."



Higher returns

Balanced energy framework

Economic prosperity



Affordable for customers and countries

Energy security



Reliable and diverse supply

Environmental protection



Ever-cleaner energy



Safely deliver higher returns, lower carbon

Higher returns



Advantaged portfolio

Capital and cost discipline

Growing traditional energy

Superior distributions to shareholders

Lower carbon



Progress toward 2028 carbon intensity targets

Aim to be a leader in methane management

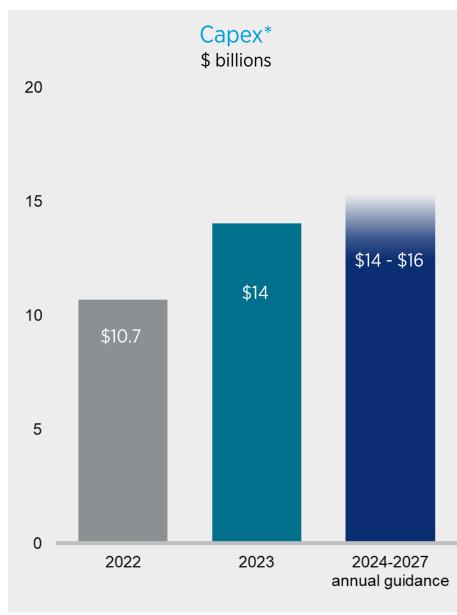
Growing renewable fuels

Early actions in CCUS and hydrogen

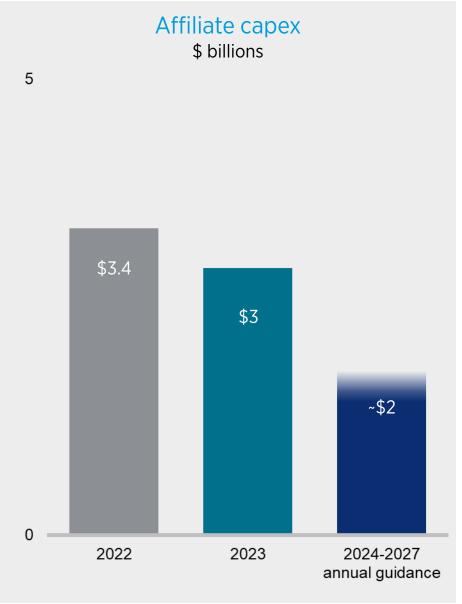
See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.



Capital discipline







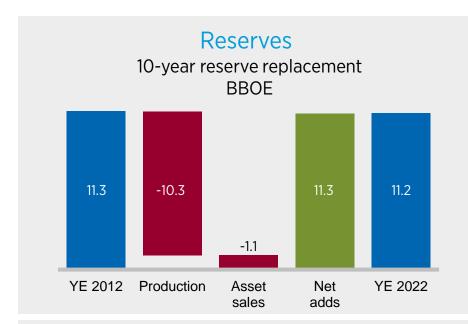


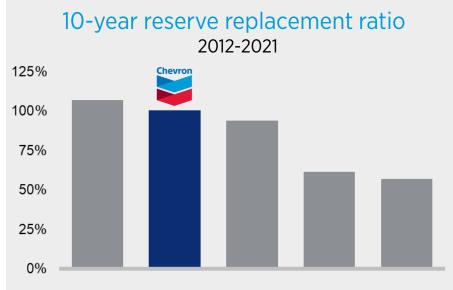
^{*} Includes organic spend only. 2024 to 2027 guidance was updated from \$13 to \$15 billion annually to \$14 to \$16 billion annually upon the close of the PDC Energy acquisition in August 2023.

Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.

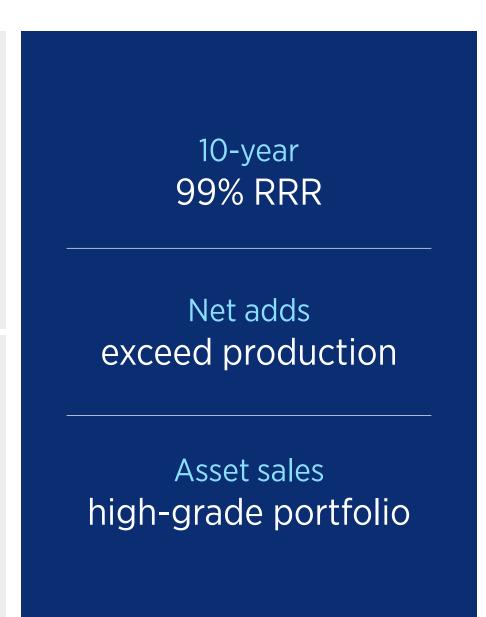
See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.

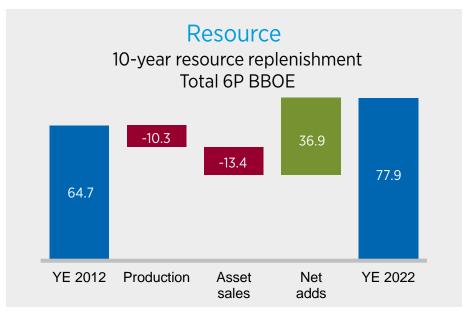
10-year reserves and resource

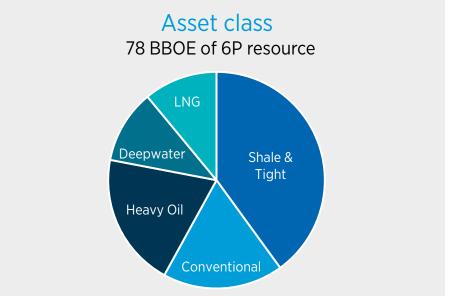




See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.



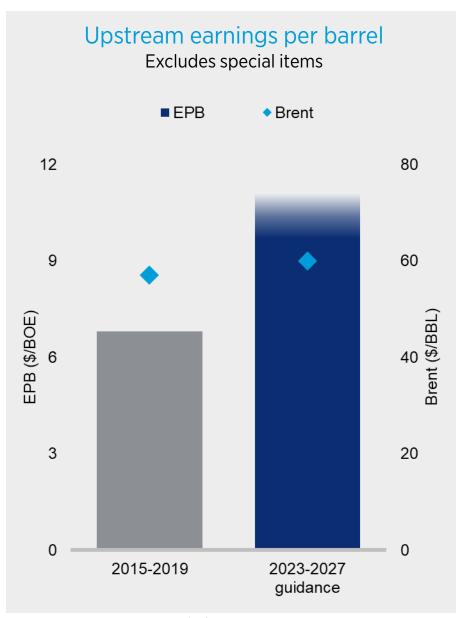




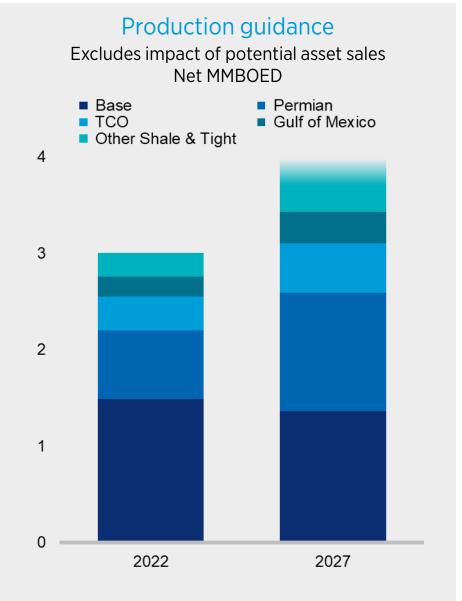
All resource figures are net unrisked resource.

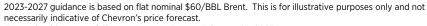


Profitably growing our upstream business







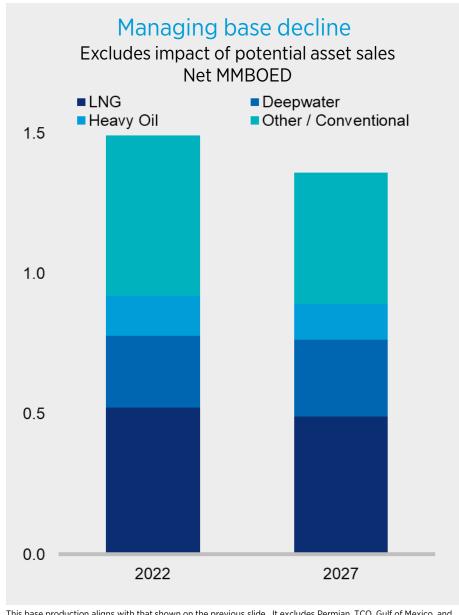


Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.

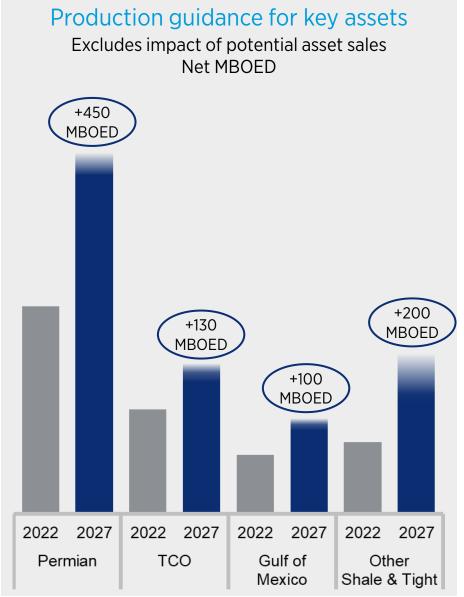
Chevron

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.

Returns focused production growth





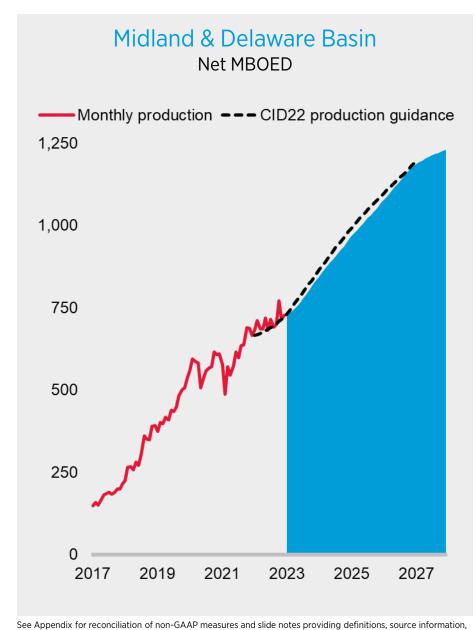


This base production aligns with that shown on the previous slide. It excludes Permian, TCO, Gulf of Mexico, and Other Shale & Tight.

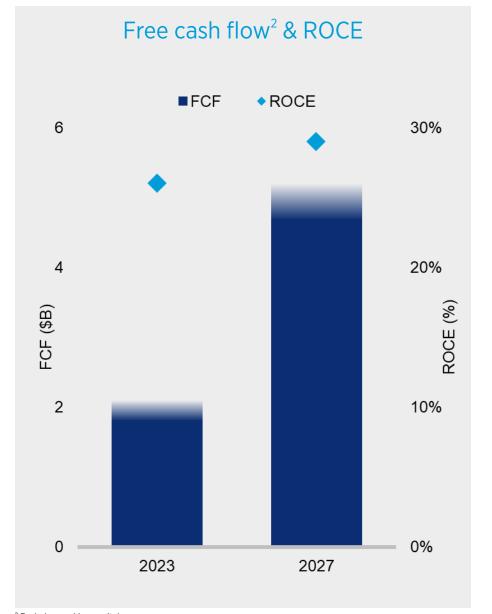
Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.



Delivering value in the Permian





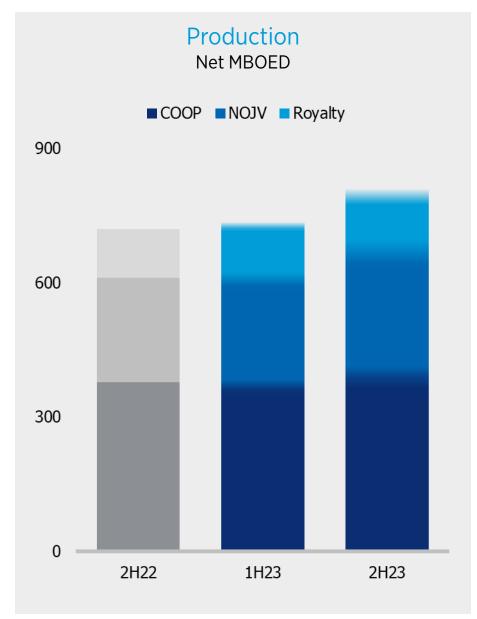


calculations and other information. Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023. ¹ Behind the meter and renewable energy credits for 2023.

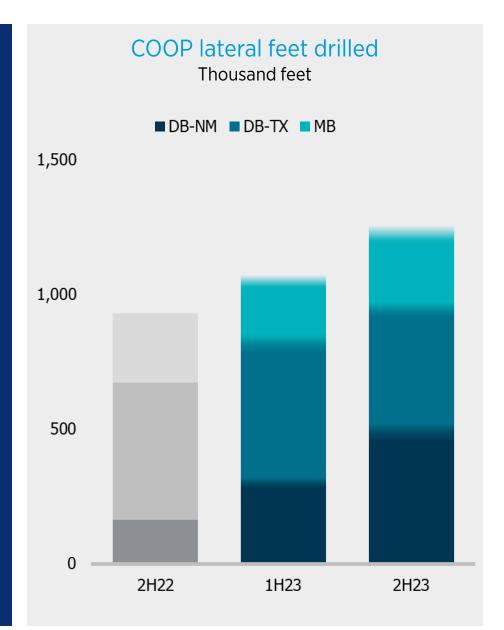


² Excludes working capital. Based on \$60/BBL Brent and \$4.50/MMBtu Henry Hub. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast

Permian 2023 outlook



Production growth weighted to 2H23 New Mexico drilling ~3x growth year-over-year

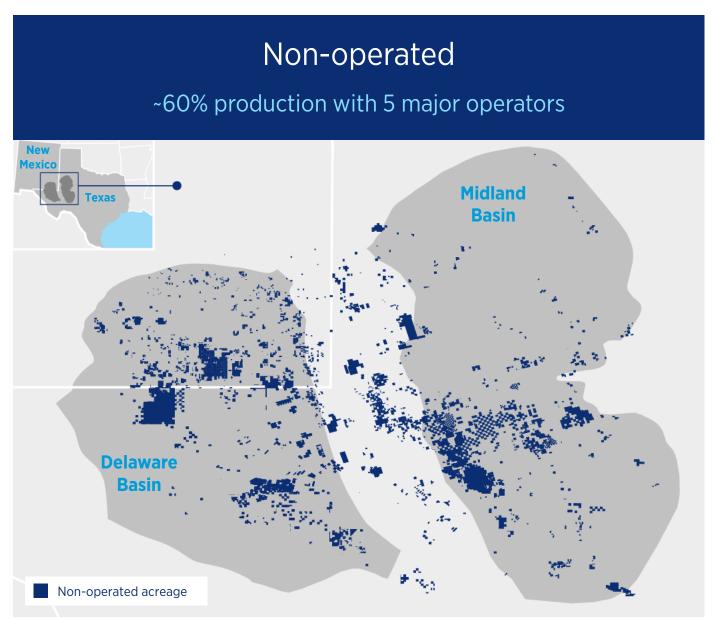


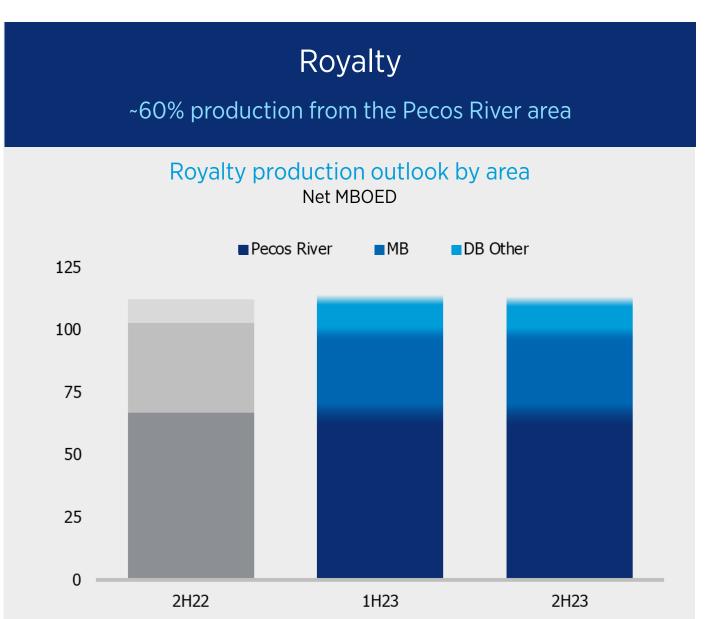
DB-NM – Delaware Basin New Mexico DB-TX – Delaware Basin Texas MB – Midland Basin





Strong Permian partners

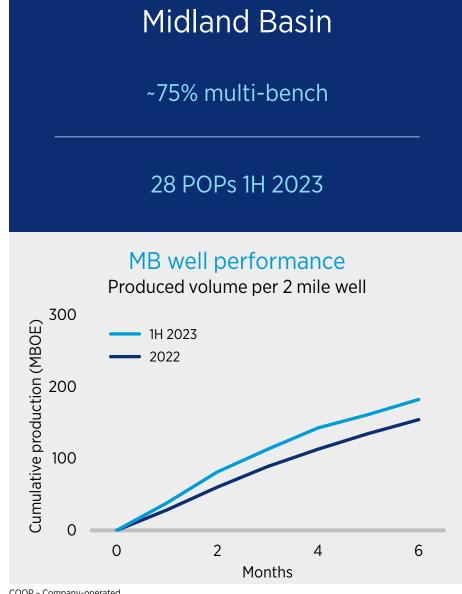




Major operators include Coterra, Devon, Pioneer, ConocoPhillips and Summit.

MB – Midland Basin DB Other – Delaware Basin Other Forward guidance as of 1Q23 Earnings Call on April 28, 2023.

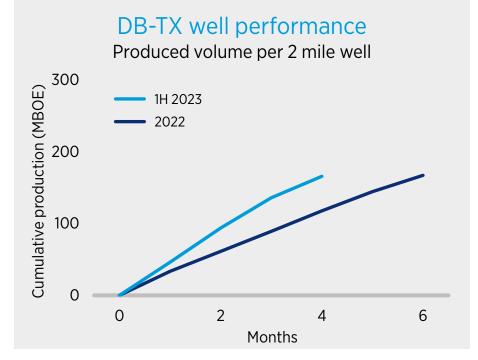
Permian COOP well performance on plan



COOP - Company-operated POP - Put on production

Delaware Basin - Texas Mix of single and multi-bench

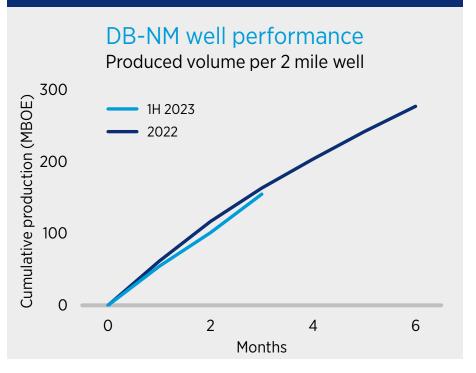
58 POPs 1H 2023



Delaware Basin - New Mexico

Single bench

10 POPs 1H 2023

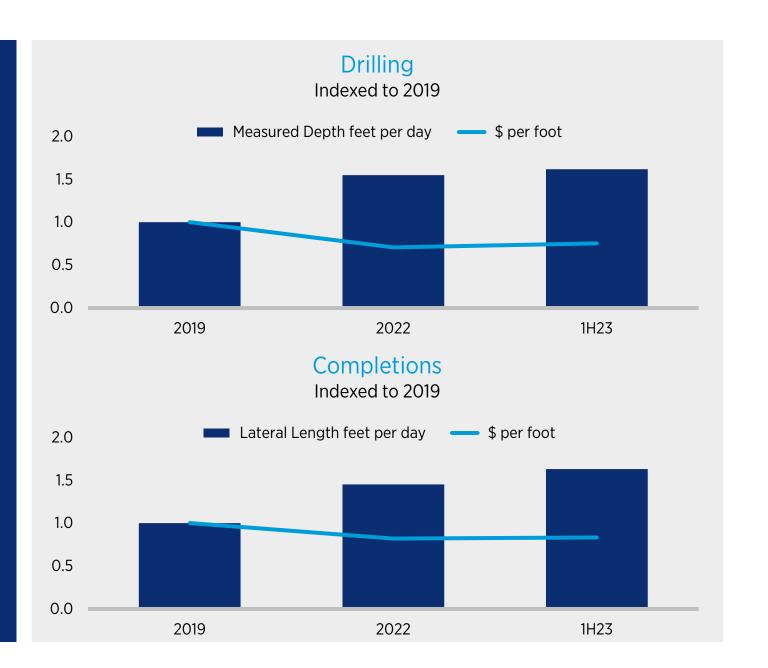




Permian capital efficiency gains

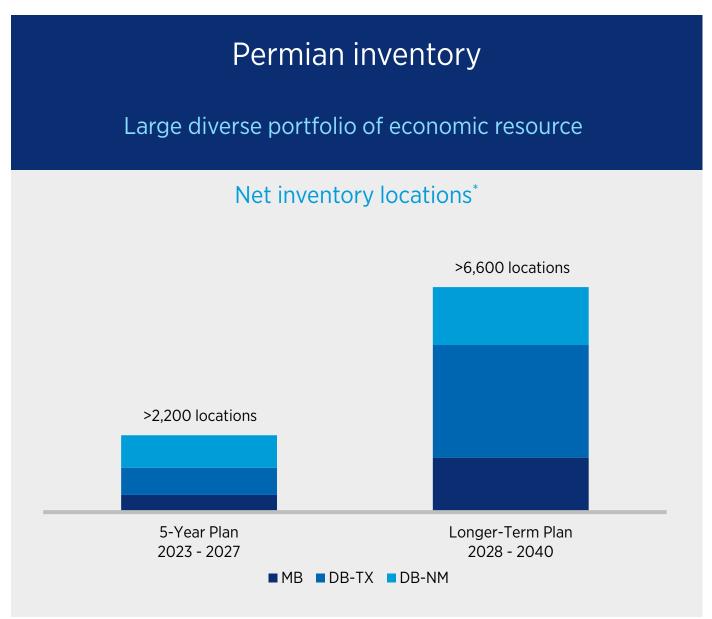
>60% execution performance improvement since 2019

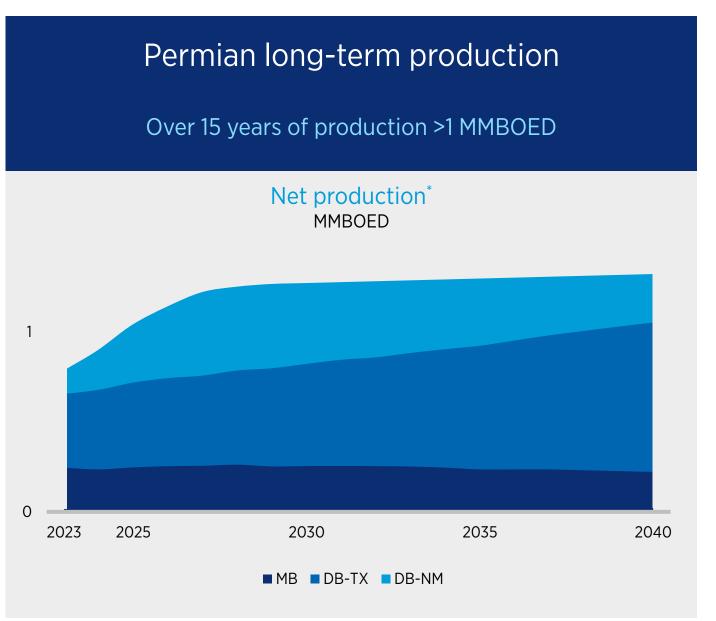
Maintained flat unit costs while increasing efficiencies





High quality, long duration resource





DB-NM - Delaware Basin - New Mexico

Forward guidance as of 2Q23 Earnings Call on July 28, 2023.



^{*} Projected; inventory and production include our interests in company-operated (COOP), non-operated joint venture (NOJV) and royalty. MB - Midland Basin

DB-TX - Delaware Basin - Texas

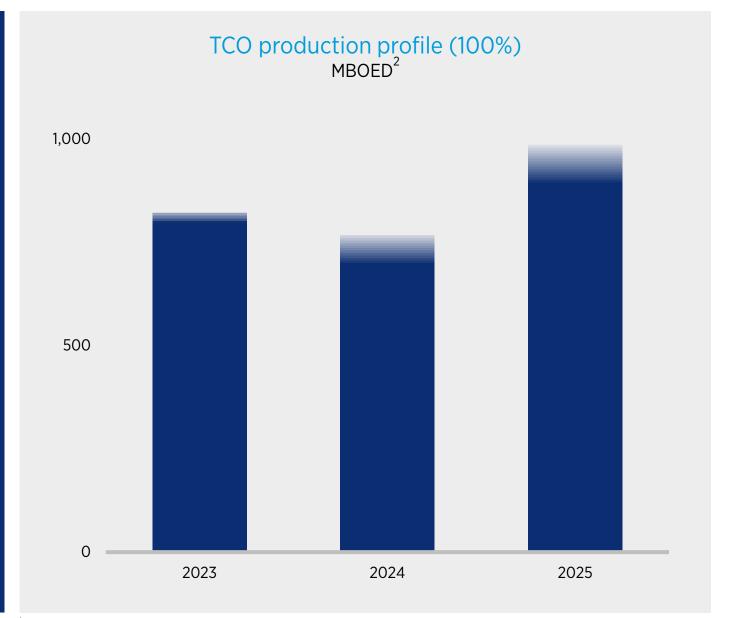
FGP-WPMP outlook

FGP mechanically complete in 3Q 2023

WPMP field conversion to begin in 1H 2024

First oil from FGP in 1H 2025

3 - 5% increase in cost estimate¹



2

Forward guidance as of 3Q23 Earnings Call on October 27, 2023. FGP - Future Growth Project WPMP - Wellhead Pressure Management Project ¹ Chevron's view of FGP-WPMP based on an independent cost and schedule review.

² Based on \$60/BBL Brent. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

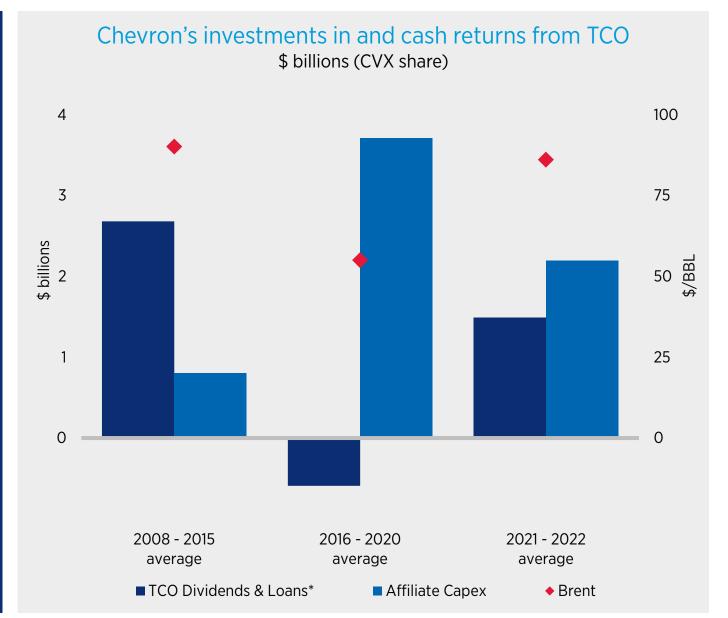


TCO cash generation

TCO base business generates significant cash

Higher cash returns to shareholders as capex declines

FGP oil production expected to further increase TCO cash generation



* Dividends include the impact of 15% withholding tax.



Forward guidance as of Barclays CEO Energy-Power Conference on September 6, 2023.

Continuing deepwater excellence

Gulf of Mexico

Expect 300 MBOED by 2026

Anchor, Whale, Ballymore, Mad Dog 2



Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.

West Africa

Supporting base business

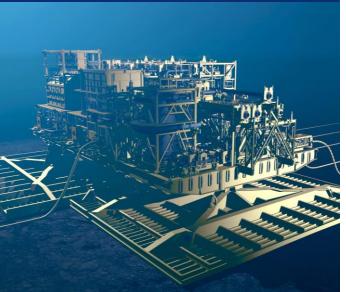
Nigeria lease renewals



Australia

Record 2022 cargoes

Advancing backfill projects



Eastern Med

99% reliability

Tamar expansion





Gulf of Mexico projects



Major capital projects

Project	Operator	Ownership percentage	Liquids capacity (MBD, 100%)	Gas capacity (MMCFD, 100%)	Start- up ¹
Mad Dog 2	Other	15.6	140	75	2023
Anchor	Chevron	75.4 / 62.9 ²	75	28	2024
St. Malo Stage 4 Waterflood	Chevron	51	Maintain capacity	Maintain capacity	2024
Whale	Other	40	100	200	2024
Ballymore	Chevron	60	86 ³	61 ³	2025

¹ Projected start-up timing for non-operated projects per operator's estimate.

² Represents 75.4% interest in the northern unit area and 62.9% interest in the southern unit area.

³ Blind Faith facility original capacity to be upgraded from 65MBPD and 45MMCFPD. Allocated design capacity for the Ballymore Project is 75MBPD of crude oil and 50MMCFD of natural cas.

2Q23 portfolio updates

Gulf of Mexico

Anchor project FPU moored on location

Awarded 73 blocks in lease sale 259



FPU - Floating production unit

Eastern Mediterranean

Drilled Aphrodite appraisal well

Leviathan pipeline capacity expansion



PDC Energy acquisition

Closed in August 2023

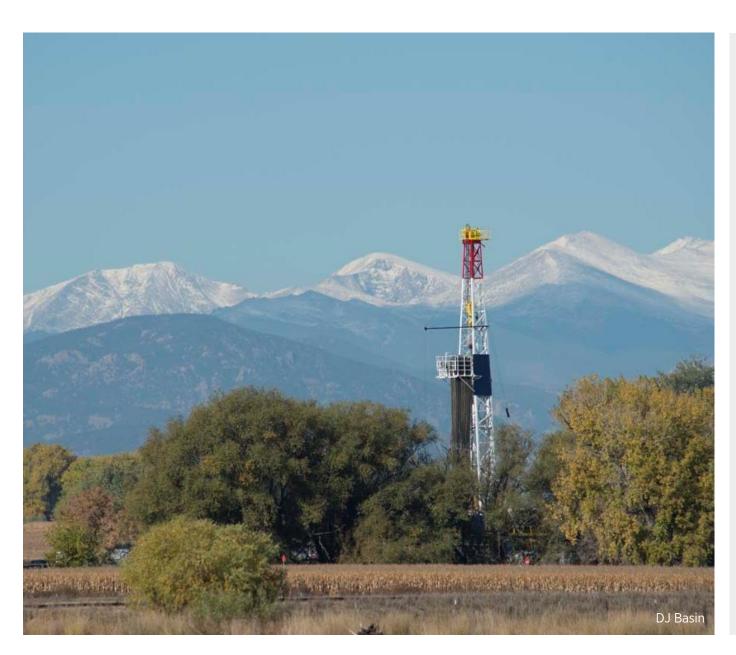
Synergies aligned with guidance



Forward guidance as of 2Q23 Earnings Call on July 28, 2023.



PDC Energy acquisition closed early August





Optimizing development strategy to maximize returns



Integration teams on track for opex & capex synergy capture



~\$1 billion incremental annual free cash flow*



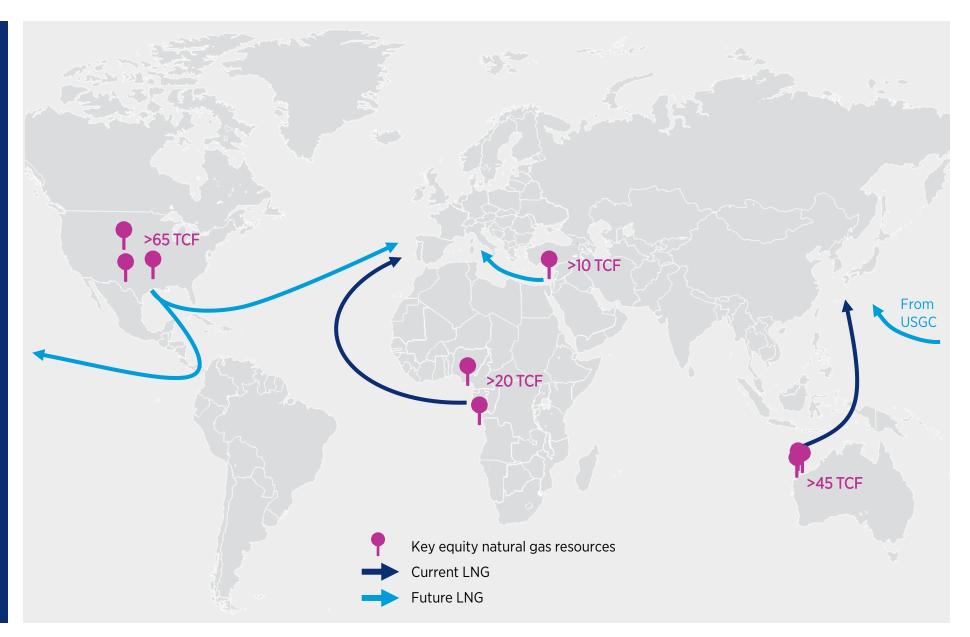
* Expected incremental annual free cash flow in 2024 following the PDC Energy, Inc. acquisition is a forward-looking non-GAAP measure. Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures. It assumes Brent oil price of \$70 per barrel, Henry Hub gas price of \$3.50 per MCF (approximate strip prices as of May 2023 at the time of the acquisition announcement), approximately \$100 million of annual operating expense synergies and approximately \$400 million of annual capex efficiencies. However, due to its forward-looking nature, management cannot reliably predict certain other necessary components of the most directly comparable forward looking GAAP measure and is therefore unable to provide a quantitative reconciliation. Forward guidance as of Barclays CEO Energy-Power Conference on September 6, 2023.

Connecting our natural gas resources to demand

Large gas resource >175 net TCF

Optimizing portfolio

Accessing demand



All resource figures are net unrisked resource as of December 31, 2022. See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.



Competitive chemical and downstream projects

CPChem projects

Advantaged ethane feedstock

2 MMTPA crackers (USGC, Qatar)



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

Refining evolution

Pasadena LTO integration

Renewable hydroprocessing



Geismar expansion

Adds ~15 MBD of RD capacity

Expected start-up in 2024



Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.





Lower carbon

Advancing our lower carbon future

Lower carbon intensity



Upstream CO₂ intensity reduction target¹

35% by 2028



Net Zero² Upstream Scope 1 & 2 aspiration

By 2050



PCI¹ reduction target³ Scope 1, 2 & 3⁴

>5% by 2028

Grow new energies

2030 targets



Renewable fuels

100 MBD



CCUS & offsets

25 MMTPA



Hydrogen⁵

150 KTPA

⁵ Chevron's approach to hydrogen envisions the use of green, blue and gray hydrogen.



¹ From 2016 baselin

² Accomplishing this aspiration depends on continuing progress on commercially viable technology; government policy; successful negotiations for CCS and nature-based projects; availability of cost-effective, verifiable offsets in the global market; and granting of necessary permits by governing authorities.

³ PCI – portfolio carbon intensity (PCI) is a metric that represents the carbon intensity across the full value chain associated with bringing products to market. This target is expected to allow Chevron flexibility to grow its traditional upstream and downstream business, provided it remains increasingly carbon-efficient.

⁴ Scope 3 includes emissions from use of products.

Carbon efficient supplier of energy

Lowering upstream carbon intensity Chevron's oil and gas production carbon intensity 50 Carbon intensity (kg CO₂e / BOE) 2028 targets 2016 2018 2020 2022 2028

Keeping methane in the pipe



13 advanced detection technologies trialed since 2016



>950 methane detection flyovers completed in 2022¹



>37 million component inspections conducted in 2020 to 2021²

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

¹ Permian only. ² At our Colorado operations.

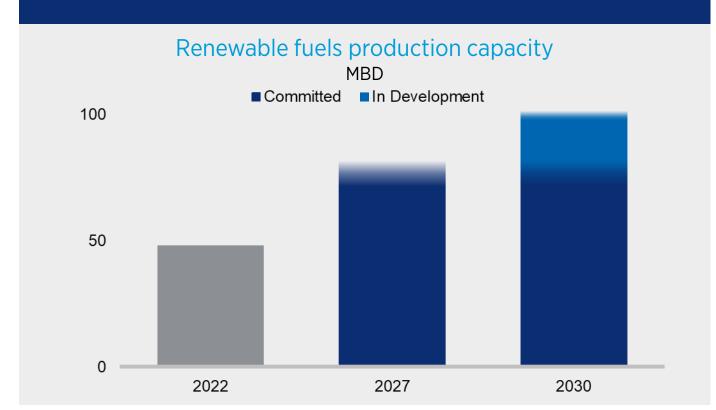


Integrating renewables into our business



Added feedstocks with Bunge & CoverCress™

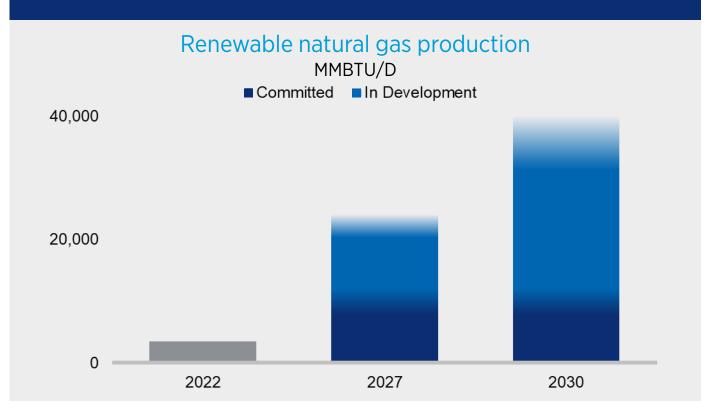
Expect 5x more USWC stations selling RD / BD by year-end



RNG / CNG

Expanded production with CalBio & Brightmark

>75 CNG sites online or in progress



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information. Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.



Growing our CCUS business

Secure pore space

Create regional hubs

Advance capture technology



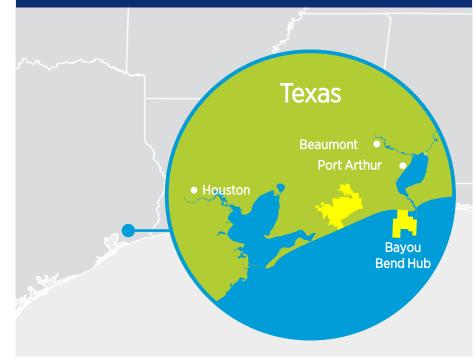


Developing CCUS value chains

U.S. Gulf Coast

>1 billion tons CO₂ storage resource¹

Early mover ~140,000 acres¹

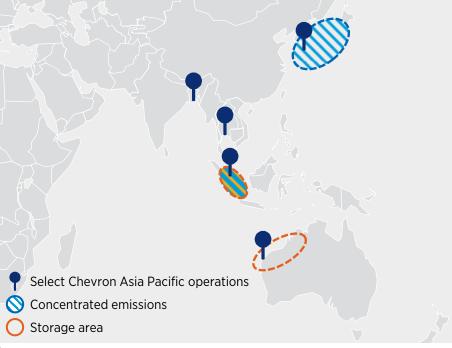


¹ Combined offshore and onshore prospective storage resource and gross acreage. See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

Asia Pacific

3 permits to assess CO₂ storage²

Advancing regional emissions hub



² Offshore western Australia.

Technology

Investments in Svante & Carbon Clean

Studying CO₂ shipping with MOL





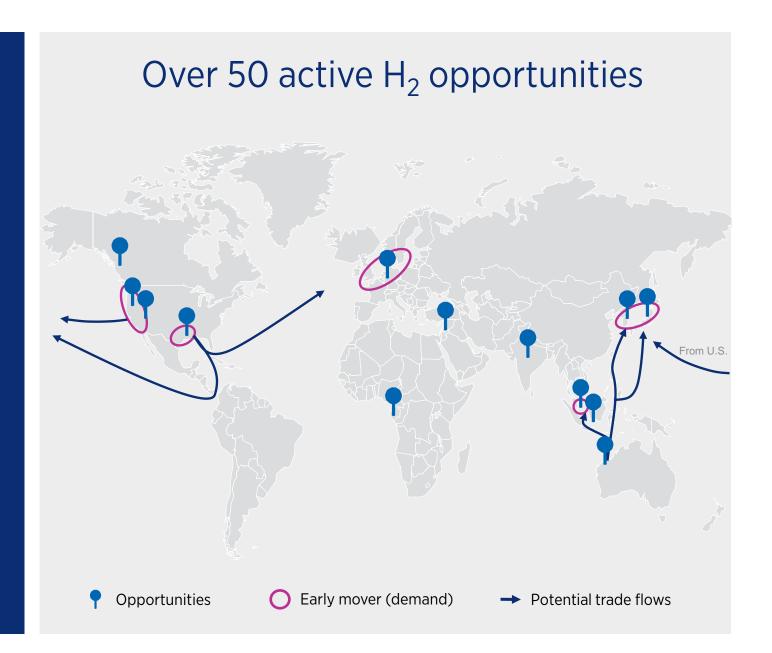
Growing our hydrogen business

Advance production hubs

Leverage natural gas value chains

Enable technology

Support expected future demand



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

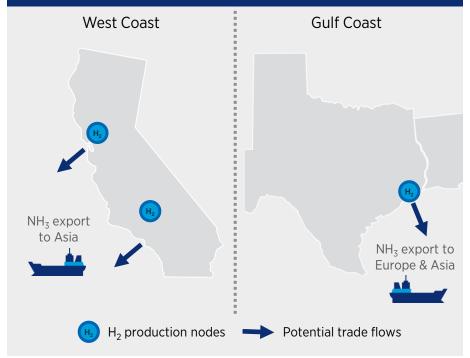


Developing hydrogen value chains

United States

Advancing Gulf Coast hubs with CCUS

Establishing West Coast value chains



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

Asia Pacific

Exploring low CI fuels Australia to Japan

Studying H₂ & NH₃ from geothermal



Technology

H₂ transport and storage projects

Investments in Raven & Aurora



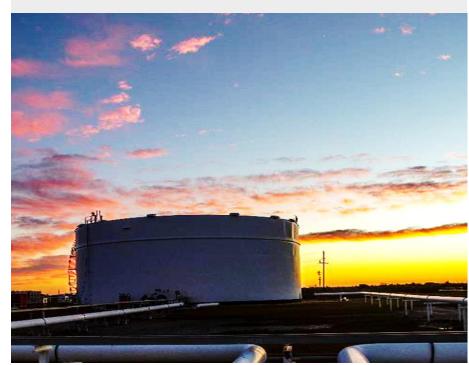


Technology powering today's businesses

Safety

Scalable robotic tank inspection

Eliminates worker risk & reduces costs

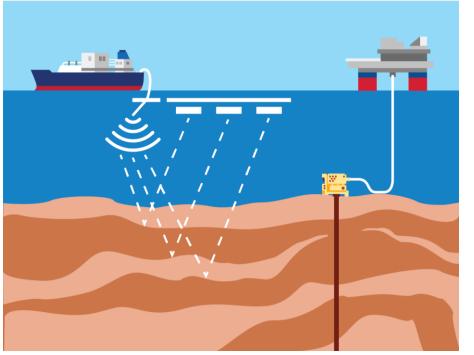


See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information

Higher returns

Optimizing field development

Reduces cycle time & unlocks resources



Lower carbon

Preventing & detecting emissions

Real-time identification & mitigation





Technology building tomorrow's businesses

Enhance reservoir recoveries



Convert challenged feedstocks



Automate facilities and operations



Reduce costs across the value chain

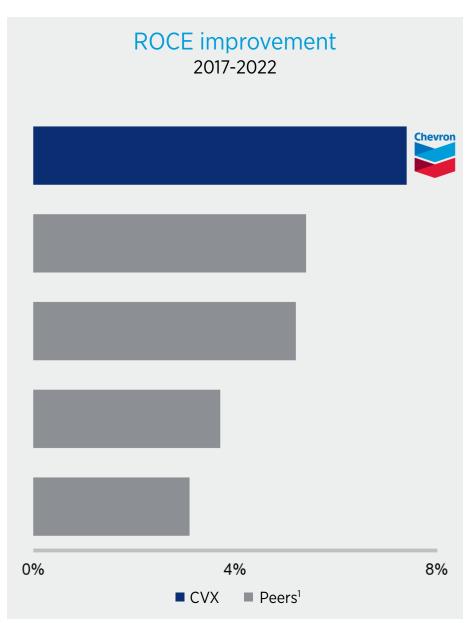






Winning combination

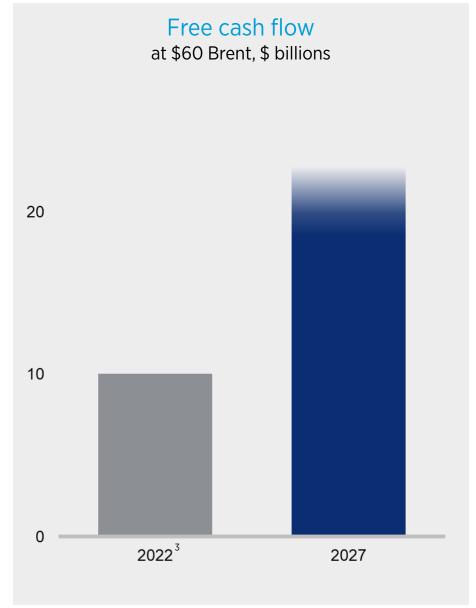
Delivering higher returns



¹ Peers include BP, SHEL, TTE, and XOM. See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.



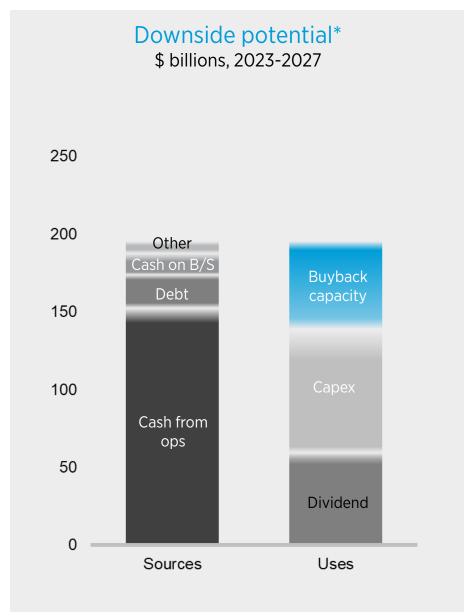




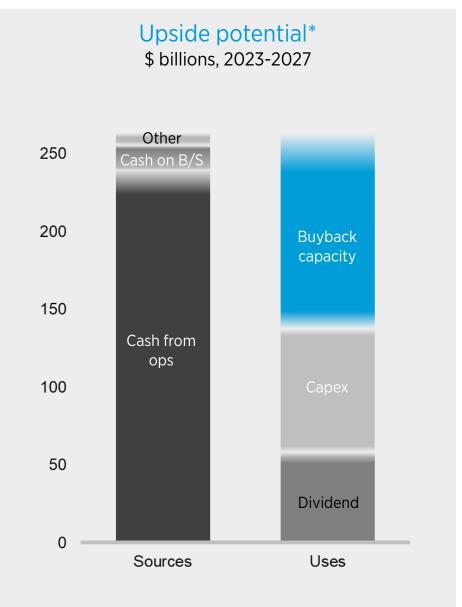
³ 2022 FCF is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG, mid-cycle refining and chemical margins, and excludes working capital.
Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.



Upside leverage and downside resilience





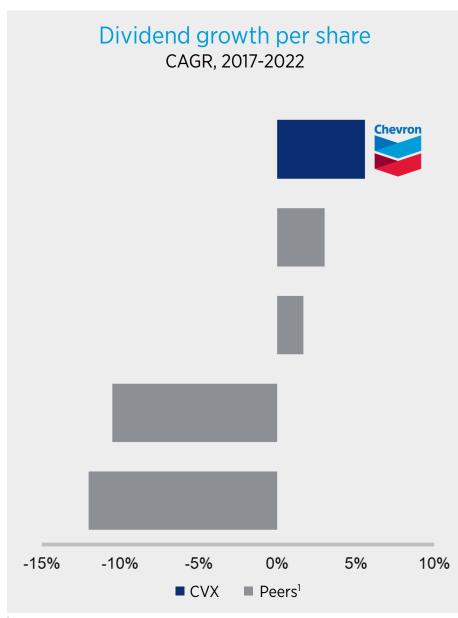


^{*} Each case assumes a transition during 2023-24 from higher nominal prices to a lower flat nominal price for the subsequent three years. The Downside case assumes \$50 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$60 Brent average 2023-2027. The Upside case assumes \$70 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$85 Brent average 2023-2027. Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day February 28, 2023.

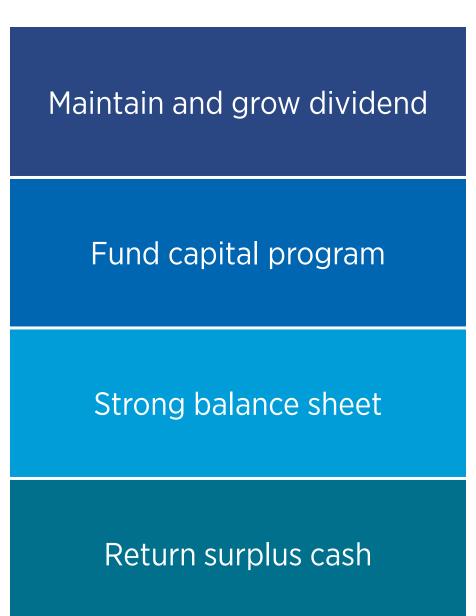


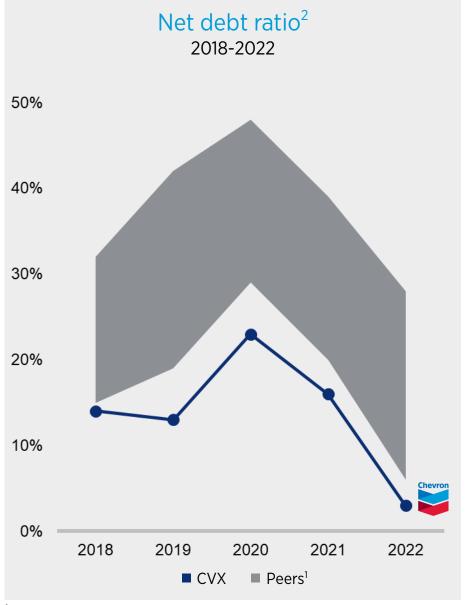


Financial priorities unchanged



¹Peers include BP, SHEL, TTE, and XOM. See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations and other information.





² Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and time deposits divided by debt less cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and time deposits plus stockholders' equity. All figures are based on published financial reports.



Consistent, prepared, adaptive

Pragmatic approach

Advantaged portfolio

Leverage strengths



Higher returns

Efficient execution

Maintain capital discipline



Lower carbon

Reduce carbon intensity

Grow New Energies





Consistency drives value





See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.



^{*} Peers include BP, SHEL, TTE and XOM.

Winning combination

Disciplined growth



Affirmed production growth of >3% CAGR by 2027



Maintain \$14 - \$16 billion¹ in capex through 2027

Note: The figures on this slide represent the company's previously announced guidance and targets.

¹ In addition to our organic capital expenditure guidance of \$14 - \$16 billion through 2027, our affiliate capital expenditure guidance is -\$2 billion from 2024 through 2027.

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.

Lower carbon



Progress toward
Upstream CO₂ intensity
reduction target²



On track for 2030 renewable fuels target

² Target 35% reduction in Upstream CO₂ intensity from 2016 baseline.





Raised annual buyback guidance to \$10 - \$20 billion



Expect >10% FCF average annual growth³

³ FCF at \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG, mid-cycle refining and chemical margins, and excludes working capital.



Financial highlights

3Q23

Earnings / Earnings per diluted share	\$6.5 billion / \$3.48
Adjusted Earnings / EPS ¹	\$5.7 billion / \$3.05
Cash flow from operations / excl. working capital ¹	\$9.7 billion / \$8.9 billion
Total Capex / Organic Capex	\$4.7 billion / \$4.3 billion
ROCE / Adjusted ROCE ^{1,2}	14.5% / 12.7%
Dividends paid	\$2.9 billion
Share repurchases	\$3.4 billion
Debt ratio / Net debt ratio ^{1,3}	11.1% / 8.1%

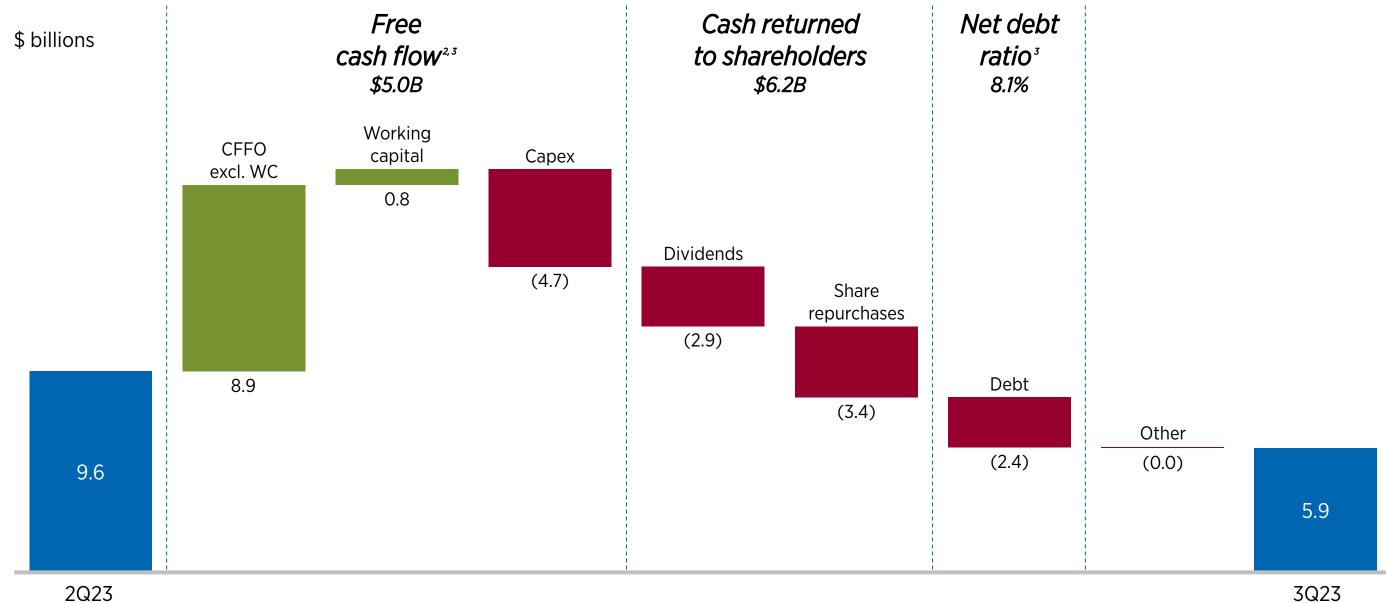
¹ Reconciliation of special items, FX, and other non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix.

³ As of 9/30/2023. Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities divided by debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities plus stockholders' equity.



² Calculations of ROCE and Adjusted ROCE can be found in the appendix.

Delivering on financial priorities



¹ Includes cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. Excludes restricted cash.

Chevron

3Q23 cash balance¹

cash balance¹

 $^{^{2}}$ Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures.

³ Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

Forward guidance



	4Q23	
UPSTREAM	Turnarounds & downtime: PDC Energy capex PDC Energy production	~(60) MBOED ~\$300MM ~265 MBOED
DOWNSTREAM	Refinery turnarounds (A/T earnings):	\$(100) - \$(200)MM
CORPORATE	Affiliate dividends: Share repurchases:	\$2 - \$2.5B \$3B +/- 20%

Forward guidance as of 3Q23 Earnings Call on October 27, 2023.



Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures appendix



Upstream earnings per barrel excluding special items

		TOT	TAL UPSTREAI	М			TOTAL UPSTREAM
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2015 - 2019
Earnings (\$MM)	\$(1,961)	\$(2,537)	\$8,150	\$13,316	\$2,576	Earnings (\$MM)	\$19,544
Adjustment items:						Adjustment items:	
Asset dispositions	310	(70)	760	0	1,200	Asset dispositions	2,200
Other special items ¹	(4,180)	(2,915)	2,750	(1,590)	(10,170)	Other special items ¹	(16,105)
Total adjustment items	(3,870)	(2,985)	3,510	(1,590)	(8,970)	Total adjustment items	(13,905)
Earnings Excluding Special Items (\$MM) ²	\$1,909	\$448	\$4,640	\$14,906	\$11,546	Earnings Excluding Special Items (\$MM) ²	33,449
Net production volume (MBOED) ³	2,539	2,513	2,634	2,827	2,952	Net production volume (MMBOE) ³	4,917
Earnings per barrel	\$(2.12)	\$(2.76)	\$8.48	\$12.90	\$2.39	Earnings per barrel	\$3.97
Earnings per Barrel Excluding Special Items	\$2.06	\$0.49	\$4.83	\$14.45	\$10.72	Earnings per Barrel Excluding Special Items	\$6.80

¹Includes asset impairments & revaluations, certain non-recurring tax adjustments & environmental remediation provisions, severance accruals, and any other special items.



² Earnings excluding special items = Reported earnings less adjustments for asset dispositions and other special items, except foreign exchange.

³ Excludes own use fuel (natural gas consumed in operations).

Free cash flow

\$MM	FY 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,602
Net decrease (Increase) in operating working capital	2,125
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	47,477
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,602
Less: capital expenditures	11,974
Free Cash Flow	37,628
Price normalization*	(19,941)
Mid-cycle downstream & chemicals margins	(5,500)
Less: change in operating working capital	(2,125)
Normalized Free Cash Flow Excluding Working Capital	10,062
* Newsolined to \$50 Deapt \$4.50 Heavy High \$17.50 interpolational LNC	

^{*} Normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG.



Cash flow from operations excluding working capital Free cash flow Free cash flow excluding working capital

\$ millions	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	YTD 2023
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,205	6,297	9,673	23,175
Less: Net decrease (increase) in operating working capital	(1,815)	(3,133)	767	(4,181)
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	9,020	9,430	8,906	27,356
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,205	6,297	9,673	23,175
Less: Capital expenditures	3,038	3,757	4,673	11,468
Free Cash Flow	4,167	2,540	5,000	11,707
Less: Net decrease (increase) in operating working capital	(1,815)	(3,133)	767	(4,181)
Free Cash Flow Excluding Working Capital	5,982	5,673	4,233	15,888

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

Annual free cash flow estimates with respect to TCO in 2025 are forward-looking non-GAAP measures. Due to their forward-looking nature, management cannot reliably predict certain necessary components of the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP measure and is therefore unable to provide a quantitative reconciliation.



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Net debt ratio

\$MM	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Short term debt	5,726	3,282	1,548	256	1,964
Long term debt*	28,733	23,691	42,767	31,113	21,375
Total Debt	34,459	26,973	44,315	31,369	23,339
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	9,342	5,686	5,596	5,640	17,678
Less: Time deposits	950	0	0	0	0
Less: Marketable securities	53	63	31	35	223
Total Adjusted Debt	24,114	21,224	38,688	25,694	5,438
Total Chevron Stockholder's Equity	154,554	144,213	131,688	139,067	159,282
Total Adjusted Debt plus Total Chevron Stockholder's Equity	178,668	165,437	170,376	164,761	164,720
Net Debt Ratio	13.5%	12.8%	22.7%	15.6%	3.3%

^{*} Includes capital lease obligations / finance lease liabilities. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Net debt ratio

\$ millions	3Q23
Short term debt	440
Long term debt*	20,119
Total debt	20,559
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	5,797
Less: Marketable securities	141
Total adjusted debt	14,621
Total Chevron Corporation Stockholders' Equity	165,265
Total adjusted debt plus total Chevron Stockholders' Equity	179,886
Net debt ratio	8.1%
*1.1.1. 2.11. 18.21. /6. 1. 11.122	

^{*} Includes capital lease obligations / finance lease liabilities. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Reported earnings to adjusted earnings

	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	FY22	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	YTD 2023
Reported earnings (\$ millions)									_
Upstream	6,934	8,558	9,307	5,485	30,284	5,161	4,936	5,755	15,852
Downstream	331	3,523	2,530	1,771	8,155	1,800	1,507	1,683	4,990
All Other	(1,006)	(459)	(606)	(903)	(2,974)	(387)	(433)	(912)	(1,732)
Total reported earnings	6,259	11,622	11,231	6,353	35,465	6,574	6,010	6,526	19,110
Diluted weighted avg. shares outstanding ('000)	1,944,542	1,957,109	1,940,002	1,919,731	1,940,277	1,900,785	1,875,508	1,877,104	1,884,407
Reported earnings per share	\$3.22	\$5.95	\$5.78	\$3.33	\$18.28	\$3.46	\$3.20	\$3.48	\$10.14
Special items (\$ millions)									
UPSTREAM									
Asset dispositions	-	200	-	-	200	-	-	-	-
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	-	(600)	-	(1,075)	(1,675)	(130)	225	560	655
Subtotal	-	(400)	-	(1,075)	(1,475)	(130)	225	560	655
DOWNSTREAM									
Asset dispositions	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
ALL OTHER									
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	(66)	(11)	(177)	(17)	(271)	_	-	(40)	(40)
Impairments and other*	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	(66)	(11)	(177)	(17)	(271)	-	-	(40)	(40)
Total special items	(66)	(411)	(177)	(1,092)	(1,746)	(130)	225	520	615
Foreign exchange (\$ millions)									
Upstream	(144)	603	440	(83)	816	(56)	10	584	538
Downstream	23	145	179	(112)	235	18	4	24	46
All other	(97)	(80)	5	(210)	(382)	(2)	(4)	(323)	(329)
Total FX	(218)	668	624	(405)	669	(40)	10	285	255
Adjusted earnings (\$ millions)									
Upstream	7,078	8,355	8,867	6,643	30,943	5,347	4,701	4,611	14,659
Downstream	308	3,378	2,351	1,883	7,920	1,782	1,503	1,659	4,944
All Other	(843)	(368)	(434)	(676)	(2,321)	(385)	(429)	(549)	(1,363)
Total adjusted earnings (\$ millions)	6,543	11,365	10,784	7,850	36,542	6,744	5,775	5,721	18,240
Adjusted earnings per share	\$3.36	\$5.82	\$5.56	\$4.09	\$18.83	\$3.55	\$3.08	\$3.05	\$9.68

^{*} Includes asset impairments, write-offs, tax items, early contract termination charges and other special items. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measuresAdjusted ROCE

\$ millions	3Q23	\$ millions	3Q23
Total reported earnings	6,526	Adjusted earnings	5,721
Non-controlling interest	29	Non-controlling interest	29
Interest expense (A/T)	104	Interest expense (A/T)	104
ROCE earnings	6,659	Adjusted ROCE earnings	5,854
Annualized ROCE earnings	26,636	Annualized adjusted ROCE earnings	23,416
Average capital employed*	183,810	Average capital employed*	183,810
ROCE	14.5%	Adjusted ROCE	12.7%

^{*} Capital employed is the sum of Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, total debt and non-controlling interests. Average capital employed is computed by averaging the sum of capital employed at the beginning and the end of the period. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Slide notes appendix



Appendix: slide notes

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the 2023 Chevron Investor Day Transcript posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."

Safely deliver higher returns, lower carbon

- Please see Advancing our lower carbon future slide regarding 2028 carbon intensity targets.
- For additional detail, see our 2021 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf

Capital discipline

- Capital expenditures (Capex) The 2023-2027 capital expenditure guidance is consistent with the organic capital budget announced in December 2022. It includes additions to fixed asset or investment accounts for the company's consolidated subsidiaries and is disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.
- Affiliate capital expenditures (Affiliate capex) The 2023-2027 affiliate capex guidance is consistent with the organic capital budget announced in December 2022. It does not require cash outlays by the company.

10-year reserves & resource

- BBOE Billion barrels of oil equivalent
- RRR Reserve replacement ratio

Profitably growing our upstream business

- BOE Barrel of oil equivalent
- EPB Earnings per barrel
 - Upstream earnings per barrel excludes special items. See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.
 - 2023-2027 is based on flat nominal \$60/BBL Brent. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- MMBOED Million barrels of oil equivalent per day
- CAGR Compound annual growth rate

Delivering value in the Permian

- MBOED Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day
- All results based on \$60/BBL Brent and \$4.50/MMBtu Henry Hub. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- To simplify reporting, 2023 to 2027 Permian production outlook shown in the light blue area includes both conventional and unconventional production conventional Permian production is expected to be less than 10 MBOED annually.
- FCF Free cash flow; excludes working capital impacts
- **ROCE** Return on capital employed

Permian COOP well performance

• MBOE - Thousand barrels of oil equivalent

Focused on delivering FGP / WPMP

- **FGP** Future Growth Project
- WPMP Wellhead Pressure Management Program
- MBD Thousand barrels per day

Connecting our natural gas resources to demand

- Resources Net unrisked resource as defined in the 2022 Supplement to the Annual Report
- TCF Trillion cubic feet
- LNG Liquified natural gas

Competitive chemical and downstream projects

- MMTPA Million tonnes per annum
- USGC United States Gulf Coast
- LTO Light tight oil
- RD Renewable diesel



Appendix: slide notes

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the 2023 Chevron Investor Day Transcript posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."

Advancing our lower carbon future

- For additional detail, see our 2021 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- Carbon intensity Amount of carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide equivalent per unit of measure
- CO₂ Carbon dioxide
- PCI Portfolio carbon intensity
- MBD Thousand barrels per day
- CCUS Carbon capture, utilization and storage
- MMTPA Million tonnes per annum
- KTPA Thousand tonnes per annum

Carbon efficient supplier of energy

- For additional detail, see our 2021 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf

Integrating renewables into our business

- RD Renewable diesel
- BD Biodiesel
- USWC United States West Coast
- Expect 5x more USWC stations selling RD / BD by year-end 2023 versus 2021.
- RNG Renewable natural gas
- CNG Compressed natural gas
- MMBTU/D Million British thermal units per day

<u>Developing CCUS value chains</u>

• Prospective storage resources as guided by the SPE CO₂ Storage Resources Management System.

Growing our hydrogen business

Chevron's approach to hydrogen envisions the use of green, blue and gray hydrogen.

Developing hydrogen value chains

- **CI –** Carbon intensity
- H₂ Hydrogen
- NH₃ Ammonia

Technology powering today's businesses

For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf



Appendix: slide notes

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the 2023 Chevron Investor Day Transcript posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."

Delivering higher returns

- ROCE improvement 2017-2022 ROCE improvement is based on a rolling 3-year average for each of the 5 years and excludes special items. All figures are based on published financial reports for each peer company and are preliminary subject to 20-F/10-K filings.
- FCF excluding working capital FCF excluding working capital is defined as net cash provided by operating
 activities excluding working capital less capital expenditures and generally represents the cash available to
 creditors and investors after investing in the business excluding the timing impacts of working capital. 2022
 FCF is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG and mid-cycle refining and chemical
 margins.
- \$5.5 billion refining mid-cycle margin normalization in 2022 is based on 2013-2019 refining margins and assumed 2027 chemical margins.
- See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.

Upside leverage and downside resilience

- Brent pricing is illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- Each case assumes a transition during 2023-24 from higher nominal prices to a lower flat nominal price for the subsequent three years. The Downside case assumes \$50 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$60 Brent average 2023-2027. The Upside case assumes \$70 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$85 Brent average 2023-2027.
- Potential to buyback ~3% to ~6% of shares outstanding is based on the CVX average market capitalization across the month of January 2023.

Financial priorities unchanged

- CAGR Compound annual growth rate
- **Dividend growth per share –** Compares compound annual growth rate from 2017 to 2022. All figures are based on published financial reports for each peer company and are preliminary subject to 20-F/10-K filings. TTE dividends are calculated in Euros to avoid FX impacts and exclude the special dividend.
- Net debt ratio Net debt ratio is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities as a percentage of total debt less cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities, plus Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, which indicates the company's leverage, net of its cash balances. All figures are based on published financial reports. Refer to Chevron's 2022 Form 10-K for reconciliation. All peer figures are based on published financial reports for each peer company and are preliminary subject to 20-F/10-K filings.

Consistency drives value

- Capital efficiency Cumulative capital expenditures (Capex) divided by cash flow from operations (CFFO) in the period. For the purpose of this analysis only, capex includes acquisitions and loans to affiliates.
- **Total cash returned to shareholders** Actual cash returned through buybacks, dividends, and special dividends per average share outstanding basic.

Winning combination

- Please see Capital discipline slide notes for definition of capital expenditures (Capex).
- CO₂ Carbon dioxide
- Carbon intensity Amount of carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide equivalent per unit of measure

