UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

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Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported):
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                    July 22, 1997
    TEXACO INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation)
(Commission File Number)

2000 Westchester Avenue
10650
White Plains, New York
(Zip Code)
(Address of principal executive offices)
(914) 253-4000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Item 5. Other Events
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1. On July 22, 1997, the Registrant issued an Earnings Press Release entitled "Texaco Reports Strong Results - Second Quarter 1997 Earnings Total \$571 Million," a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and made a part hereof.

Item 7. Financial Statements, Pro Forma Financial Information and Exhibits
(c) Exhibits
99.1 Press Release issued by Texaco Inc. dated July 22, 1997, entitled "Texaco Reports Strong Results - Second Quarter 1997 Earnings Total \$571 Million."

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

TEXACO INC.
(Registrant)

By:
R. E. KOCH
(Assistant Secretary)

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1997.
WHITE PLAINS, N.Y., July 22 - Volume growth in both the upstream and downstream and a continuing commitment to manage per barrel operating expenses were key drivers of Texaco's strong second quarter performance Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Peter I. Bijur reported today. However, he added, abundant supplies of crude oil and products have put downward pressure on commodity prices and downstream margins.

Texaco's total reported net income for the second quarter of 1997 was $\$ 571$ million, or $\$ 2.14$ per share. The quarter included special items amounting to a net gain of $\$ 131$ million. Net income for the second quarter of 1996, which included special items amounting to a net gain of $\$ 224$ million, was $\$ 689$ million, or $\$ 2.59$ per share. For the first half of 1997 , total reported net income was $\$ 1,551$ million, or $\$ 5.86$ per share, as compared with $\$ 1,075$ million, or $\$ 4.01$ per share for the first half of 1996. In commenting on 1997 second quarter results, Bijur highlighted the following:
o Net income before special items totaled $\$ 440$ million.
o Worldwide daily production rose four percent.
o Branded gasoline sales in the U. S. increased two percent.
o Year-to-date capital and exploratory expenditures grew 25 percent to $\$ 1.8$ billion.
o Expenses per barrel continued to be managed at levels below inflation.

Bijur further stated, "In the upstream, the successful push to increase production, especially in the United Kingdom and Partitioned Neutral Zone, is key to our results. But, while production rose in this year's second quarter, unanticipated start-up problems slowed expected production in the U.K. Captain Field. Overall, earnings for this year's second quarter were slightly below last year. Commodity prices this year were lower, and we increased exploratory spending focused on expanding our reserve base. International downstream results were higher this year. Earnings grew in Latin America and margins in Europe improved over depressed 1996 levels. However, in the U. S. downstream, 1997 results were significantly lower. A surplus of refined products, especially on the West Coast, and lackluster demand in the marketplace drove prices downward, negating the effects of improved refining operations and higher gasoline sales volumes.

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"In this year's second quarter, increased capital and exploratory spending accompanied our announcements of natural gas discoveries in Oklahoma and New Mexico, government approval of our Hamaca heavy oil project in Venezuela, the completion of a significant geothermal well in Indonesia and expansions of our natural gas liquids and refined products pipeline systems. Also, negotiations with Shell continued to combine major elements of our U. S. downstream operations," Bijur said.

Net income before special items for the second quarter of 1997 was $\$ 440$ million, or $\$ 1.64$ per share, as compared with $\$ 465$ million, or $\$ 1.73$ per share, for the second quarter of 1996. For the first half of 1997, net income before special items was $\$ 932$ million, or $\$ 3.48$ per share, as compared with $\$ 851$ million, or $\$ 3.15$ per share, for the first half of 1996.

|  | Second Quarter |  | First Half |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texaco Inc. (Millions): | 1997 | 1996 | 1997 | 1996 |
| Net income before special items | \$440 | \$465 | \$ 932 | \$ 851 |
| Gains on major asset sales | 174 | 224 | 174 | 224 |
| Financial reserves for various issues | (43) | - | (43) | - |
| U. S. tax issue | - | - | 488 | - |
|  | 131 | 224 | 619 | 224 |
| Total reported net income | \$571 | \$689 | \$1,551 | \$1, 075 |

## ANALYSIS OF OPERATING EARNINGS <br> EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION

|  | Second Quarter |  | First Half |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNITED STATES (Millions): | 1997 | 1996 | 1997 | 1996 |
| Operating earnings before special items | \$ 232 | \$ 243 | \$ 543 | \$ 510 |
| Special items | (43) | - | (43) | - |
| Total operating net income | \$ 189 | \$ 243 | \$ 500 | \$ 510 |

In the U.S. upstream, lower commodity prices caused second quarter 1997 earnings to be below last year's level. Excess supplies in the global market led to the price declines. Average realized crude oil and natural gas prices for the second quarter of 1997 were $\$ 16.95$ per barrel and $\$ 2.02$ per thousand cubic feet (MCF), $\$ .35$ per barrel and $\$ .05$ per MCF lower than the same period last year.

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Earnings for the first half of 1997 were six percent above 1996. The effects of higher commodity prices in the first quarter significantly exceeded the second quarter price declines. Lower gas trading results and higher exploratory activity, mostly in the Gulf of Mexico, partly negated the impact of higher prices.

Liquids and natural gas production in 1997 was maintained at prior-year levels. Continued success in enhancing liquids production from existing fields, particularly in the Gulf of Mexico and Louisiana, offset declines from maturing fields.

Results for 1997 included a second quarter special charge of $\$ 43$ million for the establishment of financial reserves for royalty and severance tax issues.

|  | Second Quarter |  | First Half |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERNATIONAL (Millions): | 1997 | 1996 | 1997 | 1996 |
| Operating earnings before special items | \$ 79 | \$ 103 | \$ 235 | \$ 233 |
| Special items | 161 | - | 161 | - |
| Total operating net income | \$ 240 | \$ 103 | \$ 396 | \$ 233 |

In the international upstream, higher production had a favorable impact on 1997 results. Total daily production in 1997 increased 11 percent over last year. New production from the Captain Field in the U.K. North Sea contributed to the increase. Also, new activities coming onstream late in 1996 in the Wafra field in the Partitioned Neutral Zone between Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, in the Bagre Field offshore Angola and in the Danish North Sea led to higher liquids production. Natural gas production in 1997 benefited from a full six months operations at the Dolphin Field in Trinidad and from the Chuchupa "B" Field in Colombia. Crude oil prices were lower in 1997. Average crude oil prices were \$16.91 per barrel for the second quarter, \$1.50 per barrel below comparative 1996 prices.

Significantly higher activity levels associated with Texaco's aggressive exploration program contributed to lower overall results for the second quarter of 1997. Additionally, earnings for 1997 included lower gas trading results in the U.K.

The second quarter of 1997 included special gains of $\$ 161$ million from the sales of a 15 percent interest in the Captain Field in the U.K. North Sea, an interest in Canadian gas properties and an interest in an Australian pipeline system.


In the U. S. downstream, weak West Coast margins caused lower earnings in the second quarter and first half of 1997 . West coast product prices were higher in 1996 from shortages caused by regional refining problems and new California gasoline formulation requirements. Throughout the first half of 1997 branded gasoline sales volumes increased; however, surplus supplies led to a squeeze on West Coast gasoline margins. Additionally, while refinery operations improved this year, refinery upsets in late 1996 and early 1997 caused higher repair costs and lower product yields in the first quarter of 1997. Lower crude oil trading margins, clean up costs associated with the Lake Barre, Louisiana, pipeline break and the absence of earnings from a PO/MTBE business sold on March 1,1997 , also lowered 1997 results. Partially offsetting these negative factors were improved Gulf Coast sour crude cracking margins.

Results for 1997 included a $\$ 13$ million special gain from the sale of credit card operations.

|  | Second Quarter |  |  | First Half |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERNATIONAL (Millions): | 1997 |  | 1996 |  | 1997 |  | 1996 |
| Operating earnings before special items | \$ 132 | \$ | 80 | \$ | 236 |  | 172 |
| Special items | - |  | 224 |  | - |  | 224 |
| Total operating net income | \$ 132 |  | 304 |  | 236 |  | 396 |

In the international downstream, both second quarter and first half 1997 operating earnings were higher. Improved refining margins in the U.K. and Panama drove earnings upward this year. In addition, expense control at all refineries coupled with improved marketing margins and increased sales volumes in Latin America and the U.K. contributed to the higher earnings. Competitive pressures in the Norwegian marketplace led to lower results in Scandinavia.

Lower results in the Caltex area of operations partially offset the improved earnings in Latin America and Europe. Higher operating earnings in Korea were more than offset by currency impacts attributable to the South African Rand, and operational difficulties at the Thailand refinery that adversely affected product yields.

Results for 1996 included a special gain of $\$ 224$ million for Caltex's sale of its interest in a Japanese affiliate, including the tax on the portion of the sale proceeds distributed to the shareholders.

CORPORATE/NONOPERATING RESULTS

|  | Second Quarter |  | First Half |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Millions) : | 1997 | 1996 | 1997 | 1996 |
| Results before special items | \$ (91) | \$(108) | \$(188) | \$(217) |
| Special items | - | - | 488 | - |
| Total corporate/nonoperating | \$ (91) | \$(108) | \$ 300 | \$(217) |

Reduced interest expense due to lower debt levels and slightly lower interest rates led to a comparative improvement in second quarter and first half 1997 results. Additionally, these results included higher gains on sales of marketable securities held for investment by insurance operations.

Results for the first half of 1997 included a first quarter special benefit of $\$ 488$ million associated with the "Aramco Advantage" U.S. tax case.

CAPITAL AND EXPLORATORY EXPENDITURES
Capital and exploratory expenditures, including equity in such expenditures of affiliates, were $\$ 1,798$ million for the first half of 1997, as compared to $\$ 1,437$ million for the same period of 1996. Expenditures for the second quarter of 1997 amounted to $\$ 999$ million versus $\$ 796$ million for the second quarter of 1996.

Texaco's continued focus on high impact projects in the U.S. upstream, both onshore and offshore, generated increased exploration and development expenditures in the first half of 1997. In the deepwater Gulf of Mexico, platform construction and development drilling continued in the Arnold and Petronius fields while delineation drilling is underway in the Fuji and Gemini prospects. Aggressive drilling and development programs in the traditional offshore shelf area and onshore, as well as enhanced oil recovery efforts in California also increased investments. Construction continued during the second quarter on a jointly owned natural gas pipeline and processing complex in the Gulf Coast area. There was, however, reduced spending this year on lease acquisitions compared to significant expenditures in 1996.

Internationally, upstream investments for the first half of 1997 exceeded the aggressive activity level of 1996. Higher expenditures reflected development work in the U.K. North Sea, principally for continuing activities in the Mariner and Galley fields. Exploration and development activities continued in China and Indonesia.

Downstream expenditures in the U.S. declined slightly in 1997. While spending for refinery upgrades and marketing investment decreased, construction continued on a major crude oil pipeline that will service new deepwater and subsalt production in the Gulf of Mexico.

Internationally, downstream spending increased due to marketing investments and initiatives in the Asia-Pacific area by Texaco's affiliate, Caltex Petroleum Corporation, principally in Hong Kong. Texaco also continued to invest in selected Latin American growth markets.

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Additional Texaco information is available on the World Wide Web at: http://www.texaco.com

|  | Second Quarter |  |  |  | First Half |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FUNCTIONAL NET INCOME (\$000, 000) |  | 1997 |  | 1996 |  | 997 |  | 1996 |
| Operating Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural gas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exploration and production (a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | \$ | 189 | \$ | 243 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 510 |
| International |  | 240 |  | 103 |  | 396 |  | 233 |
| Total |  | 429 |  | 346 |  | 896 |  | 743 |
| Manufacturing, marketing and distribution (a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 100 |  | 144 |  | 106 |  | 148 |
| International |  | 132 |  | 304 |  | 236 |  | 396 |
| Total |  | 232 |  | 448 |  | 342 |  | 544 |
| Total petroleum and natural gas |  | 661 |  | 794 |  | 1,238 |  | 1,287 |
| Nonpetroleum |  | 1 |  | 3 |  | 13 |  | 5 |
| Total operating earnings |  | 662 |  | 797 |  | 1,251 |  | 1,292 |
| Corporate/Nonoperating (a) |  | (91) |  | (108) |  | 300 |  | (217) |
| Total net income (b) | \$ | 571 | \$ | 689 | \$ | 1,551 | \$ | 1, 075 |
| Net income per common share (dollars) | \$ | 2.14 | \$ | 2.59 | \$ | 5.86 | \$ | 4.01 |
| Average number of common shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| outstanding for computation of earnings per share $(000,000)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of earnings per share (000,000) |  | 260.1 |  | 260.8 |  | 260.1 |  | 260.7 |
| (a) Includes special items as detailed in news release. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (b) Includes provision for income taxes (\$000, 000) | \$ | 335 | \$ | 342 | \$ | 141 | \$ | 620 |


| OTHER FINANCIAL DATA (\$000,000) | 1997 |  | 1996 |  | 1997 | 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues | \$11,496 |  | \$11, 261 |  | \$23, 525 | \$21, 532 |
| Total assets as of June 30 |  |  |  |  | \$27,134 | \$25, 241 |
| Stockholders' equity as of June 30 |  |  |  |  | \$11, 415 | \$10, 026 |
| Total debt as of June 30 |  |  |  |  | \$ 5,539 | \$ 5,525 |
| Capital and exploratory expenditures (includes equity in affiliates) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | \$ | 429 | \$ | 355 | \$ 781 | \$ 621 |
| International |  | 264 |  | 243 | 546 | 450 |
| Total |  | 693 |  | 598 | 1,327 | 1, 071 |
| Manufacturing, marketing and distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 92 |  | 79 | 152 | 156 |
| International |  | 207 |  | 114 | 308 | 201 |
| Total |  | 299 |  | 193 | 460 | 357 |
| Other |  | 7 |  | 5 | 11 | 9 |
| Total | \$ | 999 | \$ | 796 | \$ 1,798 | \$ 1,437 |
| Texaco Inc. and subsidiary companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exploratory expenses included above: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | \$ | 34 | \$ | 44 | \$ 76 | \$ 67 |
| International |  | 59 |  | 46 | 116 | 92 |
| Total | \$ | 93 | \$ | 90 | \$ 192 | \$ 159 |
| Dividends paid to common stockholders | \$ | 220 | \$ | 208 | \$ 441 | \$ 416 |
| Dividends per common share (dollars) | \$ | . 85 | \$ | . 80 | \$ 1.70 | \$ 1.60 |
| Dividend requirements for preferred stockholders | \$ | 14 | \$ | 14 | \$ 28 | \$ 29 |


| CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED | June 30, | December 31, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BALANCE SHEET (\$000, 000) | 1997 | 1996 |
|  | (Unaudited) |  |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| Current Assets |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 657 | \$ 511 |
| Other current assets | 6,491 | 7,154 |
| Total current assets | 7,148 | 7,665 |
| Investments and Advances | 5,438 | 4,996 |
| Net Properties, Plant and Equipment | 13,584 | 13,411 |
| Deferred Charges | 964 | 891 |
| Total | \$27,134 | \$26,963 |
|  | ====== | ====== |
| LIABILITIES AND Stockholders' EQUITY |  |  |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |
| Short-term debt | \$ 472 | \$ 465 |
| Other current liabilities | 5,052 | 5,719 |
| Total current liabilities | 5,524 | 6,184 |
| Long-Term Debt and Capital Lease Obligations | 5,067 | 5,125 |
| Deferred Income Taxes | 809 | 795 |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities | 3,663 | 3,829 |
| Minority Interest in Subsidiary Companies | 656 | 658 |
| Stockholders' Equity | 11,415 | 10,372 |
| Total | \$27,134 | \$26,963 |

## OPERATING DATA - INCLUDING

INTERESTS IN AFFILIATES

Exploration and Production

United States

Net production of crude oil and natural gas liquids ( 000 BPD)
Net production of natural gas -
available for sale ( 000 MCFPD)
Total net production (000 BOEPD)
Natural gas sales (000 MCFPD)
Natural gas liquids sales
(including purchased LPGs) (000 BPD)
Average U.S. crude (per bbl.)
Average U.S. natural gas (per mcf)
Average WTI (Spot) (per bbl.)
Average Kern (Spot) (per bbl.)


## International

Net production of crude oil and natural gas liquids (000 BPD)

## Europe

Indonesia
Partitioned Neutral Zone Other

## Total

| 385 | 391 | 385 | 387 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,677 | 1,685 | 1,666 | 1,666 |
| 665 | 672 | 663 | 665 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 3,561 | 3,007 | 3,700 | 3,120 |
| 172 | 188 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2188 |
| $\$ 16.95$ | $\$ 17.30$ | $\$ 18.29$ | $\$ 16.90$ |
| $\$ 2.02$ | $\$ 2.07$ | $\$ 2.36$ | $\$ 2.11$ |
| $\$ 19.97$ | $\$ 21.73$ | $\$ 21.38$ | $\$ 20.74$ |
| $\$ 14.11$ | $\$ 15.46$ | $\$ 15.07$ | $\$ 15.18$ |

Net production of natural gas available for sale (000 MCFPD)

Europe
Colombia
Other

Total
Total net production (000 BOEPD)
Natural gas sales ( 000 MCFPD)
Natural gas liquids sales (including purchased LPGs) (000 BPD)

Average International crude (per bbl.)
Average U.K. natural gas (per mcf)
Average Colombia natural gas (per mcf)

## OPERATING DATA - INCLUDING

## INTERESTS IN AFFILIATES

Manufacturing, Marketing and Distribution

United States
Refinery input (000 BPD)
Subsidiary Affiliate - Star Enterprise

Total
Refined product sales (000 BPD)
Gasolines
Avjets
Middle Distillates
Residuals
Other
Total
International
Refinery input (000 BPD)
Europe
Affiliate - Caltex
Latin America/West Africa
Total
Refined product sales (000 BPD)
Europe
Affiliate - Caltex
Latin America/West Africa
Other
Total

Second Quarter

| First Half |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 1996 |

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