

# the Chevron energy company<sup>™</sup>

# Chevron 2022 **Investor Presentation**

June 1, 2022



# **Cautionary statement**

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELEVANT TO FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This presentation contains forward-looking statements relating to Chevron's operations and energy transition plans that are based on management's current expectations, estimates and projections about the petroleum, chemicals and other energy-related industries. Words or phrases such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "targets," "advances," "commits," "drives," "aims," "forecasts," "projects," "believes," "approaches," "seeks," "schedules," "estimates," "positions," "pursues," "may," "can," "could," "will," "budgets," "outlook," "trends," "guidance," "focus," "on track," "goals," "objectives," "strategies," "opportunities and other factors, many of which are beyond the company's control and are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Unless legally required, Chevron undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are: changing crude oil and natural gas prices and demand for the company's products, and production curtailments due to market conditions; crude oil production guotas or other actions that might be imposed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other producing countries; technological advancements; changes to government policies in the countries in which the company operates; public health crises, such as pandemics (including coronavirus (COVID-19)) and epidemics, and any related government policies and actions; disruptions in the company's global supply chain, including supply chain constraints and escalation of the cost of goods and services; changing economic, regulatory and political environments in the various countries in which the company operates; general domestic and international economic, market and political conditions, including the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the global response to such conflict; changing refining, marketing and chemicals margins; actions of competitors or regulators; timing of exploration expenses; timing of crude oil liftings: the competitiveness of alternate-energy sources or product substitutes; development of large carbon capture and offset markets; the results of operations and financial condition of the company's suppliers, vendors, partners and equity affiliates, particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic; the inability or failure of the company's joint-venture partners to fund their share of operations and development activities; the potential failure to achieve expected net production from existing and future crude oil and natural gas development projects; potential delays in the development, construction or start-up of planned projects; the potential disruption or interruption of the company's operations due to war, accidents, political events, civil unrest, severe weather, cyber threats, terrorist acts, or other natural or human causes beyond the company's control; the potential liability for remedial actions or assessments under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation; significant operational, investment or product changes undertaken or required by existing or future environmental statutes and regulations, including international agreements and national or regional legislation and regulatory measures to limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions; the potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation; the company's future acquisitions or dispositions of assets or shares or the delay or failure of such transactions to close based on required closing conditions; the potential for gains and losses from asset dispositions or impairments; government mandated sales, divestitures, recapitalizations, taxes and tax audits, tariffs, sanctions, changes in fiscal terms or restrictions on scope of company operations; foreign currency movements compared with the U.S. dollar; material reductions in corporate liquidity and access to debt markets; the receipt of required Board authorizations to implement capital allocation strategies, including future stock repurchase programs and dividend payments; the effects of changed accounting rules under generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by rule-setting bodies; the company's ability to identify and mitigate the risks and hazards inherent in operating in the global energy industry; and the factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" on pages 20 through 25 of the company's 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Other unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this presentation could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements.

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Terms such as "resources" may be used in this presentation to describe certain aspects of Chevron's portfolio and oil and gas properties beyond the proved reserves. For definitions of, and further information regarding, this and other terms, see the "Glossary of Energy and Financial Terms" on pages 24 through 25 of Chevron's 2021 Supplement to the Annual Report available at chevron.com.

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the related transcripts. All materials are posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."





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# **Corporate Overview**

**Mike Wirth** Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

> **Pierre Breber Chief Financial Officer**



# Winning combination



Expect high growth

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.

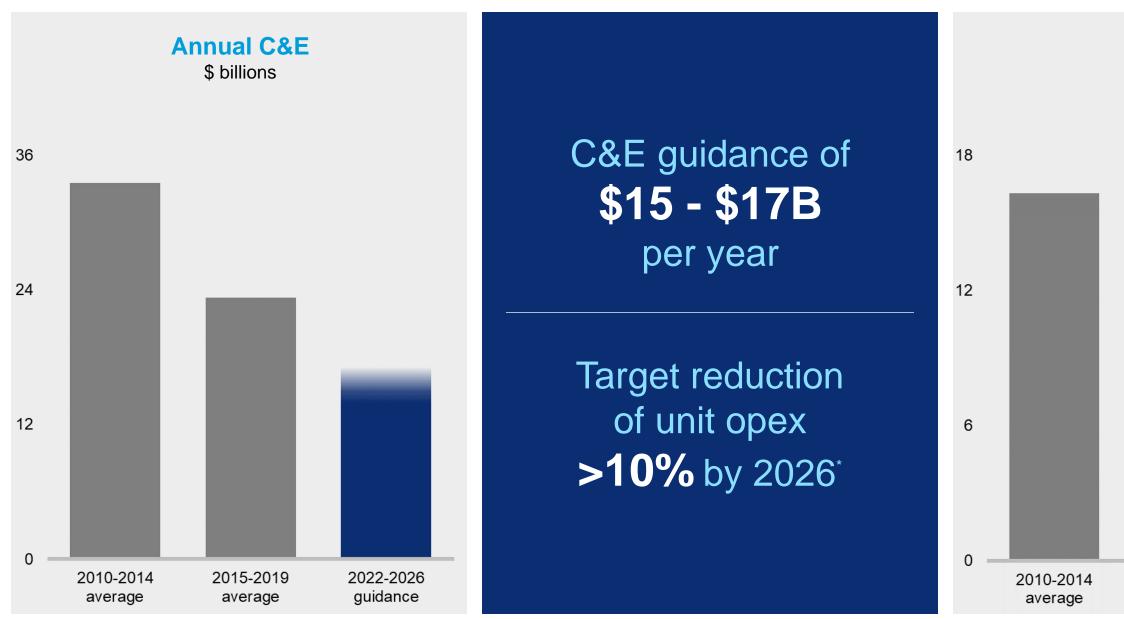
Capital and cost discipline

Superior distributions to shareholders



#### Build on capabilities, assets and customers

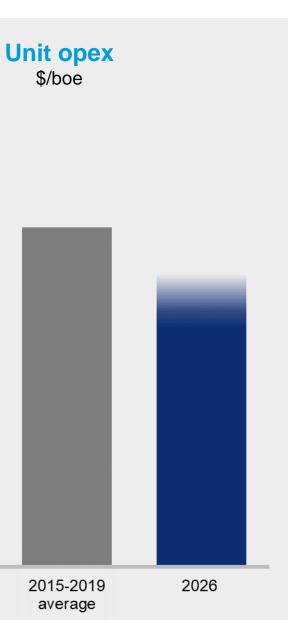
### More capital and cost efficient



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.

\* From 2021 level.





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### Raising ROCE target at flat \$60 Brent nominal



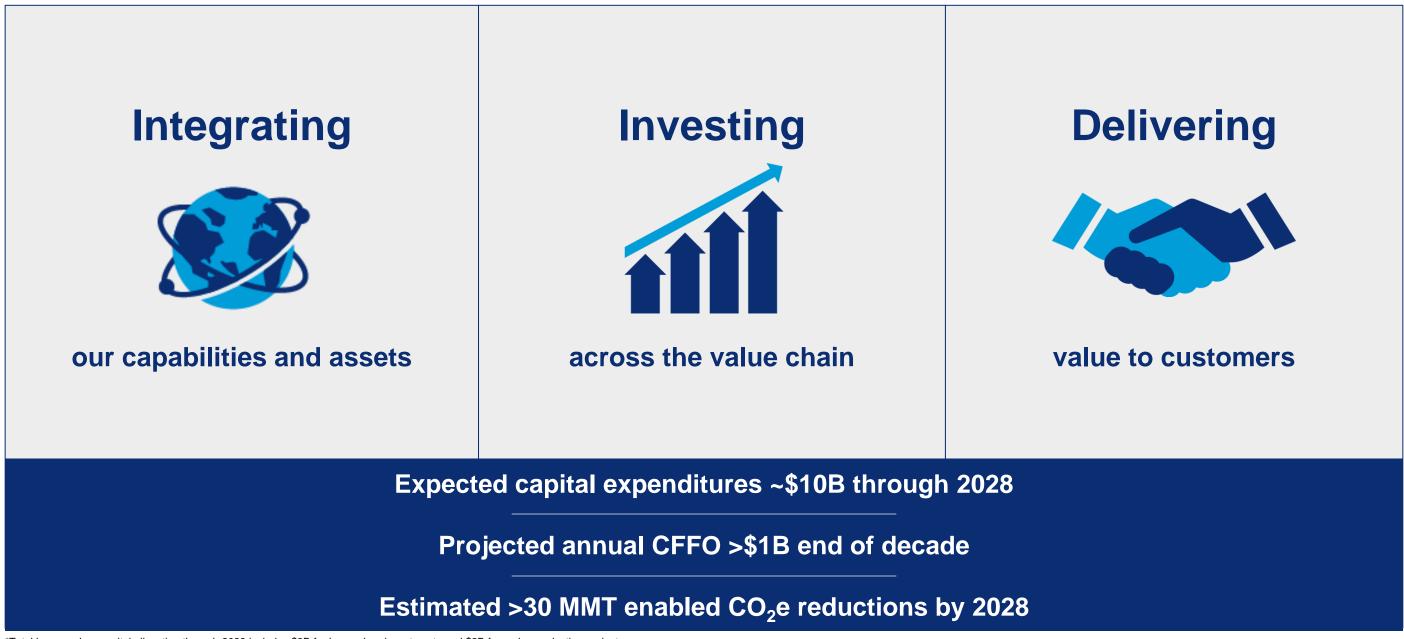
<sup>1</sup> Adjusted ROCE does not include earnings impact of special items and FX. 2021 ROCE is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$3 Henry Hub, \$7 international LNG, and mid-cycle DS&C.

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.



<sup>2</sup> 2021 CFFO per share excluding working capital is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$3 Henry Hub, \$7 international LNG, and mid-cycle DS&C.

### **Accelerating lower carbon businesses**



\*Total lower carbon capital allocation through 2028 includes \$8B for low-carbon investments and \$2B for carbon reduction projects.



## **Advancing our lower carbon future**



<sup>1</sup> From 2016 baseline.

<sup>2</sup> Accomplishing this aspiration depends on continuing progress on commercially viable technology; government policy; successful negotiations for CCS and naturebased projects; availability of cost-effective, verifiable offsets in the global market; and granting of necessary permits by governing authorities.

<sup>3</sup> PCI – portfolio carbon intensity (PCI) is a metric that represents the carbon intensity across the full value chain associated with bringing products to market. This target is expected to allow Chevron flexibility to grow its traditional upstream and downstream business, provided it remains increasingly carbon-efficient

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<sup>4</sup> Scope 3 includes emissions from use of products. <sup>5</sup> Chevron's approach to hydrogen envisions the use of green, blue and gray hydrogen.

# 2030 targets 100 MBD

#### 150 KTPA

#### 25 MMTPA

# **Consistent financial priorities**

Maintain and grow dividend	2X dividend per share s
Fund capital program	>20% more capital e
Strong balance sheet	<20% net debt ra
Return surplus cash	\$5 - \$10B annual buybac

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information. Refer to Chevron's 2021 Form 10-K for reconciliation of net debt ratio.



#### since 2010

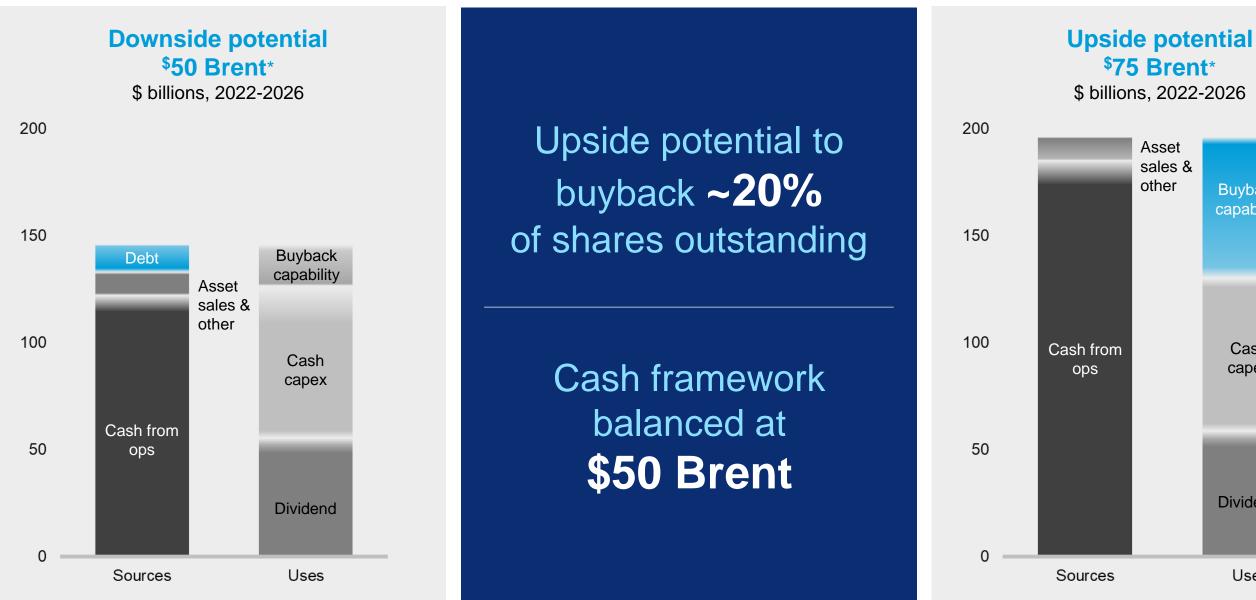
#### efficient

#### atio

#### ack guidance

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## **Downside resilience and upside leverage**



\* Based on flat nominal prices from 2022 to 2026.

See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.



### \$75 Brent\* \$ billions, 2022-2026 Asset sales & other Buyback capability Cash capex Dividend

#### Uses

# Winning combination

More efficient	More cash	Low
5		
Maintain <b>\$15 - \$17 billion</b> in C&E through 2026	Driving to 12% ROCE by 2026	Target <sup>1</sup> 359 Upstream CC
		100 MBD 1
>10% decrease in unit opex by 2026	10% CAGR CFFO per share excl. WC through 2026	New 2030 gi

Note: The figures on this slide represent the company's previously announced guidance and targets relating to its capital and cost efficiency strategy.



#### ver carbon



#### 5% reduction in O<sub>2</sub> intensity by 2028





#### 25 MMTPA



<sup>1</sup> From 2016 baseline. <sup>2</sup> Chevron's approach to hydrogen envisions the use of green, blue and gray hydrogen.

# **Financial highlights**

#### 1Q22

Earnings / Earnings per diluted share	\$6.3 billion / \$3.22
Adjusted Earnings / EPS <sup>1</sup>	\$6.5 billion / \$3.36
Cash flow from operations / excl. working capital <sup>1</sup>	\$8.1 billion / \$9.0 billion
Total C&E / Organic C&E	\$2.8 billion / \$2.7 billion
ROCE / Adjusted ROCE <sup>1,2</sup>	14.7% / 15.4%
Dividends paid	\$2.7 billion
Share repurchases	\$1.3 billion
Debt ratio / Net debt ratio <sup>1,3</sup>	16.7% / 10.8%

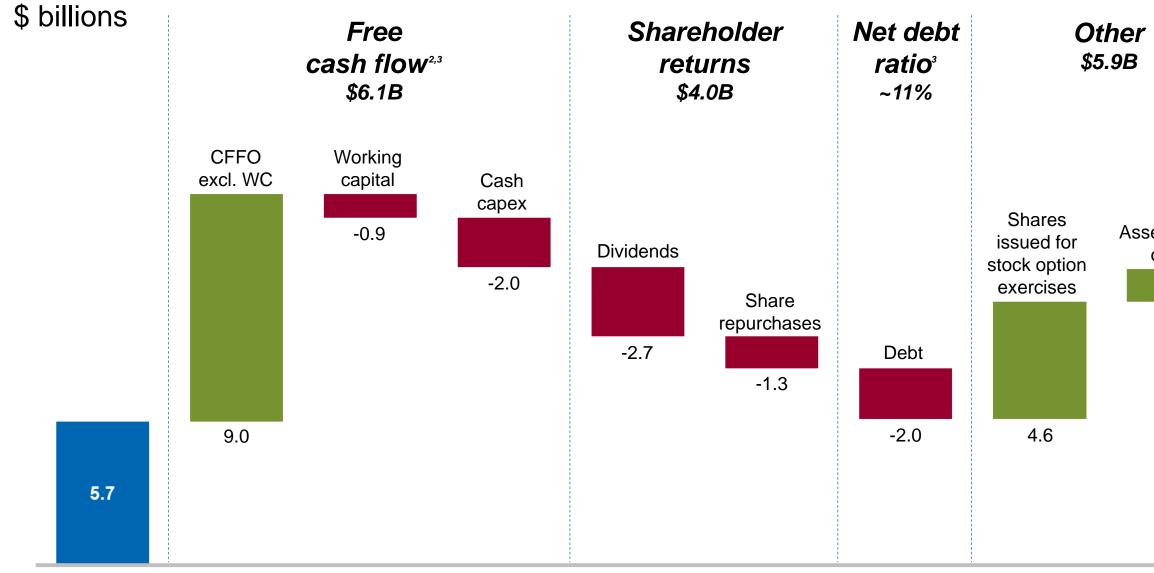
<sup>1</sup> Reconciliation of special items, FX, and other non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix.

<sup>2</sup>Quarterly ROCE and Adjusted ROCE calculated based on annualized earnings.

<sup>3</sup> As of 3/31/2022. Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities divided by debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities plus stockholders' equity.



# **Consistent financial priorities**



YE 2021 cash balance<sup>1</sup>

 <sup>1</sup> Includes cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. Excludes restricted cash.
<sup>2</sup> Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less cash capital expenditures.
<sup>3</sup> Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



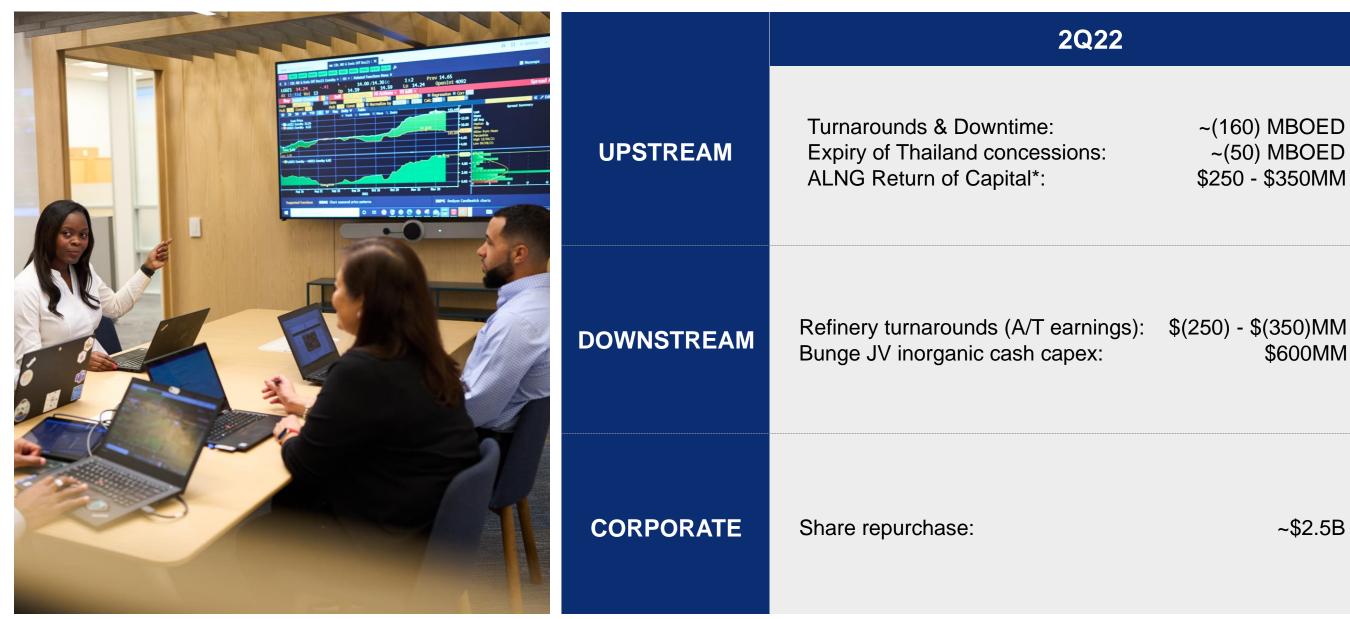
### Asset sales / other





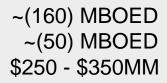
1Q22 cash balance<sup>1</sup>

### Looking ahead **Forward guidance**



\* ALNG return of capital appears in Proceeds and deposits related to asset sales and returns of investment on the Statement of Cash Flows.





### \$600MM

#### ~\$2.5B

# A differentiated value proposition

### **Higher returns**



### Lower carbon



First quarter 2022 14.7% ROCE

Permian production outlook<sup>1</sup> 700 - 750 MBOED

Buyback guidance raised to \$10B annual run rate

Announced >\$4B lower carbon spend<sup>2</sup>

Progressing **REG and Bunge transactions** 

> First nature-based **GHG offset project**

<sup>1</sup> Permian Unconventional expected full-year 2022 production. <sup>2</sup> Expected full-year 2022 spend.











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# **Upstream & Midstream**

Jay Johnson Executive Vice President, Upstream

> **Colin Parfitt** Vice President, Midstream



# **Continuing to advance our Upstream business**



See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.





# **2022 Production outlook**

Contract Base / New 2021 Asset expirations other production sales ~(20) ~20 ~(160) ~80 2-5% increase excl. contract expirations exci. contract expiration and 2022 asset sales 3,099 2,939 2021 2021 2022 \$60/bbl \$71/bbl excl. contract Brent Brent expirations

**Indonesia & Thailand** contract expirations

> Ramp-up in Permian

Lower turnaround activity

Note: \$60/bbl nominal Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.



MBOED

# Strong resource base underpins production

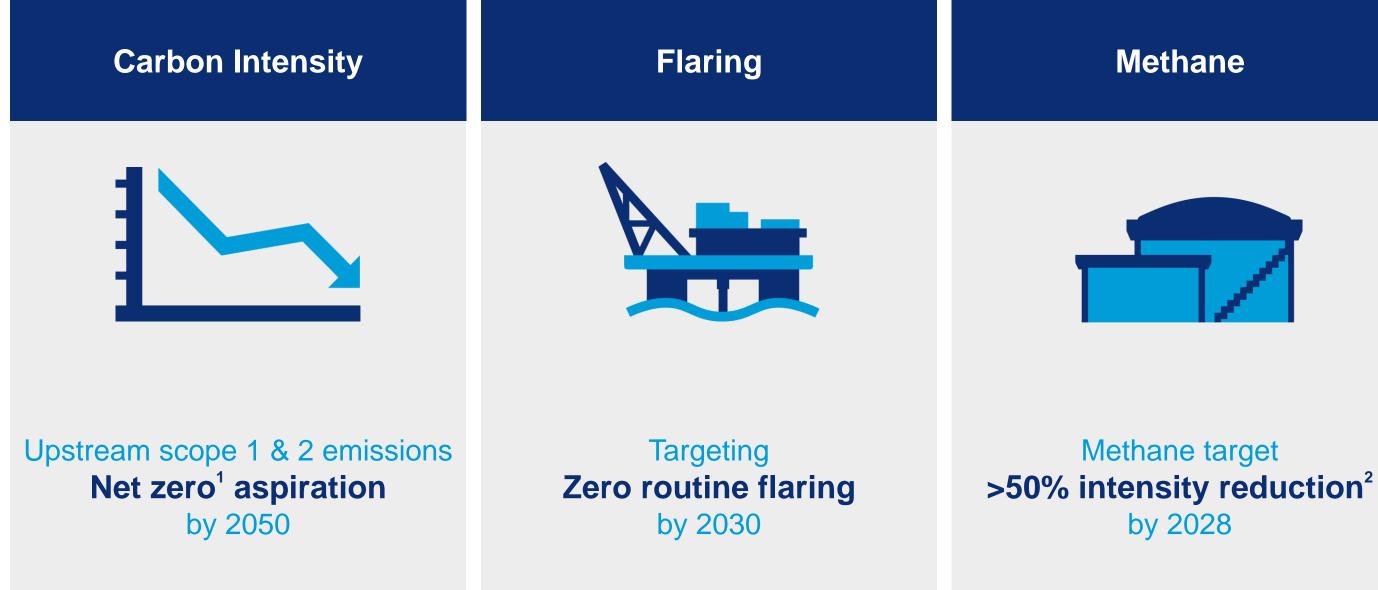


See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information calculations, and other information.





# Advancing our lower carbon future in Upstream



<sup>1</sup> Accomplishing this aspiration depends on continuing progress on commercially viable technology; government policy; successful negotiations for CCS and nature-based projects; availability of cost-effective, verifiable offsets in the global market; and granting of necessary permits by governing authorities.





<sup>2</sup> From 2016 baseline.

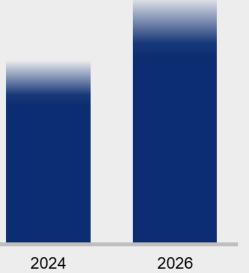
# **Tracking to deliver FGP / WPMP**

<b>Project progress</b> Construction 82% complete	Preparing for start-up Utilities system in start-up	Expected ca FCF growth ~
Project 89% complete	Ramping up systems completion	Loan repayments
Project Progress Annual %		<b>TCO free</b> \$ billio
25%		10
		5
0% 2015 2017 2019 2021 2023		0 2021

### ash generation ~5x from 2021-26

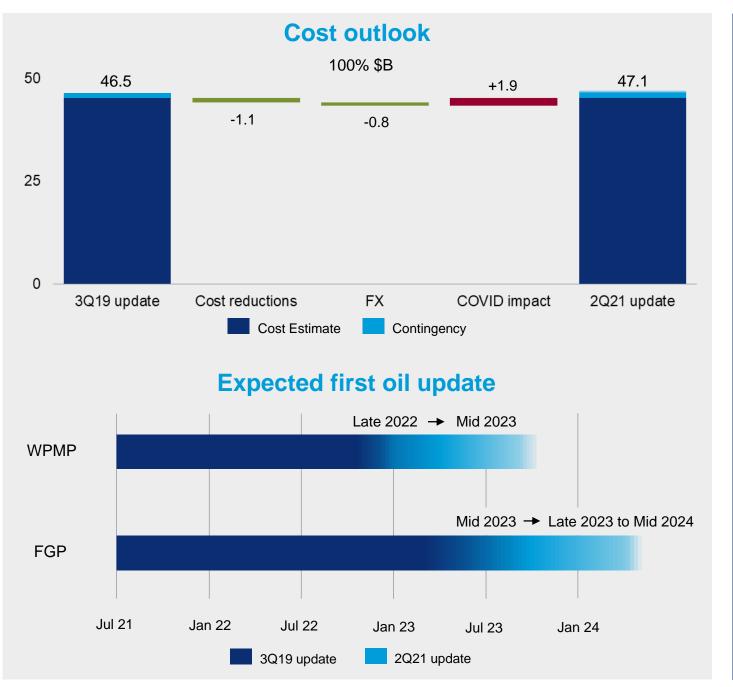
#### and higher dividends

#### ee cash flow ions (100%)



Based on flat \$60 /bbl Brent nominal. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

# **FGP / WPMP update**



Cost target remains \$45.2B

Focus on vaccinations, productivity and work sequencing

Note: CVX share of TCO is 50%.



## Higher returns and free cash flow in Permian

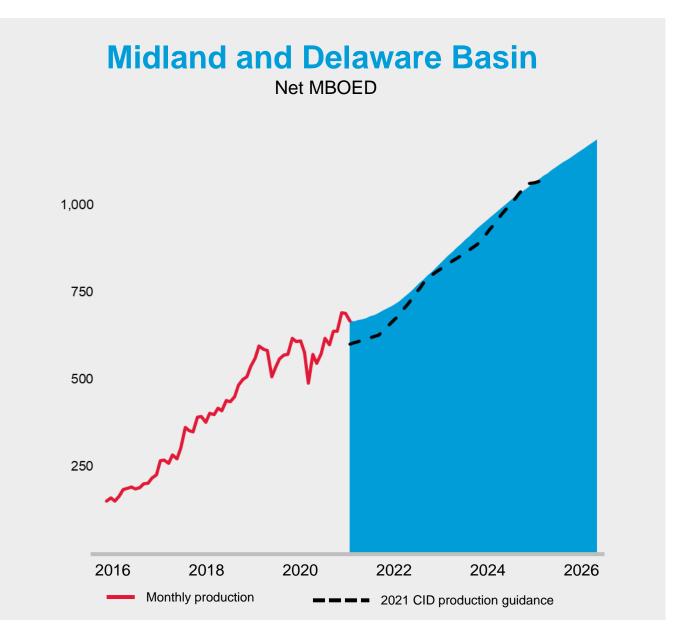






This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

# **Production growth in the Permian**



### On track for >1 MMBOED by 2025

### Royalty benefit<sup>1</sup> and barrels<sup>2</sup> ~20% of production

<sup>1</sup> Royalty benefit calculation based on Chevron's lower effective royalty rate versus an assumed royalty rate of 25%. <sup>2</sup> Royalty barrels are received by Chevron from owned acreage that has been leased to others and requires no capital investment.





# **Expanding the factory model**

#### **DJ Basin**

Target <\$8 / BOE development cost

New facilities ~6 kg  $CO_2e/BOE^*$ 

#### Vaca Muerta

Target <\$7 / BOE development cost

Aerial methane detection



\* Projected upstream emission (scope 1 and 2) intensity in kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/BOE is BOE-weighted for initial years of production. Actual annual intensity is expected to vary.







# Angola Target <\$10 / BOE development cost

#### Block 0 GHG reduction

# **Expect growth in the deepwater**

Australia	Gulf of Mexico	Eastern N
Gorgon Stage 2 first gas 3Q 2022	>300 MBOED by 2026	Increasing
~6 MMT CO <sub>2</sub> gross stored to date	Carbon intensity ~6 kg CO <sub>2</sub> e/BOE*	Gas displacing
	MCP start-up dates 2022 2023 2024 Future	
	Mad Dog 2 St. Malo Injection Anchor Whale Ballymore	

\*Upstream emission intensity scope 1 and 2 in kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/BOE.



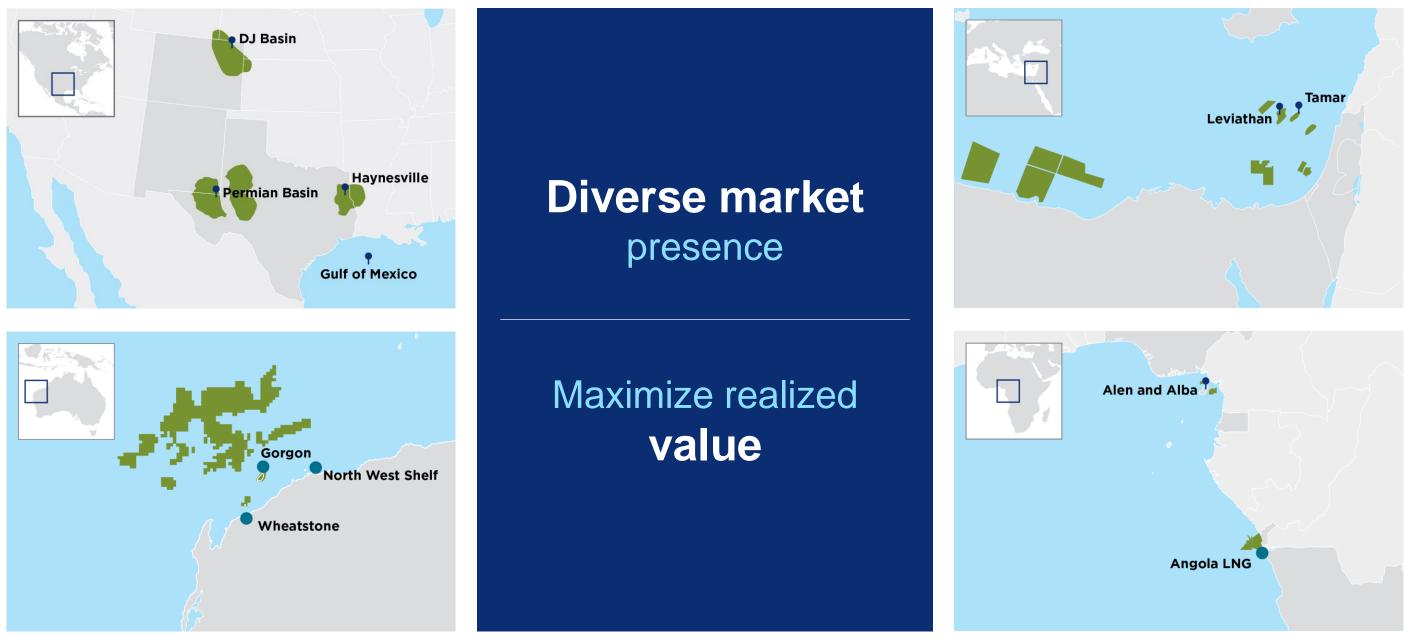
#### Mediterranean

#### g regional exports

#### g coal-fired generation



# **Optimizing our global natural gas portfolio**







# **Delivering results across global value chains**

#### Capabilities

Global trading and marketing

Shipping, Pipeline, and Power expertise



#### Assets

Integrated traditional & new energy business

Global presence







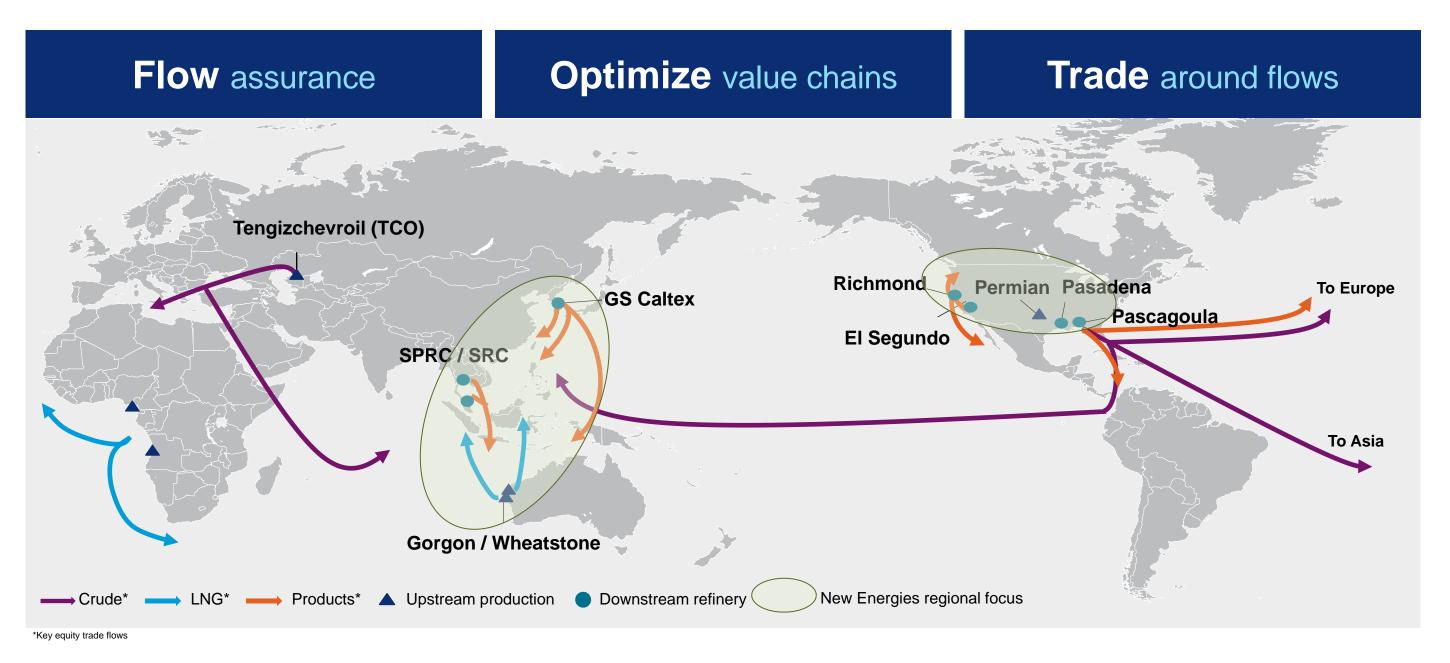


#### **Customers**

#### Long-term, global customer base

#### Responsive to customers' lower carbon needs

# Executing our supply & trading strategy to maximize returns









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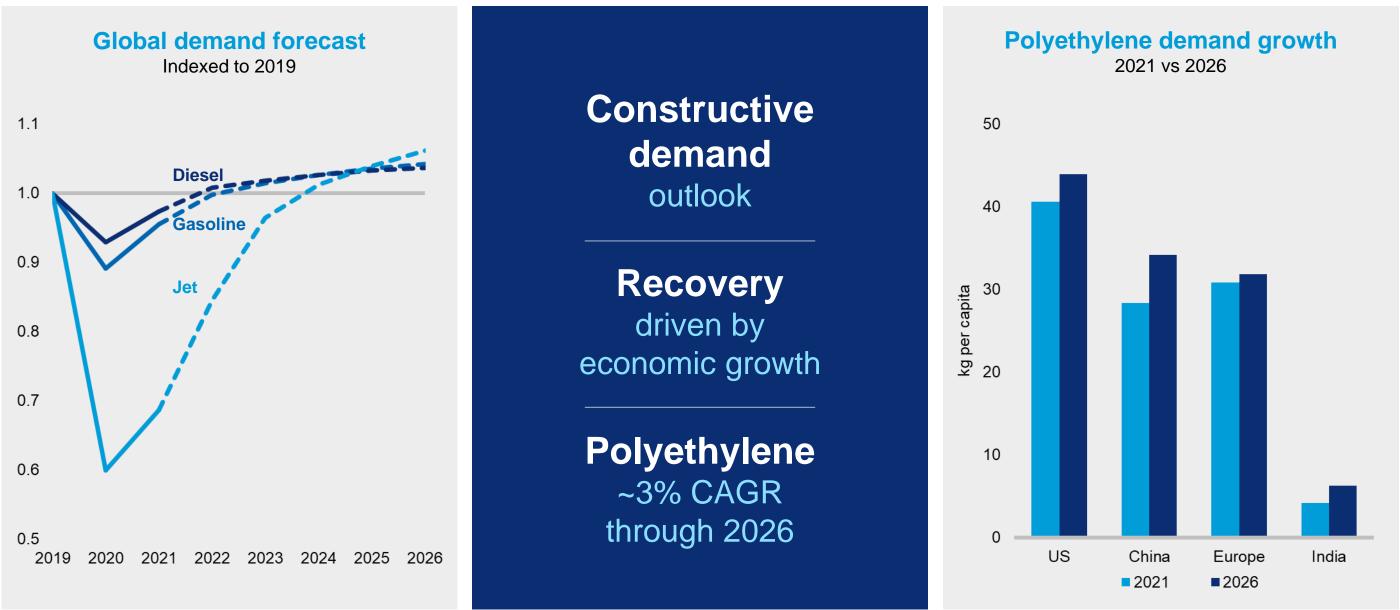
# **Downstream & Chemicals**

Mark Nelson Executive Vice President, Downstream & Chemicals

**Bruce Chinn** Chief Executive Officer, Chevron Phillips Chemical Company



## Strong demand outlook for our products

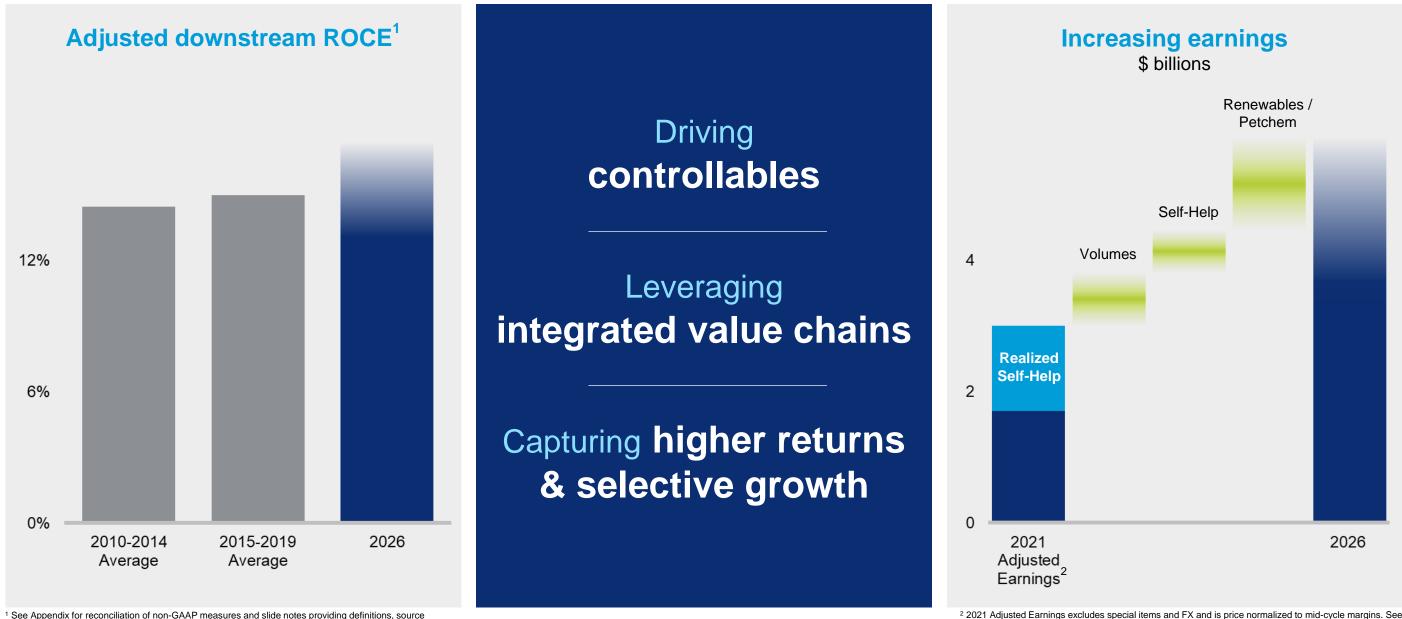


Source: Wood Mackenzie; demand outlook as of December 2021



Source: Wood Mackenzie; polyethylene demand as of October 2021

# Improving downstream & chemicals performance



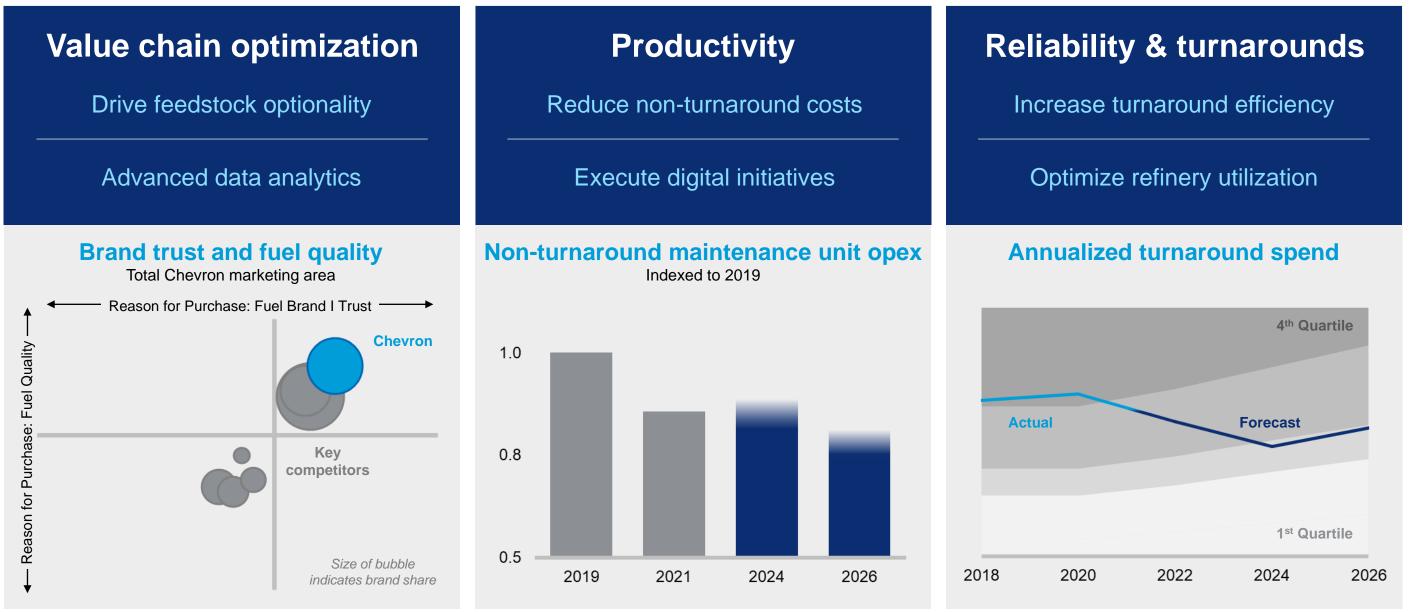
<sup>1</sup> See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information, calculations, and other information.





Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures and slide notes providing definitions, source information. calculations, and other information.

# **Driving self-help**



Source: The NPD Group, Inc. / Motor Fuels Index, January - December 2021.



Source: Solomon Associates data (2018-20) with Chevron data and analysis (2022-26)

# **Accelerating actions on renewable fuels targets**

Renewable natural gas	Renewable fuels	Ren base oil a
>40,000 MMBTU/D by 2030	100,000 B/D by 2030	100,000
~45% farms online	Announced REG acquisition	NEXBASE <sup>™</sup> a
~75 CNG sites online or in progress	Bunge JV launched	Havoline E
<image/>	<image/>	





### newable & lubricants

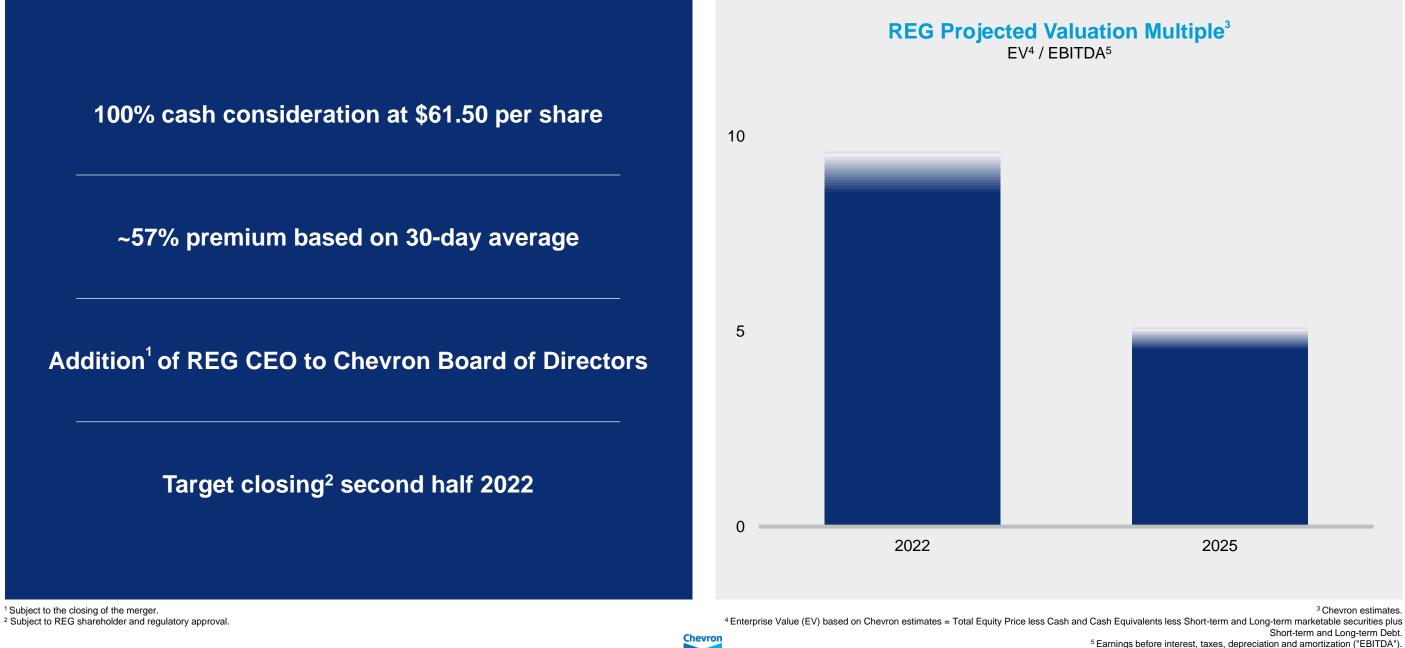
#### **TPA by 2030**

acquisition closed

EV<sup>™</sup> product line

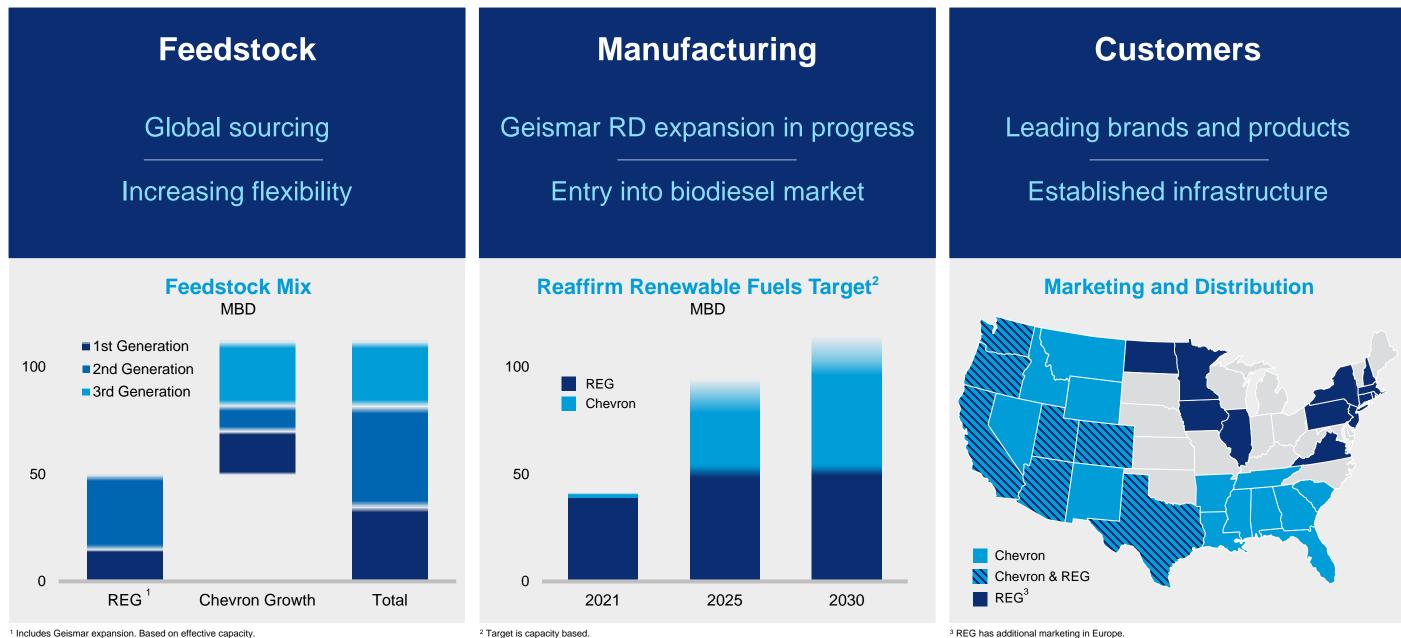


# **Key REG transaction terms**





# **Strengthening the value chain**



<sup>1</sup> Includes Geismar expansion. Based on effective capacity.

1<sup>st</sup> Generation = readily available commodity crops that can yield fuel (ex: corn, sugarcane, soybean)

2<sup>nd</sup> Generation = byproducts and purpose grown energy crops (ex: used cooking oil, ag wastes, switchgrass)

3<sup>rd</sup> Generation = algae and other emerging feedstock products

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<sup>3</sup> REG has additional marketing in Europe.

## **REG positions us to advance our objectives**



\$500 - \$600MM EBITDA<sup>3,4</sup> in 2025

>50 MBD renewable fuel capacity in 2025

<sup>1</sup> Projected to be accretive in 2023.

<sup>2</sup> Projected to be accretive after Geismar expansion start-up.

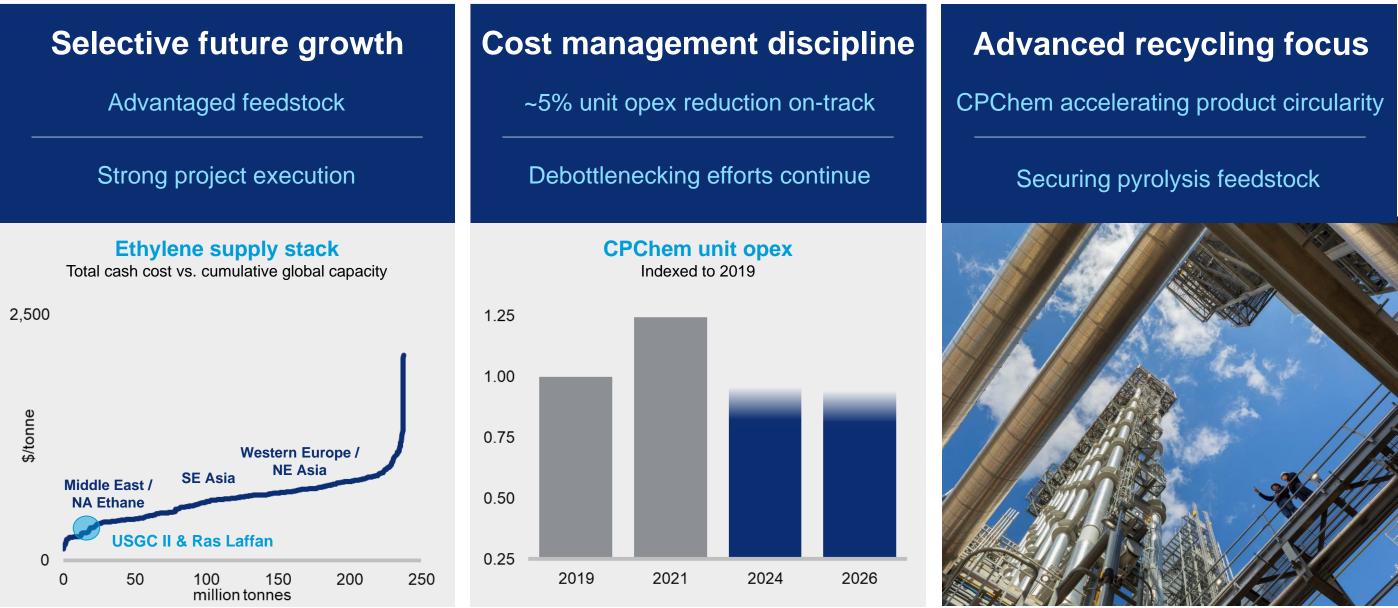
<sup>3</sup> Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). <sup>4</sup> Chevron estimate





<sup>5</sup> Canola/soy baseline per CARB LCFS.

# **Attractive petrochemical business**



Source: Copyright 2022, used with written permission by IHS Markit; data as of Q3 2021.





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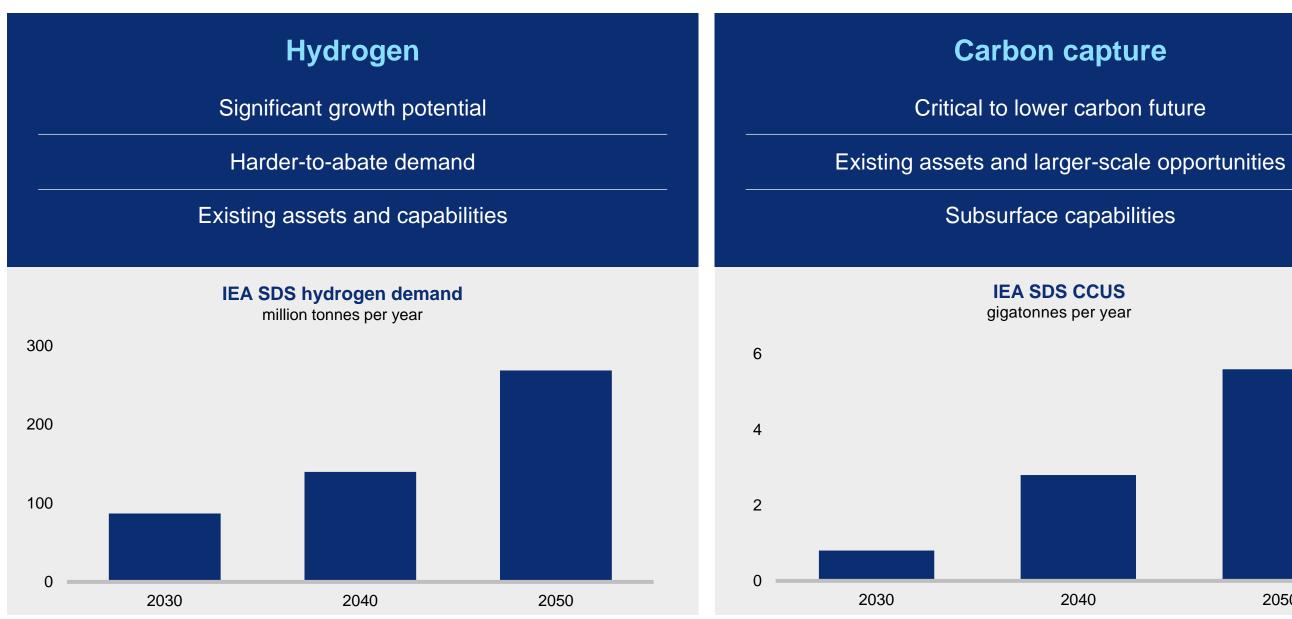
# **Chevron New Energies**

**Jeff Gustavson** President, Chevron New Energies

**Eimear Bonner** Vice President, Chief Technology Officer

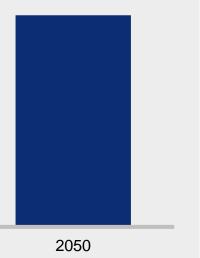


# Attractive sectors, strong strategic fit

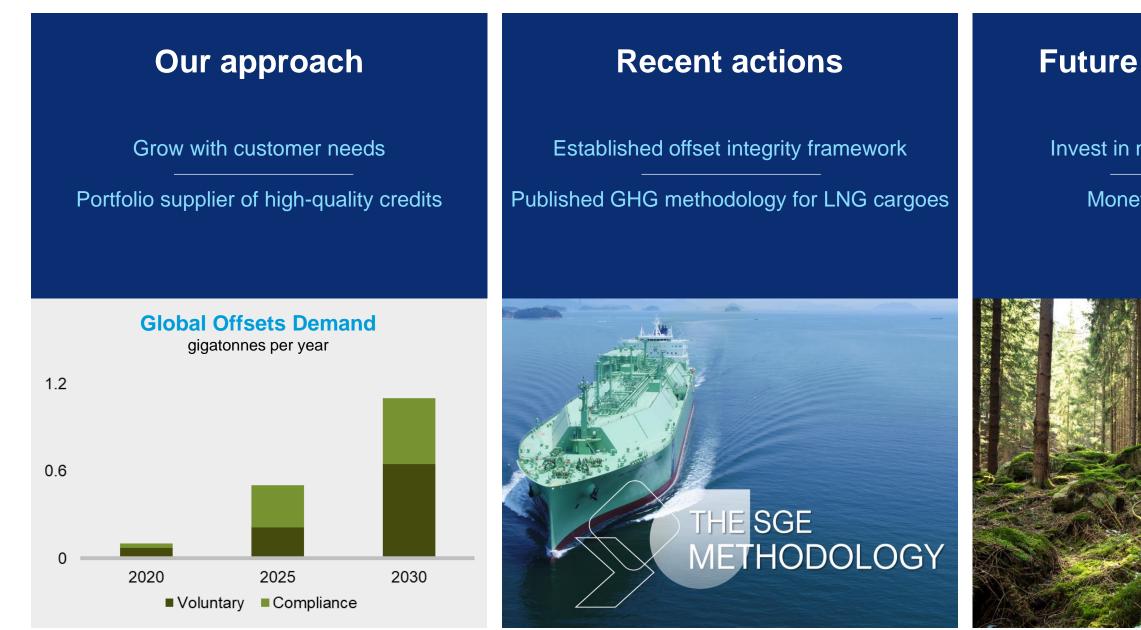


Source: IEA (2020), Energy Technology Perspectives 2020, IEA, Paris https://www.iea.org/reports/energy-technology-perspectives-2020

Source: IEA (2020), CCUS in Clean Energy Transitions, IEA, Paris https://www.iea.org/reports/ccus-in-clean-energy-transitions



# **Generating value through offsets**



Source: BCG; Base case analysis on known and projected climate commitments.

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### **Future developments**

### Invest in nature-based solutions

### Monetize excess credits



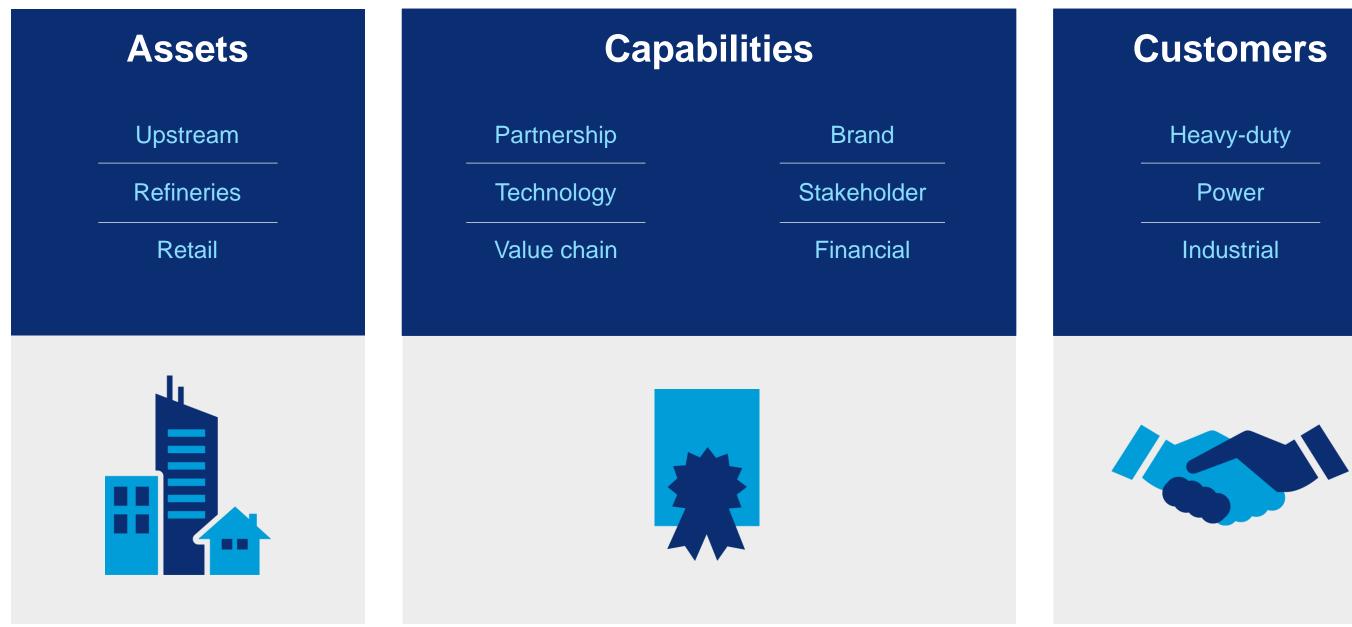
# Advancing technology for lower carbon businesses







# **Platform for growth**





# **Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures** appendix





### **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Adjusted ROCE CFFO per share excl. working capital**

\$ millions	2021	\$ millions
Total reported earnings	15,625	Reported CFFO
Special items <sup>1</sup>	(289)	Change in working capital
FX	306	Change in working capital
Total adjusted earnings	15,608	CFFO excluding working capital
Interest expense (A/T)	662	Adjustments for price and margins:
Non-controlling interest	64	Price normalization <sup>2</sup>
Total adjusted ROCE earnings	16,334	
Adjustments for price and margins:		Mid-cycle Downstream & Chemicals margins
Price normalization <sup>2</sup>	(6,209)	Normalized CFFO excluding working capital
Mid-cycle Downstream & Chemicals margins	160	
Total normalized adjusted ROCE earnings	10,285	Shares outstanding at year end 2021
		Chares outstanding at year tha 2021
Average capital employed <sup>3</sup>	174,175	
Normalized adjusted ROCE	5.9%	Normalized CFFO per share excluding working capital

<sup>1</sup> Includes asset dispositions, asset impairments, pension settlement costs, tax items, and other special items. See 2021 4Q earnings press release.

<sup>2</sup> Normalization to \$60 Brent, \$3 Henry Hub, \$7 international LNG.

<sup>3</sup> Capital employed is the sum of Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, total debt and noncontrolling interests. Average capital employed is computed by averaging the sum of capital employed at the beginning and the end of the year.





2021
29,187
(1,361)
30,548
(7,299)
160
23,409
1,916
12.2

## **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Reported earnings to adjusted earnings**

	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21	FY21	1Q22	FY22
Reported earnings (\$ millions)							
Upstream	2,350	3,178	5,135	5,155	15,818	6,934	6,934
Downstream	5	839	1,310	760	2,914	331	331
All Other	(978)	(935)	(334)	(860)	(3,107)	(1,006)	(1,006)
Total reported earnings	1,377	3,082	6,111	5,055	15,625	6,259	6,259
Diluted weighted avg. shares outstanding ('000)	1,915,889	1,921,958	1,921,095	1,922,082	1,920,275	1,944,542	1,944,542
Reported earnings per share	\$0.72	\$1.60	\$3.19	\$2.63	\$8.14	\$3.22	\$3.22
Special items (\$ millions)							
UPSTREAM							
Asset dispositions	-	-	200	520	720	-	-
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	-	(120)	-	-	(120)	-	-
Subtotal	-	(120)	200	520	600	-	-
DOWNSTREAM							
Asset dispositions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	(110)	-	-	-	(110)	-	-
Subtotal	(110)	-	-	-	(110)	-	-
ALL OTHER							
Pension Settlement & Curtailment Costs	(241)	(115)	(81)	(82)	(519)	(66)	(66)
Impairments and other*	-	-	-	(260)	(260)	-	-
Subtotal	(241)	(115)	(81)	(342)	(779)	(66)	(66)
Total special items	(351)	(235)	119	178	(289)	(66)	(66)
Foreign exchange (\$ millions)							
Upstream	(52)	78	285	(9)	302	(144)	(144)
Downstream	59	1	123	2	185	23	23
All other	(9)	(36)	(103)	(33)	(181)	(97)	(97)
Total FX	(2)	43	305	(40)	306	(218)	(218)
Adjusted earnings (\$ millions)							
Upstream	2,402	3,220	4,650	4,644	14,916	7,078	7,078
Downstream	56	838	1,187	758	2,839	308	308
All Other	(728)	(784)	(150)	(485)	(2,147)	(843)	(843)
Total adjusted earnings (\$ millions)	1,730	3,274	5,687	4,917	15,608	6,543	6,543
Adjusted earnings per share	\$0.90	\$1.71	\$2.96	\$2.56	\$8.13	\$3.36	\$3.36

\*Includes asset impairments, write-offs, tax items, and other special items. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.





### **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Cash flow from operations excluding working capital Free cash flow** Free cash flow excluding working capital Net debt ratio

\$ millions	1Q22	\$ millions
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	8,055	Short term debt
Net Decrease (Increase) in Operating Working Capital	(937)	Long term debt*
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	8,992	Total debt
		Less: Cash and cash equivalents
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,055	Less: Marketable securities
Less: cash capital expenditures	1,960	Total adjusted debt
Free Cash Flow	6,095	Total Chevron Corporation Stockholder's Equity
		Total adjusted debt plus total Chevron Stockholder's Equity
Net Decrease (Increase) in Operating Working Capital	(937)	Net debt ratio
Free Cash Flow Excluding Working Capital	7,032	* Includes capital lease obligations / finance lease liabilities.

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.





 1Q22
 314
 29,019
29,333
11,671
 33
17,629
146,219
163,848
10.8%

### **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures** ROCE **Adjusted ROCE**

\$ millions	1Q22	\$ millions
Total reported earnings	6,259	Adjusted earnings
Non-controlling interest	18	Non-controlling interest
Interest expense (A/T)	126	Interest expense (A/T)
ROCE earnings	6,403	Adjusted ROCE earnings
Annualized ROCE earnings	25,612	Annualized adjusted ROCE earnings
Average capital employed*	173,871	Average capital employed*
ROCE	14.7%	Adjusted ROCE

\*Capital employed is the sum of Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, total debt and noncontrolling interests. Average capital employed is computed by averaging the sum of capital employed at the beginning and the end of the period. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.





1Q22	
6,543	
18	
126	
6,687	
26,748	
173,871	
15.4%	

### **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Downstream adjusted earnings Downstream adjusted ROCE**

### TOTAL DOWNSTREAM

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010-14 Average	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015-19 Average
Total reported earnings (\$MM)	2,478	3,591	4,299	2,237	4,336	3,388	7,601	3,435	5,214	3,798	2,481	4,506
Adjustment Items (\$MM):												
Asset Dispositions	400	500	400		960	452	1,710	490	675	350		645
Other Special Items <sup>1</sup>	(150)				(160)	(62)		(110)	1,160			210
FX	(135)	(65)	(173)	(76)	(112)	(112)	47	(25)	(90)	71	17	4
Total Adjustment Items	115	435	227	(76)	688	278	1,757	355	1,745	421	17	859
Total adjusted earnings (\$MM) <sup>2</sup>	2,363	3,156	4,072	2,313	3,648	3,110	5,844	3,080	3,469	3,377	2,464	3,647
Average capital employed (\$MM)	21,816	21,682	19,685	21,233	23,167	21,516	23,734	23,430	23,928	25,028	25,607	24,345
Adjusted ROCE <sup>1,2,3</sup>	11%	15%	21%	11%	16%	14%	25%	13%	14%	13%	10%	15%

<sup>1</sup> Includes asset impairments, write-offs, tax items, and any other special items.

<sup>2</sup> Total adjusted earnings = total reported earnings less total adjustments for asset dispositions, other special items, and FX.

<sup>3</sup> Adjusted return on capital employed (ROCE) = total adjusted earnings divided by average capital employed.





### **Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Downstream normalized adjusted earnings**

TOTAL DOWNSTREAM	2021
Total reported earnings (\$MM)	2,914
Special items*	(110)
FX	185
Total special items and FX	75
Total adjusted earnings (\$MM)	2,839
Mid-cycle Downstream & Chemicals margins	160
Total normalized adjusted earnings (\$MM)	2,999

\* Includes U.S. Downstream legal reserves. See 2021 4Q earnings press release for additional detail.





# **Corporate appendix**



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# **Appendix: slide notes**

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the 2022 Chevron Investor Day Transcript posted on chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."

### Slide 5 – Winning combination

Quartiles are based on field-level intensity data from IEA, World Energy Outlook 2018.

### Slide 6 – More capital and cost efficient

- Annual C&E expenditures Historical figures from 2010 through 2019 represent total reported capital and exploratory expenditures. The 2022-26 C&E guidance reflects the company's organic capital budget announced in December 2021.
- **Unit opex –** Defined as the ratio of total operating expense and annual volumes.
  - Total operating expense is the sum of "operating expenses," "selling, general and administrative expenses" and "other components of net periodic benefit costs" line items from Chevron's income statement.
  - Annual volumes are defined as the sum of "Total Consolidated Companies" oil equivalent production and "Total Refined Product Sales" for U.S. and International Downstream, excluding sales of affiliates. Refer to the Net Production of Liquids and Natural Gas table and Selected Operating Data table of Chevron's Form 10-K.
  - In 2021, Chevron's unit opex was ~14.5 \$/BOE.
  - Data points across 2010-2019 are exclusive of the Noble acquisition.

### Slide 7 – Raising ROCE target

- \$60/bbl Brent is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- Adjusted ROCE 2021 earnings are normalized to \$60 Brent, \$3 Henry Hub, \$7 international LNG and mid-cycle Downstream & Chemicals margins.
- **CFFO per share excluding working capital –** 2021 cash flow from operations is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$3 Henry Hub, \$7 international LNG and mid-cycle Downstream & Chemicals margins.
- \$160 million mid-cycle margin normalization in 2021 is based on 10-15% lower than average 2013-2019 refining margins, assumed 2026 chemical margins and assumed 2026 shipping rates.
- See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.

### Slide 9 – Consistent financial priorities

- Capital efficiency Evaluated as the ratio of total reported capital and exploratory expenditures and annual cash flow from operations.
- **Net debt ratio** Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities divided by debt less cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities plus stockholders' equity. All figures are based on published Chevron financial reports. Refer to Chevron's 2021 Form 10-K for reconciliation.

### Slide 10 – Downside resilience and upside leverage

- \$50/bbl Brent nominal and \$75/bbl Brent nominal are for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- Potential to buyback ~20% of shares outstanding is based on the 30-day CVX average market • capitalization as of May 20, 2022.



# **Upstream & Midstream appendix**





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# **Appendix: slide notes**

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### Slide 13 – Continuing to advance our Upstream business

- Upstream Cash after C&E Defined as the sum of earnings A/T, DD&A, asset sale (gain)/loss and exploration expense, less total C&E, per BOE.
  - Earnings A/T is total Upstream earnings including affiliates as represented in Chevron's Form 10-K.
  - DD&A is the sum of depreciation expenses [Note 16 Property Plant and Equipment] and Affiliate Companies depreciation & depletion and accretion expense [Table III Results of Oil & Gas Producing Activities] as represented in Chevron's Form 10-K.
  - Asset Sale (Gain)/Loss reflect reported special items in previous investor materials.
  - Exploration expense is the sum of exploration expenses [Consolidated Statement of Income] and Affiliate Companies exploration expense [Table III Results of Oil & Gas Producing Activities] as represented in Chevron's Form 10-K.
  - Total C&E is Upstream total capital and exploratory expenditures including affiliates as represented in Chevron's Form 10-K.
  - Barrel of Oil Equivalent (BOE) is annualized from total Upstream production per day as represented in Chevron's Form 10-K.



# **Downstream & Chemicals appendix**





# **Appendix: slide notes**

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### Slide 26 – Strong demand outlook for our products

- Global demand forecast Source: Wood Mackenzie.
- Polyethylene demand growth Source: Wood Mackenzie.
- ~3% CAGR through 2026 is for global polyethylene demand. ٠

### Slide 27 – Improving downstream & chemicals performance

- ROCE Return on capital employed
- \$160 million mid-cycle margin normalization in 2021 is based on 10-15% lower than average 2013-• 2019 refining margins, assumed 2026 chemical margins, and assumed 2026 shipping rates.
- See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures. ٠

### Slide 28 – Driving self-help

- Brand trust and fuel quality Source: The NPD Group, Inc. / Motor Fuels Index, January -December 2021.
- Non-turnaround maintenance unit opex Unit opex is for U.S. operated refineries; excludes fuel & utilities, materials & supplies, labor, and other opex.
- Annualized turnaround spend Annualized spend is the total cost of a turnaround divided by the interval (number of years) between turnaround events for Solomon units at U.S. operated refineries. Source: Solomon Associates for 2018-2020 data with Chevron data and analysis for 2022-2026.

### Slide 29 – Accelerating actions on renewable fuels targets

- **MMBTU/D** Million British thermal units per day
- **CNG** Compressed natural gas ٠
- **B/D** Barrels per day
- **SAF** Sustainable aviation fuel
- **TPA** Tonnes per annum ٠
- 60 of the 75 CNG stations are held through Chevron's equity interest in American Natural Gas LLC • (now Beyond6, LLC).

### Slide 30 – Attractive petrochemical business

- Ethylene supply stack Source: IHS Markit.
- CPChem unit opex 2024 and 2026 opex includes forecasted 2021-2026 average turnaround expenses in each year.

